



FILED

03-18-13

03:57 PM

KK2/jv1 3/18/2013

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Application of Southern California Edison Company (U338E) for Approval of its 2012-2014 California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) and Energy Savings Assistance Programs and Budgets.

Application 11-05-017
(Filed May 16, 2011)

And Related Matters.

Application 11-05-018
Application 11-05-019
Application 11-05-020

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE'S RULING SEEKING COMMENTS ON THE
MID-CYCLE WORKING GROUP'S PROGRESS REPORT**

This ruling solicits parties' comments on the attached Mid-Cycle Working Group's Progress Report¹ (Progress Report).

IT IS RULED that:

1. Parties wishing to file comments to the Mid-Cycle Working Group's Progress Report shall do so by April 10, 2013.
2. Reply comments shall be filed by April 17, 2013.

¹ The Progress Report was filed and served on the service list of this proceeding on February 15, 2013, by San Diego Gas & Electric Company, on behalf of the Mid-Cycle Working Group, pursuant to Ordering Paragraph 6 of Decision 12-08-044.

3. Comments shall not exceed 10 pages and reply comments shall not exceed 5 pages.

Dated March 18, 2013, at San Francisco, California.

 /s/ KIMBERLY H. KIM
Kimberly H. Kim
Administrative Law Judge

ATTCHMENT A

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

Application of Southern California Edison Company (U338E) for Approval of its 2012-2014 California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) and Energy Savings Assistance Programs and Budgets	A. 11-05-017 (Filed May 6, 2011)
Application of Southern California Gas Company (U 904 G) for Approval of Low-Income Assistance Programs and Budgets for Program Years 2012-2014	A. 11-05-018 Filed May 16, 2011
Application of Pacific Gas and Electric Company for Approval of the 2012-2014 Energy Savings Assistance and California Alternate Rates for Energy Programs and Budgets (U 39 M)	A. 11-05-019 Filed May 16, 2011
Application of San Diego Gas & Electric Company (U 902 M) for Approval of Low-Income Assistance Programs and Budgets for Program Years 2012-2014	A. 11-05-020 Filed May 16, 2011

**SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY'S (U902M)
MID-CYCLE WORKING GROUP PROGRESS REPORT**

KIM F. HASSAN

Attorney for:

SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

555 West Fifth Street, GT14E7

Los Angeles California 90013

Telephone: (213) 244-3061

Facsimile: (213) 629-9620

Email: khassan@semprautilities.com

February 15, 2013

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

Application of Southern California Edison Company (U338E) for Approval of its 2012-2014 California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) and Energy Savings Assistance Programs and Budgets	A. 11-05-017 (Filed May 6, 2011)
Application of Southern California Gas Company (U 904 G) for Approval of Low-Income Assistance Programs and Budgets for Program Years 2012-2014	B. 11-05-018 Filed May 16, 2011
Application of Pacific Gas and Electric Company for Approval of the 2012-2014 Energy Savings Assistance and California Alternate Rates for Energy Programs and Budgets (U 39 M)	B. 11-05-019 Filed May 16, 2011
Application of San Diego Gas & Electric Company (U 902 M) for Approval of Low-Income Assistance Programs and Budgets for Program Years 2012-2014	B. 11-05-020 Filed May 16, 2011

**SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY'S (U902M)
MID-CYCLE WORKING GROUP PROGRESS REPORT**

I. INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to Ordering Paragraph 6 of Decision (D.) 12-08-044 (Decision), directs the Mid Cycle Working Group to submit the following to the Assigned Commissioner: 1) progress reports of Findings and Recommendations, if any; and, 2) if no agreed upon recommendations(s) is/are reached by then, the working group shall submit a progress report nonetheless of its activities since inception and a detailed description of its efforts in each of

A.11-05-017
Energy Savings Assistance Program
Mid-Cycle Working Group Progress Report

February 15, 2013

Table of Contents

Section

1. Background
2. Summary of Working Group Activity
3. Status of Working Group Efforts
4. Remaining Working Group Charges

Appendices

- A. Working Group Participant List
- B. Redlined Statewide Energy Savings Assistance Program Policy and Procedures
Manual

Section 1

Background

The Energy Savings Assistance Program Mid-Cycle Working Group is one of three working groups ordered in Decision (D.) 12-08-044¹. Subsequent Rulings of Administrative Law Judge Kimberly Kim initiated and established each of the Working Groups². D.12-08-044, ordering paragraph 5.c.1.iii outlines the charge for the Mid-Cycle Working Group as follows;

“The charge for the Mid-Cycle Working Group will be to review: (a) Weatherization and Installation (WIS) Manual³ Updates; (b) Statewide Energy Savings Assistance Program Policy and Procedures Manual Updates; (c) Streamlining of the Utilities’ Reporting Requirements; (d) The Utilities’ Best Practices; (e) General Mid-cycle Program and Process Improvements; and (f) Potential 2015-2017 Application and Cycle Issues, including whether the next cycle applications could benefit from bifurcation of California Alternate Rates for Energy Program issues from Energy Savings Assistance Program issues”

This report provides the progress of the Mid-Cycle Working Group as ordered in ordering paragraph 6 of Decision (D.)12-08-044⁴.

¹D.12-08-044, ordering paragraph 4 directed the Energy Division to form the Mid-Cycle Working Group, Cost-effectiveness Working Group and the Workforce, Education and Training Working Group to review components of the Commission’s Low Income Programs.

² Administrative Law Judge Ruling, issued September 28, 2012 initiated the establishment of the Working Groups. Administrative Law Judge Ruling, issued October 26, 2012 established the Working Groups.

³ The name of the Weatherization Installation Standards Manual was formally changed to the California Installation Standards Manual as of July 1, 2012.

⁴ D.12-08-044, ordering paragraph 6 directed the Mid-Cycle Working Group to submit to the assigned Administrative Law Judge their Progress Report of its activities since inception and a detailed of the status of efforts in each of the subject areas it is charged to review with justification showing good cause for any additional and estimated time it may require.

Section 2

Summary of Working Group Activity

The Mid Cycle Working Group met a total of seven times between November 8, 2012 and February 5, 2012⁵. Five meetings were held via conference call. The remaining two meetings were held, in person, at Pacific Gas and Electric's Pacific Energy Center in San Francisco. A List of Mid-Cycle Working Group Participants is provided in Appendix A.

During the initial meeting, the participants agreed on the order in which the assigned working group tasks would be addressed. Tasks 1 and 2, California Installation Standards Manual (Installation Standards Manual) and Statewide Energy Savings Assistance Program Policy and Procedures Manual (Policy and Procedures Manual) updates, were considered high priority activities by Working Group participants. Consequently, the group agreed to review and propose revisions to both manuals prior to addressing the remaining Working Group tasks. The Working Group also agreed to extend an invitation to representatives from Richard Heath and Associates (RHA) to participate in meetings and respond to technical questions regarding the manuals due to their involvement and history with the ESA Program and role in the development of and updates to the Policy and Procedures and Installation Standards Manuals.

⁵ Mid Cycle Working Group Meeting dates (1) November 8, 2012, (2) December 4, 2012, (3) December 13, 2012, (4) December 19, 2012 (5) January 16, 2013, (6) January 31, 2013 (7) February 5, 2013

Section 3

Status of Working Group Efforts

The Mid-Cycle Working Group has focused its activities to date on reviewing and proposing revisions to the current Policy and Procedures Manual. In general, revisions were proposed to the current version of the Policy and Procedures Manual to update the program name from its former name, Low Income Energy Efficiency (LIEE), to Energy Savings Assistance Program (ESAP). Revisions were also proposed to align the manual with directives outlined in D.12-08-044. Further revisions were proposed by the Working Group in an effort to provide clarity in sections where there was perceived ambiguity. The draft of proposed updates to the Policy and Procedures Manual are reflected in red line in Appendix B-1. A summary of draft proposed changes is provided in Appendix B-2. The Working Group reached consensus on the recommendations in the proposed updates to the Manual.

RHA is the administrator of the Installation Standards Manual and has utilized recent Mid-Cycle Working Group meetings to obtain feedback and consult with Working Group members regarding the updates required to align the Installation Standards Manual with D.12-08-044 directives and the proposed revisions to the Policy and Procedures Manual.

RHA is in the initial phase of updating the Installation Standards Manual and anticipates this effort will take approximately 4 weeks to complete. Once the proposed revisions to both manuals are finalized, the Working Group plans to host a public workshop to review both manuals and solicit public input. The Working Groups is currently considering dates in mid-April to hold the public workshop.

Section 4

Remaining Working Group Charges

Decision 12-08-044, in Ordering Paragraph 5.c.1.iii., lists the charge of the Mid-Cycle Working Group. As noted above, the Working Group has devoted its time primarily to the review of the Policy and Procedures and Installation Standards Manuals. However, the Working Group has identified for discussion, review and potential resolution several items related to OP 5 (e) and (f) including from D.12-08-044 :

A: (e) General Mid-cycle Program and Process Improvements.

The Working Group identifies the following additional potential program and process improvements for discussion:

1. Supporting MF properties with energy usage data uploads to benchmarking software such as the Environmental Protection Agency's Portfolio Manager tool.

Background: DRA, TURN, and CHPC put this item on the Working Group's agenda. They are interested in utilizing currently available free tools to better inform multi-family property owners and low income occupants of multi-family dwellings of their energy usage. DRA, TURN and CHPC believe this program and process improvement is aligned with but does not duplicate the Commission's strategies regarding multifamily properties in D.12-08-044. Additionally, while energy usage data privacy issues are part of Commission proceedings, these data usage privacy issues pertain to Smart Meter data. Portfolio Manager utilizes monthly usage data from the utilities but does not rely upon Smart Meter data.

2. Exploring how electronic records and transfer of income and salaries may require new verification policies and practices for ESAP.

Background: This issue was raised at one of the ESAP Mid-Cycle Working Group meetings when we were reviewing changes to the ESAP Policy and Procedures Manual. Currently ESAP contractors must document all sources of customer income, and nowadays not all income has a paper by which it can be verified. Documentation is one of the items required by auditors. Some income and salaries are electronically deposited into an account. ESAP may need to reflect this new procedure to accommodate this situation. It was also raised that CARE verification and ESAP verification should follow the same processes.

3. Examining changes to the Contractor State Licensing Board requirements for Home Improvement Salesperson Certification..

Background: A suggestion was made during one of the Mid-Cycle Working Group meetings to revisit CSLB/HISC existing certification requirements in an effort to minimize existing barriers currently encountered such as contractor hiring delays.

B: (f) Potential 2015-2017 Application and Cycle Issues the Working group identifies the following potential 2015-2017 application and cycle issues for discussion:

1. Preparing for 2015 applications
2. Potential new measures and pilots to be tested in 2014 in order to include in 2015 applications
 - a. Background: PG&E raised this item at an ESAP Mid-Cycle Working Group meeting. As ESAP applications are currently scheduled for filing July 1, 2014, the timing of introducing and evaluating new measures should be addressed. Particularly, some new measures are already under consideration via other Commission direction. For example, the Commission requires the utilities to discuss potential new HVAC measures in a February 23, 2013 filing/letter. The Working Group may utilize this information in its discussion of new measures.

3. CARE/Bifurcation

- a. Background: The Commission included this as an item in this charge of the Working Group. The Working Group will explore potential benefits and drawbacks of filing the next applications for CARE and ESAP in separate proceedings.

The above list of items for discussion and review is not exhaustive and is subject to modification by the Mid-Cycle Working Group.

Appendix A

Mid Cycle Working Group Participant List

• John Fasana, Roberto Del Real, Davi Ibarra, Heather Rosa - Southern California Edison Company
• Frances Thompson, Mary O'Drain - Pacific Gas and Electric Company
• Sandra Williams, Yvette Vazquez, Kathy Wickware, Aida Velazquez - San Diego Gas & Electric Company
• Southern California Gas Company - Mark Aguirre, Carmen Rudshagen, Andrew Steinberg, Craig Allen
• Richard Villasenor - The East Los Angeles Community Union
• Jose Landeros - Proteus
• Allan Rago - Energy Efficiency Council
• Camille Watts-Zagha - Division of Ratepayer Advocates
• Cynthia Mitchell - The Utility Reform Network
• Ann Gressani ⁶ - California Housing Partnership Corporation (CHPC)
• Syreeta Gibbs - California Public Utilities Energy Division

⁶ Ann Gressani replaced Megan Kirkeby as a Mid Cycle Working Group Participant on January 11, 2013 at CHPC's request.

APPENDIX B-1

~~A.08-05-022 et al. DGX/KK2/HI~~



FILED
08-31-10
02:32 PM

APPENDIX B-1

ATTACHMENT 1

Master - DRAFT 3

Formatted: Highlight

**Statewide ~~Energy Savings Assistance Low Income~~
~~Energy Efficiency~~ Program
Policy and Procedures
Manual**

Applicable to:
Pacific Gas & Electric Company
Southern California Edison Company
Southern California Gas Company
San Diego Gas & Electric Company

California Statewide ~~ESALIEE~~ Program Policy and Procedures Manual

~~February xx, 2013~~ August 2010,

The format for the Table of Contents and Tables will be revised at a later date.

Formatted: Highlight

Formatted: Highlight

1 INTRODUCTION	7
1.1 OVERVIEW	7
1.2 STRUCTURE OF THIS MANUAL	8
2 CUSTOMER AND STRUCTURAL ELIGIBILITY	9
2.1 OVERVIEW	9
2.2 CUSTOMER ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS	10
Income Guidelines	10
Types of Income Included in Household Income	12
Verification of Income	13
Actual Income Documentation Required	13
Household Income Calculation Procedures	17
Determining Household Size	17
Qualifying Multifamily Complexes	17
2.3 SERVICE ELIGIBILITY	18
General Service Eligibility Conditions	18
Referrals	19
2.4 TREATMENT OF MASTER-METERED UNITS	19
2.5 STRUCTURAL ELIGIBILITY	20
2.6 HOME OWNERSHIP DOCUMENTATION	21
Overview	21
Multiple Ownership	22
Life Estate/Living Trust	22
Power of Attorney (POA)	22
Property Management Companies	22
2.7 TREATMENT OF RENTAL UNITS	22
Property Owner Approval	22
Eligibility of Rental Units for Certain Measures	23
2.8 PREVIOUS PROGRAM PARTICIPATION	23
2.9 NEED FOR LIEE SERVICES	24
3 CUSTOMER OUTREACH AND CUSTOMER RELATIONS	25
3.1 INTRODUCTION	25
3.2 CUSTOMER OUTREACH	25
Promotional Guidelines	25
Representations by Contractor and Contractor's Employees	25
Outreach Interaction	25
Targeted Outreach	25
3.3 CUSTOMER RELATIONS	26
Introduction	26
Expedient Service	26
Other Work	26
Staff Identification	26
Crew Appearance	27
Customers 18 Years or Older	27
(February xx, 2013 August, 2010,)	3

Customer Complaint Procedures.....27
 Substance Abuse and Smoking Policy27
 Incident Report.....27

4 PROCEDURES FOR PRE-INSTALLATION CONTACTS.....28

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~HEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

4.1 INTRODUCTION28
 4.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAM SERVICES.....28
 4.3 DATA COLLECTION.....29
 4.4 IN-HOME ENERGY EDUCATION.....29
 4.5 IN-HOME ENERGY ASSESSMENT/~~AUDIT~~.....30
 4.6 INSTALLATION OF COMPACT FLUORESCENT LIGHT BULBS30

5 PROGRAM MEASURES31

5.1 INTRODUCTION31
 5.2 PROGRAM MEASURES31
 5.3 CONSIDERATION OF CHANGES TO MEASURE LIST.....31

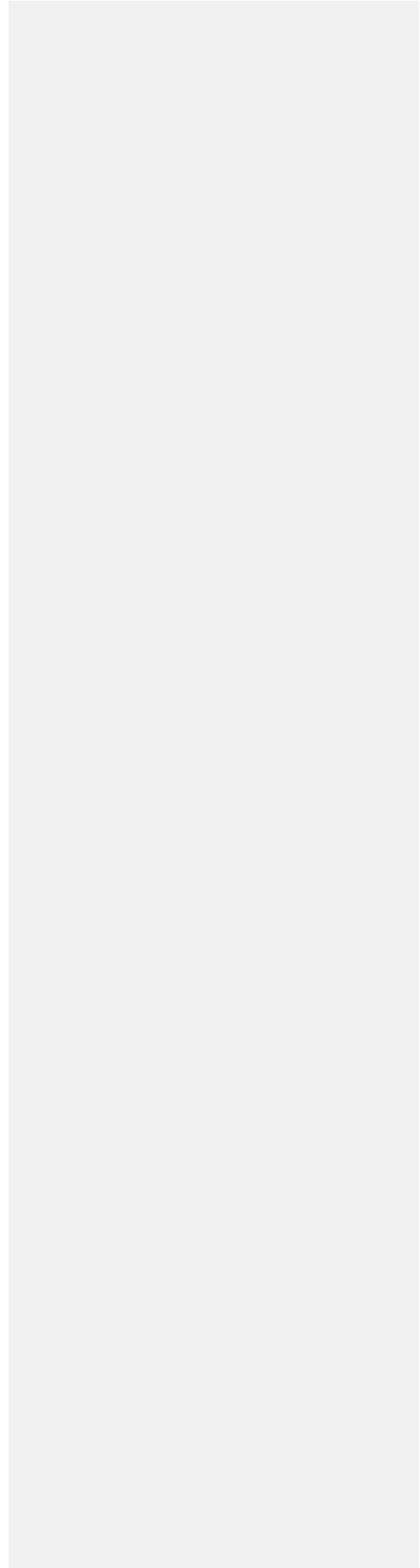
6 MINOR HOME REPAIRS36

6.1 INTRODUCTION36
 6.2 MINOR HOME REPAIRS.....36
 6.3 LIMITS ON MINOR HOME REPAIRS.....40
 6.4 PRIORITIZATION OF MINOR HOME REPAIRS41

7 MEASURE INSTALLATION POLICIES AND PROCEDURES42

7.1 INTRODUCTION42
 7.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION POLICIES.....42
 Introduction.....42
 Installation by Contractor.....42
 Installation Standards42
 Safety.....42
 Installation of Feasible Measures43
 Lead-Safe Practices.....43
 Site Clean-Up Policies43
 Weatherization of Mobile Homes43
 7.3 MEASURE-SPECIFIC POLICIES.....43
 Introduction.....43
 Caulking.....45
 Weather Stripping Doors.....45
 Attic insulation.....47
 Water Heater Blankets50
 Water Heater Pipe Insulation.....52
 Cover Plate Gaskets.....52
 Energy-Saver Showerheads.....53
 Faucet Aerators.....54
 Evaporative Cooler and Room Air Conditioner Vent Covers54
 Exterior Door Replacements.....55
 Window Replacements.....55
 Glass Replacement.....56
 Thread-Based Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs).....56
 Exterior Hard-Wired Compact Fluorescent Lamp Light Fixtures57
 Room Evaporative Cooler Installation.....57
 Furnace Repair and Replacement.....58
 Natural Gas Water Heater Repair or Replacement.....62
 Refrigerator Replacement.....63
 High Efficiency Room Air Conditioner.....64
 High Efficiency Central Air Conditioners.....64
 Duct Testing and Sealing as a Program Measure.....66
 Duct Testing and Sealing as a Means of Title 24 Compliance.....68

<i>Pool Pump Replacement</i>	69
<i>High Efficiency (HE) Clothes Washer</i>	70
<i>Energy Efficient Torchiere Lamps</i>	70



California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

LED Night Lights	71
Microwaves.....	71
Furnace Clean and Tune	72
FA U Standing Pilot Light Conversion.....	72
Thermostatic Shower Valve.....	73
Occupancy Sensors.....	73
Central Air Conditioner Service/Tune-up.....	74
Interior Hardwired CFL Fixtures.....	74
8 INSPECTION POLICIES.....	75
8.1 INTRODUCTION.....	75
8.2 INSPECTION PERSONNEL	75
8.3 PRE-INSTALLATION INSPECTION.....	75
8.4 POST-INSTALLATION INSPECTION.....	76
General Polices on Post-Installation Inspection	76
Types of Pass Rates	77
Post-Installation Inspection Frequency.....	77
Hazardous Fails	78
Failed Inspection Dispute Resolution.....	78
Failure to Install Feasible Measures.....	79
Charge for Reinspection.....	79
Inspection Waivers	79
9 CONTRACTOR ELIGIBILITY	81
9.1 INTRODUCTION.....	81
9.2 INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.....	81
9.3 LICENSING REQUIREMENTS	82
9.4 WORKFORCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING (WE&T)	82
10 NATURAL GAS APPLIANCE TESTING.....	83
10.1 INTRODUCTION	83
10.2 APPLICABILITY OF NATURAL GAS APPLIANCE TESTING.....	83
General Applicability	83
Applicability to Combustion Fuels other than IOU Natural Gas	83
10.3 NATURAL GAS APPLIANCE TESTING PROTOCOLS.....	84
General Protocols.....	84
Pre-Weatherization Evaluations of Gas Appliances.....	84
Post-Weatherization Natural Gas Appliance Testing (NGAT).....	85
Ambient CO Testing of Natural Gas Appliances	86
Disposition of Appliance Fails/Problems.....	86
10.4 TIMING OF COMBUSTION APPLIANCE TESTING.....	87
Homes with Natural Gas Appliances.....	87
Homes for which Infiltration Reduction is Simulated.....	87
10.5 ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN APPLIANCES FAIL NGAT	87
10.6 PERSONNEL PERFORMING NATURAL GAS APPLIANCE ASSESSMENTS AND TESTING.....	88
10.7 NONFEASIBILITY CRITERIA FOR NATURAL GAS APPLIANCE TESTING.....	88

Tables

Table 2-1: Income Guidelines (June 1, 20 12 ⁰⁹ Through May 31, 201 30 ³⁰)	10
Table 2-2: Items Included in Income	12
Table 2-3: Types of Income Documentation	16
Table 5-1: Eligible Measures	32
Table 6-1: General Repairs	37
Table 6-2: Repairs Required to Mitigate Catastrophic Envelope Leaks	37
Table 6-3: Repairs Required to Support Installation of Attic insulation	38
Table 6-4: Repairs Required to Support Weather-stripping and Caulking	38
Table 6-5: Repairs Required to Install Attic Ventilation.....	39
Table 6-6: Repairs Required to Install Water Heating Measures	39
Table 6-7: Repairs Required to Mitigate Non-Appliance Hazards	39
Table 6-8: Repairs Required to Mitigate Natural Gas Appliance Fails	39
Table 6-9: Caps on Minor Home Repairs	41
Table 7-1: Attic insulation Additions	48
Table 8-1: Minimum Sample Sizes for Inspections (90%/±5% precision)	77
Table 9-1: Allowable Measures when Home Needs Less than Three Measures.....	89

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This Statewide ~~Energy Savings Assistance~~~~LIEE~~ Program Policy and Procedures Manual¹ (*P&P Manual*) describes the policies and procedures followed in the ~~Energy Savings Assistance (ESA)~~~~Low Income Energy Efficiency (LIEE)~~ Programs administered by Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas), and San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) (~~collectively referred to as the utilities or investor-owned utilities (IOUs)~~). The ~~Statewide ESA Program~~~~LIEE~~ policy and procedures are adopted by the California Public Utilities Commission (~~Commission or~~ CPUC). This Manual provides policies and procedures for implementation of the ~~ESA~~~~LIEE~~ Program and is being updated pursuant to the changes in the Program in ~~Commission~~ Decision (D.) ~~12-08-044~~~~08-11-031~~. This *P&P Manual* is accompanied by ~~the ESA Program California Installation Standards Manual~~ ~~two other documents with~~ which all contractors working in ~~thisthese pP~~ programs must comply.

- ~~□ LIEE Conventional Home Installation Standards, which describes the materials and installation procedures that must be followed during the installation of measures in conventional homes; and~~
- ~~□ LIEE Mobile Home Installation Standards, which describes the materials and installation procedures that must be followed during the installation of measures in mobile homes;~~

An electronic copy of this ~~LIEE~~ Statewide P&P Manual may be obtained at the ~~CPUC Low Income Oversight Board (LIOB)~~ website at ~~www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Low+Income~~ - ~~www.liob.org~~. In situations where there are questions regarding the interpretation of a certain policy or procedure, the Utilities shall use Commission D. ~~12-08-044~~~~08-11-031~~ as the overriding authority.

The policies and procedures in this *P&P Manual* are supplemented by the general and specific terms and conditions incorporated into contracts between the utilities and their contract service providers as part of the ~~ESA~~~~LIEE~~ Program.

Updates in Program policies and procedures may be issued by the utilities during the course of the Program Year subject to approval by the CPUC. ~~ESA Program Managers have the flexibility to deviate from established procedures to respond to cases of customer hardship and unusual circumstances. The Program Managers shall document any exceptions in the customer file. The operational interpretation of policies and procedures incorporated into this~~

¹ Formerly known as the Statewide Low Income Energy Efficiency Policy and Procedures Manual.

(February xx, 2013; August, 2010.)

Formatted: Not Highlight

Formatted: Not Highlight

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, 12 pt

~~Manual and the associated Installation Standards rests with the utilities' Program Managers.~~
Changes in the means of implementing policies, procedures and standards will be discussed with contractors prior to being made.

1.2 Structure of this Manual

The remainder of this *P&P Manual* is organized as follows:

- Section 2 specifies general statewide policies and procedures relating to customer and home eligibility for the ESAL~~EE~~ Program.
- Section 3 discusses policies relating to customer outreach and customer relations.
- Section 4 describes the services that are provided under the ESAL~~EE~~ Program in the initial home visit.
- Section 5 lists the energy efficiency measures that are available to participants in the ESAL~~EE~~ Program.
- Section 6 discusses policies relating to minor home repairs, ~~and furnace repairs and replacements.~~
- Section 7 describes policies and procedures relating to the installation of energy efficiency measures and the provision of minor home repairs in participating homes.
- Section 8 summarizes general statewide inspection policies and procedures.
- Section 9 discusses contractor eligibility.
- Section 10 describes policies and procedures relating to natural gas appliance testing and furnace repairs and replacements.
- Appendix A provides a list of the cities comprising the California Energy Commission (CEC) climate zones used in the determination of attic insulation levels and Program eligibility of other measures.

2 Customer and Structural Eligibility

2.1 Overview

This section discusses the eligibility of individual households for ~~ESA~~ ~~LIEE~~ Program services. Eligibility of a household for measures offered through the Program depends on several factors, including:

- Household income;
 - Actual income documentation
 - Categorical eligibility
 - Self certification
- The utility services provided by the utility to the dwelling;
- The specific type of structure in which the household resides;
- The ability to obtain the approval of the property owner or authorized agent ~~landlord~~ in the event the household resides in rental property;
- Previous ~~ESA~~ ~~LIEE~~ Program services provided for the property in question; and
- The dwelling's need for energy efficiency measures offered through the Program.

These eligibility requirements are explained below.

2.2 Customer Eligibility Requirements

2.2.1. Income Guidelines

All the utilities use the ~~ESA Program LIEE~~ income guidelines established by the ~~California Public Utilities Commission (“CPUC” or “Commission”)~~ to qualify participants in the ~~ESA LIEE~~ Program.

These guidelines are provided to the utilities by the CPUC on an annual basis. As set forth in D.05-10-044, the income eligibility level is based on 200% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines. The CPUC updates the ~~ESA Program LIEE~~ income guidelines every year for inflation. ~~The current ESA Program income guidelines can be obtained at the CPUC website at www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Low+Income. Table 2-1 presents these guidelines for the current applicable period.. This table will be updated annually prior to June 1.~~

Formatted: Not Highlight

~~Table 2-1: Income Guidelines (June 1, 2009 Through May 31, 2010)~~

Number of People Living in Household	Maximum Gross Household Income
1	\$31,300
2	\$31,300
3	\$36,800
4	\$44,400
5	\$52,000
6	\$59,600
If greater than 6, add the following amount per person	\$7,600

~~This page intentionally left blank~~

2.2.2. Types of Income Included in Household Income

For the purposes of determining Program eligibility, all income is considered, from all household members, from all sources listed in Table 2-2, whether taxable or non-taxable income, including (but not limited to) wages, salaries, interest, dividends, child support, spousal support, disability or veteran’s benefits, rental income, Social Security, pensions and all social welfare program benefits before any deductions are made. Table 2-2 indicates the specific items included as income, but is not limited for the purpose of determining eligibility for the ~~ESA~~ ~~LEE~~ Program.

The following types of receipts are not considered household income for the purposes of determining eligibility:

- Loan proceeds; including reverse mortgages
- Assets (money in bank accounts, a house, a car or other property of possessions);
- Funds transferred from one applicant account to another; or
- Liquidation of assets (other than the portion representing capital or other gains).

Table 2-2: Items Included in Income

Wages, salaries and commissions	401K payments or withdrawals ¹
Alimony payments	Rental income and royalties ²
Child support payments	School grants, scholarships or other aid ¹
Disability benefits	Self-employment earnings ²
Foster care payments	Social security payments
Realized capital gains on assets	Housing subsidies
Interest and dividends on assets	Supplemental Security Income (SSI) payments and State Supplemental Payments (SSPs)
Food stamps	Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) payments
Gambling/lottery winnings	Unemployment Benefits payments
General relief	Veterans Administration Benefit payments
Monetary gifts (both one-time and recurring)	Workers Compensation payments
Insurance settlements or legal settlements ¹	Union strike fund benefits
Pension payments or withdrawals ¹	

¹ Other than loans.

² For rental income and self-employment income, only positive values of income are included. Negative net rents and negative self-employment income are ignored.

Formatted: Superscript

Formatted: Superscript

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Superscript

2.2.3. Verification of Income

2.2.3.1 Actual Income Documentation Required

When income documentation is required, income documentation must be reviewed, recorded, copied and ~~securely stored~~~~retained~~ by service providers prior to the installation of measures for all prospective participants.

CARE **self-certification** does not automatically qualify a household for ~~ESA Program LEE~~, except in the case of group homes ~~or targeted self certification areas~~, where it is specifically allowed.

In the case where the utility has **verified** that the customer is CARE-eligible within the past year, such income verification may be used for ~~ESA Program LEE~~ participation.

The utility will periodically audit enrollment information and /or income documentation retained by the contractor. In the event that information and/or documentation is not complete and correct for a participant, payment to the contractor for the provision of Program ~~S~~services to that unit may be disallowed.

The kinds of income documentation required by the Program include but are not limited to those presented in Table 2-3. In applying these documentation requirements, the following stipulations must be observed:

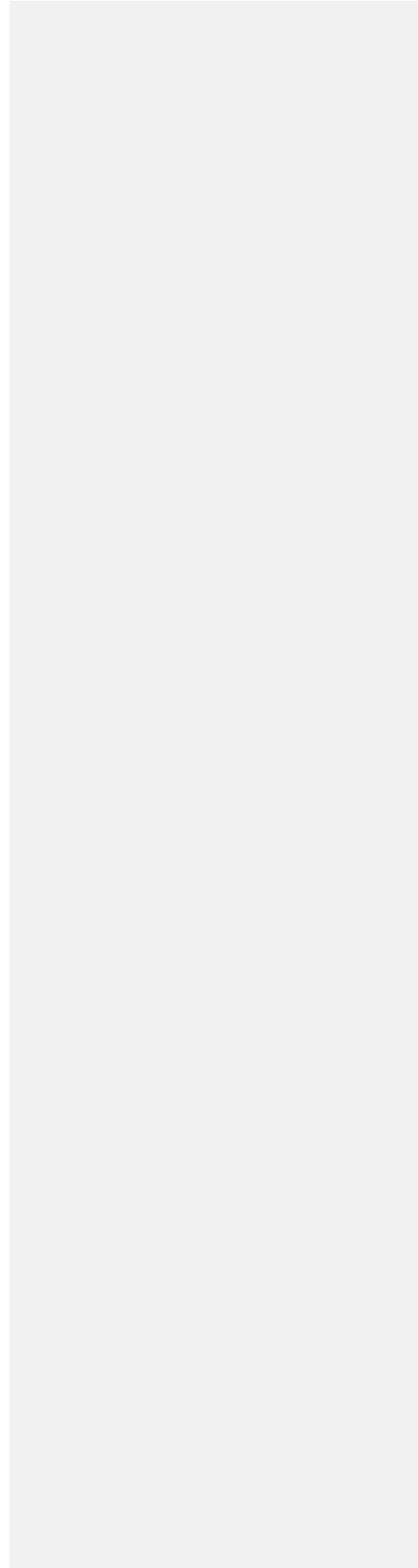
- Current award letters must include the value of the award and the period of time in question. They must also be dated within one year of the customer's signature date and must list the customer's name.
- Affidavits relating to gifts must indicate the amount and frequency of the gift(s). They must also contain the name, phone number, address and signature of the giver.
- In determining rental income, a renter-landlord relationship exists between household members when a room or rooms in the house is being rented and the renter is not a dependent of anyone in the household. Therefore, the renter is not counted as a household member and the rent paid is counted as part of the total household income. If the renter is a dependent, the renter is counted as a household member (even if he or she is paying rent) and his or her income is considered part of the total household income. A dependent is anyone claimed on the applicant's income tax return. -it must be understood that a renter-landlord relationship exists between household members when a room or rooms in the home are being rented. Unless the renter is a dependent of someone in the household, the renter's income is not included in household income and the renter is not counted as a household

(August, 2010,)

~~member. The rental payments count as household income. In the~~

~~event that the renter is a dependent of someone in the household, the renter's income is counted, the renter is considered as a household member, and the rental payment is not counted as part of household income. A dependent is anyone claimed on the applicant's income tax return.~~

- Federal income tax documentation must include copies of all 1099s and W-2 forms.



California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~LHEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- Affidavits from an employer who pays the applicant cash wages must ~~be on the employer's letterhead and~~ include the company name, address and phone number. It must also include the name of the applicant, total amount paid to the applicant, and the frequency of payments, and must contain a signature from the employer's authorized representative.
- If the applicant receives cash wages for jobs like mowing lawns, babysitting, handyman services, casual day labor, etc., a self-employment affidavit from the applicant is acceptable if it meets all Program criteria.
- In cases where a household claims no income for the past 12 months, the applicant must demonstrate his or her means of financial support other than income. In the event that the applicant cannot provide documentation of either income or other means of support, Program services will not be performed until such information is provided.
-

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5", No bullets or numbering

2.2.3.2. Categorical Eligibility

Categorical eligibility is another enrollment procedure designed to ease enrollment processes in both ~~ESA~~LHEE and CARE programs. Customers may be eligible to participate under categorical eligibility¹ and enroll in the ~~ESA~~LHEE pProgram based on their current participation in another local, state, or federal means-tested program if those income guidelines are at or below current CARE/~~ESA~~LHEE program income guidelines as set forth by the Commission. The categorical programs that have been adopted can be found at www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Low+Income. following programs have been adopted for inclusion in categorical eligibility:

Formatted: Not Highlight

- ~~Medi Cal;~~
- ~~Food Stamps~~
- ~~Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF);~~
- ~~Women and Infant Children program (WIC);~~
- ~~Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)~~
- ~~Healthy Families Categories A & B~~
- ~~Supplemental Security Income (SSI)~~
- ~~Federal Public Housing Assistance/Section 8;~~
- ~~National School Lunch's Free Lunch Program~~
- ~~Tribal TANF~~
- ~~Bureau of Indian Affairs General Assistance;~~
- ~~Head Start Income Eligible (Tribal only).~~

Applicants utilizing the ~~c~~Categorical ~~e~~Eligibility option to enroll in ~~ESA Program~~LHEE must present documentation reflecting current participation in one of the Commission approved programs in order to satisfy the "income documentation" component. ~~required of all applicants.~~ Such documentation must be reviewed, recorded, copied and securely stored/retained by service providers prior to the installation of measures for all prospective

applicants.

2.2.3.3. Targeted Self-Certification

Targeted Self Certification is a third enrollment procedure designed to ease enrollment processes in ESA Program LEE. Eligibility for self certification is determined by each utility based on their identification of geographic areas of their service territory where 80% of the customers are at or below 200% of the federal poverty line. Applicants residing within these targeted self certification areas must sign a “self certification statement” certifying that they do indeed

Categorical Eligibility approved in Decision 06-12-038, ~~December 2006~~ for SCE, PG&E, SoCalGas, and SDG&E. Utilities, Energy Division staff and DRA to determine acceptable categorical eligibility programs.

~~(August, 2010.)~~

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

meet the current income guidelines established for participation in the ~~ESA~~ LIEE pProgram. This self certification statement is to be retained in lieu of other income documentation or proof of participation in a categorical eligibility program. A current CARE self certification statement is allowed.

California Statewide *ESA Program LEE* Policy and Procedures Manual**Table 2-3: Types of Income Documentation**

Type of Income	Documentation
Wages, salaries and Commissions	Copy of customer's payroll check stub(s) OR Federal income tax filing showing gross income OR affidavit from employer (for cash wages only, and only where just one employer)
Alimony or Child Support Payments	Copy of check, bank statement, OR most recent court document stating amount
Disability benefits, Foster Care payments, Unemployment Benefits, VA Benefits, Workers Compensation	Copy of checks stubs OR copy of most recent award letter
Capital or Other gains	Federal Income Tax filing showing capital or other gains
Food stamps	Copy of most recent award letter OR food stamp/cash issuance letter (indicate TANF or General Relief)
Gambling/lottery winnings	determined on case-by-case basis
General relief	Copy of most recent award letter (Notice of Action) OR copy of un-cashed check(s) OR copy of direct deposit statement(s)
Monetary gifts	Copy of customer's bank statement OR affidavit from gift giver
Proceeds from insurance settlements or legal settlements	Copy of settlement document
Interest and dividend income	Copy of customer's bank statement(s) OR copy of customer's investment statement(s) OR Federal Income Tax filing showing gross income
Pension or 401K payments or Withdrawals	Copy of customer's check stubs OR copy of most recent award letter OR Form 1099R from prior year <u>OR copy of most recent bank statement</u>
Rental income ¹	Tax return (Form 1040, Schedule E, Total Rental Real Estate and Royalty Income or Loss) showing rental income OR copy of rental receipts OR copy of rental agreement specifying rent amount and affidavit from tenant
School grants, scholarships or other aid	Copy of award letter OR copies of cancelled checks
Self-employment earnings ¹	Income statement showing most recent quarterly adjusted earnings plus prior year's tax return (1040 Schedule C, Net Profit or Loss) OR written affidavit from an accountant or applicant
Housing subsidies	award letter
SSI payments, TANF payments, or Social Security payments	Copy of most recent award letter (Notice of Action) OR copy of un-cashed check(s) OR copy of customer's direct deposit statement
Union strike fund benefits	Copy of benefits payment stub

¹ For rental income and self-employment income, only positive values of income are included. Negative net rents and negative self-employment income are ignored.

Formatted Table

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~^{LIEE} Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~□ If the applicant receives cash wages for jobs like mowing lawns, babysitting, handyman services, casual day labor, etc., a self-employment affidavit from the applicant is acceptable if it meets all Program criteria.~~
- ~~□ In cases where a household claims no income for the past 12 months, the applicant must demonstrate his or her means of financial support other than income. In the event that the applicant cannot provide documentation of either income or other means of support, Program services will not be performed until such information is provided.~~

Formatted: Right: 0.25", Space Before: 7.2 pt, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.25" + Tab after: 0.25" + Indent at: 0.5", Tab stops: 0.5", List tab + Not at 0.25"

2.2.4. Household Income Calculation Procedures

Household income guidelines are based on gross (*pre-tax*) annual income. For self-employed individuals, gross (pre-tax) income is defined to be net profit or loss from self-employment. In the event that a full 12 months of income information is not available, or if there has been a change in the employment status of the household over the past 12 months, it may be necessary to annualize income from a shorter period of time. If, for instance, a household member has been employed for six months, the income earned over this period would be annualized by multiplying it by 2.

It is the intention of the ~~ESA~~^{LIEE} Program for all outreach personnel to compute annual income as accurately as possible. The calculations used will depend on the type of records available from each household member. Since all household members may not have the same type of income records, it may be necessary, and appropriate, to use more than one method when documenting income for different members of the same household.

2.2.5. Determining Household Size

Household size is the current number of people living in the home as permanent residents. Friends or family on a temporary visit (less than 6 months) are not considered household members nor are their earnings part of household income.

Children and/or other dependents residing in the household *only* on weekends, holidays, or vacations may be counted as part of the household only if the family claims them as dependents on their federal income tax filing. Children by previous marriages who do not reside in the home cannot be considered household members, even if they are receiving child support, unless they are claimed as dependents on the applicant's federal income tax filing.

2.2.6. Qualifying Multifamily Complexes

The ~~ESA~~^{LIEE} Program makes use of fractional income qualification for certain measures for multifamily complexes. The terms of income qualification are as follows:

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~IEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

- For the purposes of determining income eligibility, multifamily complexes are defined as those with five (5) or more dwelling units. Duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes will be qualified as single family homes for the purposes of determining income eligibility.
- For multi-family buildings, refer to Table 5-1 herein for the measures available to multi-family buildings.
- To qualify an entire multifamily building for other measures offered by the Program (defined as 80-20 measures), at least 80% of all (occupied and unoccupied) dwelling units must be occupied by income-qualified households. However, if at least 80% of all units adjacent to a common attic space satisfy the 80% rule, that attic space may be treated even if the 80% rule is not satisfied for the entire building. In the event that fewer than 80% of the dwelling units are occupied by income-qualified households, individual dwelling units occupied by qualifying households may still receive all feasible 80-20 measures.
- Service providers must review, record copy and securely store income documentation for all households used to qualify an apartment building. The provider must also make its best effort to review and record income documentation for all other households in the multifamily building (i.e., those not used to meet the 80% qualification standard).
- Unoccupied and other non-qualified multifamily dwellings may be weatherized, as long as the multifamily building satisfies the 80% rule for income qualification.

2.3 Service Eligibility

2.3.1. General Service Eligibility Conditions

To be eligible for the ~~ESA~~ ~~IEE~~ Program, a customer must be served by an active utility account/meter (includes master meter). In an area served by different investor-owned gas and electric utilities (e.g., the SoCalGas-SCE overlap area) the fuel source for the dwelling's space heat shall determine which utility will be the primary provider of air sealing/envelope and attic insulation weatherization services/measures to the dwelling as long as that fuel source is either natural gas or electricity. In the event that a non-IOU heating fuel is used *and* the home has air conditioning, the electric IOU will be the provider of weatherization measures other than infiltration-reduction measures.

Measure-specific eligibility requirements will be followed in the ~~ESA~~ ~~IEE~~ Program. Not all measures are offered in all utility services territories or climate zones. Table 5-1 shows the measures offered by each utility.

2.3.2. Referrals

In order to provide the maximum opportunity for eligible customers to receive all feasible measures, the four IOUs—PG&E, SCE, SoCalGas, and SDG&E—will set up a referral system with each other. In addition, the utilities will work with community agencies and local governments including their local Department of Community Services and Development (DCSD) agencies to expand leveraging opportunities. This will increase the number of measures available to eligible customers by sharing the cost of measures offered by both programs.

In areas where a customer receives natural gas and electric services from two different IOUs, the utilities will work together to ensure the customer receives all feasible measures. The utility installing infiltration measures will conduct natural gas appliance testing as long as the utility serves natural gas somewhere in its service area (and thus has trained gas service representatives). In the event that the customer has electric space heat served by an electric-only utility, the electric utility will not install infiltration measures if natural gas appliances are present.

In order to mitigate the duplication of costs that could otherwise be associated with customers participating in two utility programs, two steps shall be taken:

- First, customers that have provided proof of income qualification or deemed categorically eligible by one IOU, shall be considered eligible by all other IOU's serving this customer; and
- Second, gas and electric utilities will offer common energy education in overlap areas so that customers will need to receive education from only one utility.

Additionally, the minimum measure requirement for eligibility (see Section 2.9) will not apply to homes referred by one IOU to another, if the first IOU establishes that a home meets this minimum for the combination of gas and electricity.

~~2.4 Treatment of Master-Metered Units~~

~~Customers whose service is covered by master meters may participate in the LIEE Program. For these customers, the following policies and procedures will apply:~~

- ~~□ Deemed savings can be used in the evaluation of Program savings for master-metered units.~~
- ~~□ Program personnel will explain the Program to the landlord or property manager prior to contacting tenants.~~

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~HEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~□ If the master metered dwellings are multifamily units, the terms of Section 2.2.6 will apply. Landlords must be informed that income documentation may be required for the purposes of determining eligibility.~~

2.5 Structural Eligibility

Public Housing. Public housing is eligible for participation in the ~~ESA~~ ~~HEE~~ Program, but must meet the program eligibility requirements in order to participate. (Note that this does not include on-base military housing, insofar as these dwelling units are not served by the investor-owned utilities.)

Housing Type ~~a~~

-Single family homes, multifamily dwelling units, and mobile homes are eligible to participate in the program.^a

- ~~• Duplexes, triplexes, and fourplexes will be qualified as single family homes.~~
- ~~• Multifamily complexes are defined as those with five (5) or more dwelling units.~~
- ~~• Mobile homes are defined by California Department of Housing and Community Development as having “over 320 square feet of gross floor area, more than eight feet in width, and more than 40 feet in length.” A mobile home is a manufactured home regulated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development code (Sec. 3280) and built on a trailer chassis and designed for highway delivery to a permanent location, and it can be a single-, double-, or triple-wide home.~~

The utilities may promote or limit the treatment of housing types in individual program years as long as these actions are consistent with the achievement of the programmatic initiative.

Housing on Non-Residential Rates. In general, only residential customers on residential rates are eligible to participate in the ~~ESA~~ ~~HEE~~ Program. However, group homes on non-residential rates are eligible for ~~ESA~~ ~~HEE~~ Program services as long as they are currently eligible for CARE under current CARE guidelines applicable to group living facilities,³ and the structure in question is a single family, multifamily or mobile home suitable for weatherization under ~~ESA~~ ~~HEE~~ Program standards.⁴

CARE-eligible facilities include but are not limited to the following.

- Migrant farm worker housing centers, as defined in Section 50710 of the Health and Safety Code, provided that 70% of all energy usage in master-metered facilities and 100% of all energy usage in individually-metered facilities is

~~(August, 2010.)~~

Formatted: Style 15, Right: 0.25", Space Before: 14.4 pt

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, Bold, Italic, Font color: Auto

residential.

- Privately owned employee housing, as defined in Section 17008 of the Health and Safety Code, that is licensed and inspected by the state and local agencies pursuant to Part I of Division 13, and in which 100% of all energy use is residential.

² Multifamily dwellings are defined as those in buildings with five (5) or more dwelling units.

³ See D. 92-04-024, April 8, 1992; D. 92-06-060, June 17, 1992; D. 95-10-047, October 18, 1995. Also see *Commission Advisory and Compliance Division, Workshop Report on California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE): The Development of Guidelines to Implement CARE for Migrant Farmworker Housing, Agricultural Employee Housing, and Employee Housing*, May 1995.

⁴ It should be noted that CARE income eligibility requires that 100% of the residents of the facility (other than live-in staff) meet the CARE income guideline. This income eligibility criterion will be applied to group homes for the purposes of determining ~~ESA Program~~ ~~HEE~~ income eligibility.

California Statewide ~~ESA Program LEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

- Housing for agricultural employees operated by non-profit entities, as defined in Subdivision (b) of Section 1140.4 of the Labor Code, and that has an exception from local property taxes pursuant to subdivision (g) of the Revenue and Taxation Code, provided that 70% of all energy usage in master-metered facilities and 100% of all energy usage in individually-metered facilities is residential.
- Non-profit group living facilities, defined as transitional housing (such as a drug rehabilitation or halfway house), short- or long-term care facilities (such as a hospice, nursing home, children's home or seniors' home), group homes for physically or mentally challenged persons, or other nonprofit group living facilities.
- Homeless shelters, hospices and women's shelters with the primary function of providing lodging and which are open for operation with at least six beds for a minimum of 180 days and/or nights (including satellite facilities in the name of the licensed corporation, where 70% of the energy supplied is for residential purposes).

As mandated by AB 868 and reiterated by an October 1, 2004 Administrative Law Judge's Ruling,⁵ migrant housing centers are presumed to meet CARE income eligibility guidelines without verification. This presumption will also be used in determining ~~ESA Program LEE~~ income eligibility of such facilities. For the purpose of determining eligibility of other types of housing on non-residential rates, income qualification shall be considered satisfied if the facility is on CARE. These facilities represent a unique situation and this income verification procedure shall not be considered a precedent for other circumstances.

2.6 Home Ownership Documentation

2.6.1. Overview

Home ownership must be verified in order to ensure that the legal owner or authorized agent signs the Property Owner Waiver. It is the responsibility of the contractor to review the documents and ensure proof of home ownership. If a home is in the name of a deceased spouse, the surviving spouse should be considered as the owner. For example, if the home is in the husband's name and never transferred to the widow, the widow is considered the current homeowner.

Any of the following may be used for home ownership documentation.

- Current loan or mortgage documents;
- Property tax records or bills;
- Home owner property insurance (fire insurance);

⁵ Administrative Law Judge's Ruling Seeking Input Regarding Assembly Bill 868 (Care Eligibility for Migrant Housing Centers), October 1, 2004.

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~HEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

- Mortgage payment invoices or book;
- Data Quick or similar title search service; ~~and~~
- ~~Deeds; and~~
- Current Mobile Home Registration from Department of Housing and Community Development.

2.6.2. Multiple Ownership

If the home is owned by more than one person, the homeowner will be considered any one of the persons whose name appears on the document.

2.6.3. Life Estate/Living Trust

A homeowner may have established a "Life Estate" or "Living Trust." With either, the property is deeded to another individual or trust but the original owner maintains control of the property. The original owner may sign as the property owner only if he or she has a copy of Life Estate or Living Trust documents. Contractor must review and verify that the individual signing the Property Owner Waiver is authorized to do so within the "Life Estate" or "Living Trust". Contractor and individual signing POW shall sign a statement to document that they are authorized to sign agreement to participate in ESA Program and a A-copy of the signed statement of the Life Estate or Living Trust must be maintained in the customers file.

2.6.4. Power of Attorney (POA)

In cases where the property owner is not available to sign on the Agreement, any person having a Power of Attorney (POA) for that owner may sign the Agreement. Contractor and individual signing POA shall sign a statement to document that they are authorized to sign agreement to participate in ESA Program and a A-copy of the signed statement POA must be maintained in the customer's file.

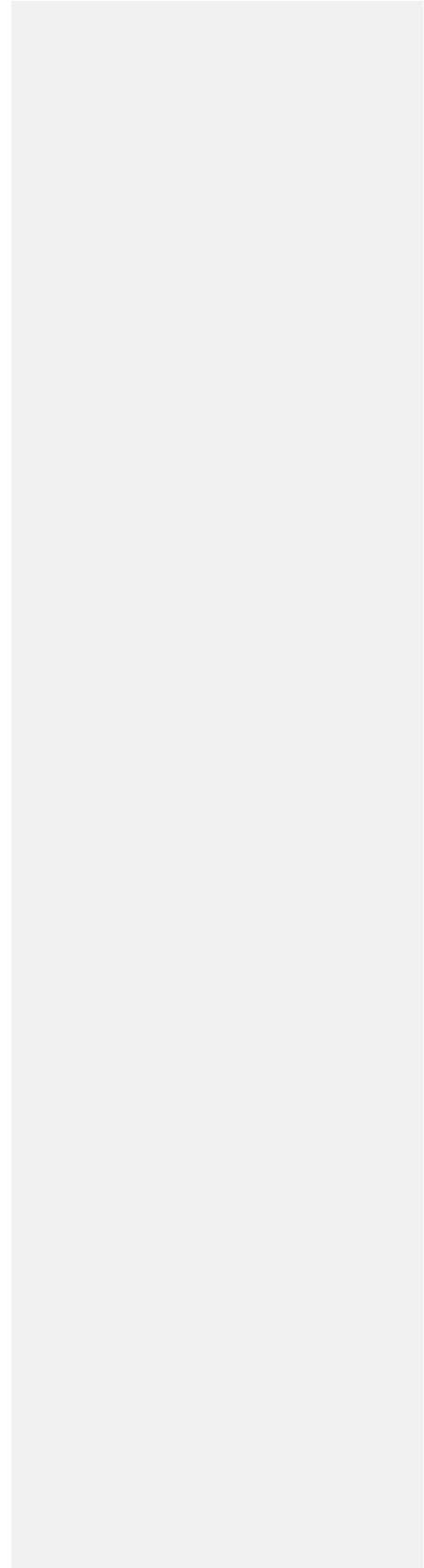
2.6.5. Property Management Companies

Authorized representatives of property management companies may sign for property owners for both single family and multifamily agreements under ~~either of~~ the following conditions: the property management company has a standard Power of Attorney agreement with the property owner; or the property management company has a signed Management Agreement with the owner authorizing the property management company to act as the agent for the specific property; or any other documentation that the utility may require to establish that an agreement exists between the property owner and the management company. A copy of any support documentation the Power of Attorney or the Management Agreement must be kept in the customer's files for that customer.

2.7 Treatment of Rental Units 2.7.1. Property Owner Approval

~~(August, 2010,)~~

In general, rental units may not receive Program Services and Measures until a Property Owner's Waiver has been received. This approval must cover the participation of the unit in the Program as well as the installation of specific measures. Such approval is valid for a period of 12 months from the date it is signed by the Property Owner or authorized agent. If approval of the



Property Owner is not received before the installation of such services, the Contractor will be required to reimburse the utility for all payments received from the utility for the measures in question. However with prior written authorization from the utilities' Program Manager, a contractor may proceed with the installation of services and measures that do not directly affect the condition and/or structure without the signed Property Owner Waiver.

2.7.2. Eligibility of Rental Units for Certain Measures

Assuming that the Property Owner's permission is required and has been obtained and that other eligibility conditions are met, rental units may be treated under the Program. However, the following policies relating to specific measures shall be applied. Not all measures listed are offered in all utility service territories or climate zones. See Table 5-1.

- Rental units are not eligible for furnace replacements or major furnace repairs associated with the mitigation of NGAT failures. However, ~~minor repairs and service and~~ adjustments may be made to furnaces ~~and water heaters~~ if these actions would improve the performance of the system at a minimal cost.
- ~~□ Rental units are not eligible for water heater repairs and replacements associated with the mitigation of NGAT failures. However, services and adjustments may be made to water heaters if these actions would improve the performance of the system at a minimal cost.~~
- ~~Evaporative coolers and hard-wired fixtures may be provided without charge to either the tenant or the landlord.~~ Refrigerator and air conditioner replacements may also be provided at no charge to either the tenant or the ~~property owner~~ ~~landlord~~, except in the instance where the ~~property owner~~ ~~landlord~~ owns the refrigerator or air conditioning unit that is replaced and also pays the utility bill. In these instances, the utilities may make payments to installation contractors that cover only part of the cost of replacement.
- The utilities may opt to provide, at a nominal charge to the ~~landlord~~ ~~property owner~~, evaporative coolers, refrigerator replacement, and replacement air conditioners and heat pumps.

2.8 Previous Program Participation

In order to provide services to the widest range of low-income households possible, D.08-11-031 places the following restrictions on the participation of homes that have previously been treated under the ~~ESA~~ ~~LHEE~~ Program.

- The IOUs are allowed to go back and treat any dwelling served prior to 2002, but they will first seek out new dwellings that have yet to be treated.

2.9 Need for ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LIEE~~ Services

A home must receive all feasible measures offered under the ~~ESA~~ ~~LIEE~~ pProgram. In D.08-11-031, the Commission modified the “3 Measure Minimum Rule” to allow ~~U~~utilities to install one or two measures, as long as they meet a minimum energy saving threshold. Decision 09-06-026 issued June 18, 2009 further modified the “3 Measure Minimum Rule” to clarify the allowable measures under the “3 Measure Minimum Rule”. For homes that need fewer than 3 measures, the energy savings achieved must meet certain minimums as established by the Commission. Energy savings of at least 125 kWh/annually or 25 therms/annually must be achieved in homes where only one or two measures are to be installed. ~~The individual measures Table 9-1 (Page 87) identifies which individual measures that~~ qualify for installation if a home requires less than three measures ~~can be obtained www.cpuc.ca.gov/PUC/energy/Low+Income. The total energy savings achieved by either one or two measures combined in Table 9-1 (Page 87) should yield savings of at least either 125 kWh/annually or 25 therms/annually.~~

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

Homes that require three or more individual measures qualify for ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LIEE~~ participation regardless of energy savings. For homes that require more than three individual measures, refer to Table 5-1 ~~(Page 31)~~.

Formatted: Indent: First line: 0"

In an area served by multiple investor-owned gas and electric utilities (~~(investor-owned or municipal)~~), the minimum number of measures will be defined as if the home were served by a combined gas and electric utility, and the utilities will use a referral system to ensure the installation of all feasible measures.

For all homes meeting the minimum for necessary measures, all feasible measures must be installed.⁶ As stipulated in the standard non-feasibility criteria, if a measure is already in place and operating properly, even if it does not meet the current Installation Standards for new installations, it should not be removed and replaced.

⁶ If a customer refuses a measure, that measure is considered non-feasible. See Section 7.

California Statewide ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

Table 2-4 – Allowable Measures when Home Needs Less Than Three Measures

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.5"

San Diego Gas & Electric Company

This Table has Not been updated yet to reflect measures authorized in Decision 12-08-044. Data in Table below is from 2009-2011 cycle

Measures	Annual kWh Savings	Annual Therm Savings
<u>Furnaces</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>0.7</u>
<u>A/C Replacement – Room</u>	<u>34.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>A/C Replacement – Central</u>	<u>73.9</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>A/C Tune-up – Central</u>	<u>135.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Evaporative Coolers</u>	<u>28.7</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Evaporative Cooler Maintenance</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Duct Sealing</u>	<u>69.5</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Attic Insulation</u>	<u>13.9</u>	<u>15.9</u>
<u>Water Heater Replacement - Gas</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>12.1</u>
<u>CFLs</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures</u>	<u>64.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Torchiere</u>	<u>191.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Refrigerators (Primary)</u>	<u>721.4</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Refrigerator (Secondary)</u>	<u>721.4</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Furnace Standing Pilot Change Out</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>44.0</u>
<u>Furnace Clean & Tune¹</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>1.2</u>
<u>Hight Efficiency Washing Machine</u>	<u>87.1</u>	<u>35.5</u>
<u>LED Night Light</u>	<u>10.2</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Microwave</u>	<u>14.8</u>	<u>2.2</u>
<u>Shower Start</u>	<u>59.9</u>	<u>11.6</u>
<u>Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair* - All Measures</u>	<u>12.0</u>	<u>3.0</u>
<u>Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Attic Access Weatherization</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Door Weatherstripping</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Caulking</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Minor Home Repairs</u>	<u>2.0</u>	<u>0.5</u>
<u>Water Heating Conservation *- All Measures</u>	<u>40.0</u>	<u>10.0</u>
<u>Water Heater Blanket</u>	<u>10.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>
<u>Low Flow Showerhead</u>	<u>10.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>
<u>Water Heater Pipe Wrap</u>	<u>10.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>
<u>Faucet Aerators</u>		

(August, 2010,)

California Statewide ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

Formatted: Left

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

This Table has Not been updated yet to reflect measures authorized in Decision 12-08-044. Data in Table below is from 2009-2011 cycle.

Formatted: Highlight

Measures	kWh Savings	Therm Savings
<u>Furnaces Repair & Replacement</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.4</u>
<u>A/C Replacement - Room</u>	<u>93.3</u>	<u>12.1</u>
<u>A/C Replacement - Central</u>	<u>144.4</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>A/C Tune-up - Central</u>	<u>135.8</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Evaporative Coolers</u>	<u>190.1</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Duct Sealing</u>	<u>78.3</u>	<u>25.2</u>
<u>Attic Insulation</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>49.8</u>
<u>Water Heater Replacement - Gas</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>12.1</u>
<u>CFLs</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Ext. Porchlights Fixture Replacement</u>	<u>16.0</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Interior Hard wired CFL Fixtures</u>	<u>56.9</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Refrigerators</u>	<u>752.3</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Torchieres</u>	<u>203.9</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Occupancy Sensor</u>	<u>213.8</u>	<u>N/A</u>
<u>Clothes Washer</u>	<u>287.9</u>	<u>17.4</u>
<u>Microwave</u>	<u>87.6</u>	<u>28.6</u>
<u>Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair* - All Measures</u>		<u>8.0</u>
<u>Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Attic Access Weatherization</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Door Weatherstripping</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Caulking</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Minor Home Repairs</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.3</u>
<u>Water Heating Conservation *- All Measures</u>		<u>13.0</u>
<u>Water Heater Blanket</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Low Flow Showerhead</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Water Heater Pipe Wrap</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Faucet Aerators</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>

California Statewide ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

Southern California Edison

This Table has Not been updated yet to reflect measures authorized in Decision 12-08-044. Data in Table below is from 2009-2011 cycle.

Formatted: Highlight

Measures	kWh Savings	Therms
A/C Replacement - Room	117.0	N/A
A/C Replacement - Central	621.0	N/A
A/C Services - Central	1076.9	N/A
Heat Pump	793.9	N/A
Evaporative Coolers	215.5	N/A
Evaporative Cooler Maintenance	70.7	N/A
Duct Sealing	276.4	N/A
CFLs	16.0	N/A
Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures	254.0	N/A
Torchiere	191.0	N/A
Refrigerators -Primary	753.6	N/A
Refrigerators - secondary	753.6	N/A
Pool Pumps	1399.6	N/A

Formatted: Style 1, Centered, Right: 0", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.13 li

Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair* - All Measures		
	53.0	N/A
Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets	8.8	N/A
Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover	8.8	N/A
Attic Access Weatherization	8.8	N/A
Door Weatherstripping	8.8	N/A
Caulking	8.8	N/A
Minor Home Repairs	8.8	N/A
Water Heating Conservation *- All Measures		
	299.0	N/A
Water Heater Blanket	75.0	N/A
Low Flow Showerhead	75.0	N/A
Water Heater Pipe Wrap	75.0	N/A
Faucet Aerators	75.0	N/A

California Statewide ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

Southern California Gas Company

This Table has Not been updated yet to reflect measures authorized in Decision 12-08-044. Data in Table below is from 2009-2011 cycle

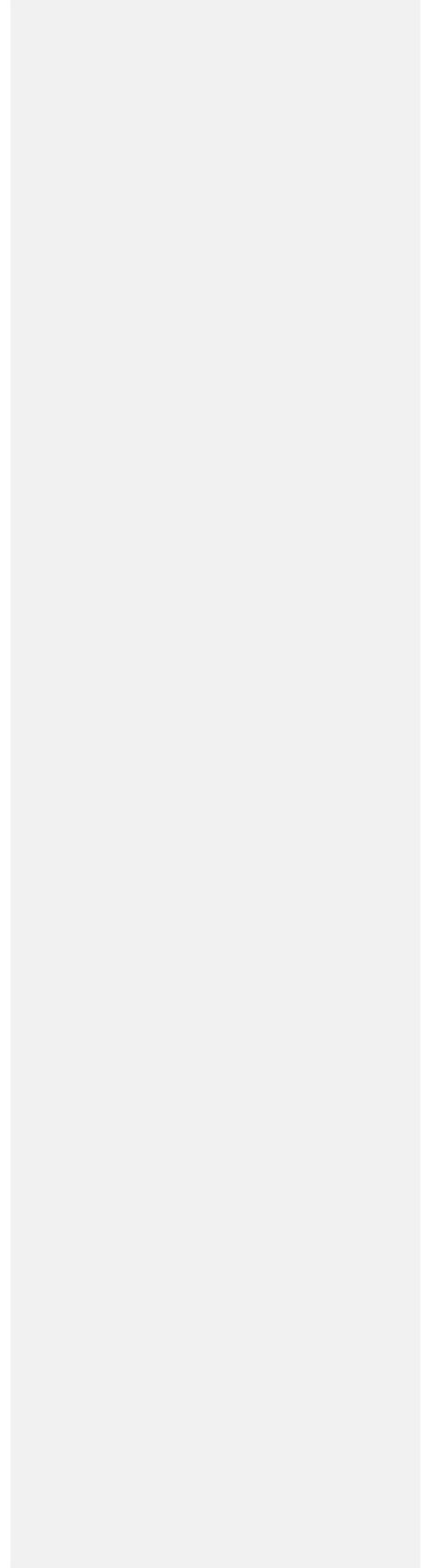
Measures	kW (Annual)	Therm Savings
<u>Furnaces</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>28.2</u>
<u>Duct Sealing</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>21.1</u>
<u>Attic Insulation</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>41.0</u>
<u>Water Heater Replacement - Gas</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>12.1</u>
<u>Tankless Water Heater - Gas</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>28.0</u>
<u>High-Efficiency Clothes Washer</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>37.0</u>
<u>Forced Air Unit Furnace Standing Pilot Retrofit</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>44.0</u>
<u>Furnace Clean and Tune ¹¹</u>	<u>NA</u>	<u>2.7</u>
<u>High-Efficiency Forced Air Unit Furnace</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>88.0</u>
<u>Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair¹² - All Measures</u>		<u>6.0</u>
<u>Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Attic Access Weatherization</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Door Weatherstripping</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Caulking</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Minor Home Repairs</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.0</u>
<u>Water Heating Conservation¹³ - All Measures</u>		<u>13.0</u>
<u>Water Heater Blanket</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Low Flow Showerhead</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Water Heater Pipe Wrap</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>
<u>Faucet Aerators</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>3.3</u>

Footnotes

The following footnotes will be revised to accommodate the IOU tables above once

Formatted: Font: 12 pt

updated.



California Statewide ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

- All energy saving values are derived from the budget applications (PY 2009-2011 Planning Assumptions Table – Attachment A2) submitted by the Investor Owned Utilities. The 2009 annual planned energy savings were divided by the total number of installations in 2009, for each measure the IOUs provided, to arrive at an energy saving value for each household. While these numbers are not the exact values for the energy savings for each measure, they are reasonable approximations for determining if the measure/measures qualify for installation under the “three measure minimum” rule.
- The revised Attachment G will serve as a reference for the IOUs, the Commission, and interested stakeholders, in understanding the measures available in qualifying a home for LIEE program service. This attachment will NOT be used to calculate actual IOU program energy savings - which currently uses a separate methodology not related to this table.
- Attachment G will be updated after Impact Evaluation 2009.

Value provided by SDGE

Value provided by SoCalGas

*The measure group energy saving value is divided by the number of individual measures within the group, thereby assigning an 'average' savings value across all individual measures. The energy saving values for these sub measures are expected to be updated after the 2009 Impact Evaluation.

3 Customer Outreach and Customer Relations

3.1 Introduction

This section presents statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LEE~~ policies and procedures in the areas of customer outreach and customer relations. Subsection 3.2 discusses policies relating to the recruitment of participants for the Program, while Subsection 3.3 focuses on the maintenance of proper relationships with customers. Subsection 3.4 focuses on Targeted Outreach. It should be understood that the policies in this section are supplemented by additional provisions in both specific and general terms and conditions included in formal agreements between utilities and contractors.

3.2 Customer Outreach

Contractors recruiting customers for participation in the ~~ESA~~ ~~LEE~~ Program are required to follow strict policies relating to customer outreach. Customer outreach policies cover promotional guidelines, limitations on representations made by contractors and their employees, outreach interactions, and tracking.

3.2.1. Promotional Guidelines

Only promotional materials approved by the Utility Program Manager may be used to promote participation in the ~~ESA~~ ~~LEE~~ Program.

3.2.2. Representations by Contractor and Contractor's Employees

Neither the contractor nor his/her employees may imply that they are employees of the Utility or affiliated with the Utility in any way other than through the ~~ESA~~ ~~LEE~~ Program.

3.2.3. Outreach Interaction

Outreach personnel must effectively contact and interact with a diverse set of customers. These personnel shall have available any necessary multilingual staff and/or translators and shall make every effort to resolve barriers to communication attributable to disabilities.

3.2.4. Targeted Outreach

Outreach efforts should target those customers with the highest energy usage, energy burden and/or energy insecurity but not at the expense of all other customers. Contractors shall also serve those customers who are disabled. Such customers may be identified based on their

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~IEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

enrollment in the Medical Baseline Program, their enrollment in the Deaf and Disabled Telecommunications Program (DDPT), their enrollment in ESA Program~~IEE~~ through a disability-based community-based organization (CBO), their request for accessible formats of written materials or use of Tele-Typewriter/Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TTY/TDD), the visibility of an observed disability and/or their self-identification as having a disability. Contractors shall not ask the customer if he/she is disabled.

3.3 Customer Relations

3.3.1. Introduction

It is imperative that both contractors and utility employees maintain proper customer relationships. The ESA~~IEE~~ Program is a customer service program, and should be delivered accordingly. Specific policies with respect to customer relations are specified below.

3.3.2. Expedient Service

Service must be provided to participants in a reasonable time frame, as determined by the utility. Crews must inform customers of the approximate amount of time required for installations, inspections and gas appliance testing (if required), and shall provide services as expeditiously as possible. The number of visits to a home shall be kept to a minimum.

3.3.3. Other Work

Only ~~three types of~~ work directly associated with providing ESA Program authorized services to participating customers may be billed to the ESA~~IEE~~ Program. ~~energy education, the installation of eligible measures, and the provision of eligible minor home repairs.~~ The contractor is prohibited from selling other services to the customer or charging the customer for any other service.⁷

3.3.4. Staff Identification

All contractor or subcontractor employees who engage in customer contact must wear identification badges provided or approved by the utility at all times. Each badge must include a color photo of the employee. If the contractor produces badges, templates for identification badges will be provided by the utility. The contractor shall immediately return ~~or destroy~~ the ID badges of all personnel no longer working for the contractor or its subcontractors on the ESA~~IEE~~ Program. In the event ~~that~~ the contractor is unable to return a ~~destroys the~~ badges, the contractor shall immediately notify the Program Administrator. ~~in a timely fashion.~~

⁷ Note that this provision does not preclude the possibility of requiring a co-payment for the installation of one or more measures, if approved by the utility.

| (~~August, 2010,~~)

3.3.5. Crew Appearance

~~ESA Program LIEE~~ contractors are responsible for the courtesy and appearance of their employees. Discourteous personnel and unprofessional appearance will not be tolerated in this program and may constitute grounds for contract termination.

3.3.6. Customers 18 Years or Older

In general, contractors shall enter customer's residences only when adults, eighteen (18) years of age or older are present. The only exception to this rule is that contractors may enter the home of a customer under eighteen (18) years of age if the customer is married or has been declared an emancipated minor by the courts.

3.3.7. Customer Complaint Procedures

The contractor must make every effort to resolve barriers to communication attributable to factors including language preference and disabilities. The contractor must make every effort to resolve and document customer complaints. The Contractor must notify the utility or its designee of the status of each complaint within 24 hours of the contractor's receipt of the complaint. If the complaint deals with customer safety, the contractor must resolve it within 24 hours. If the complaint does not relate to customer safety, the contractor must resolve the complaint to the satisfaction of the customer ~~as required by the IOU within 10 days of the receipt of the complaint~~. The acceptability of the contractor's resolution of complaints will be determined at the sole discretion of the utility. If the contractor has not resolved the complaint within the mandated period, the contractor shall notify the utility or its designee of this failure.

3.3.8. Substance Abuse and Smoking Policy

~~In addition to local and state laws, While at the customer sites,~~ contractor personnel shall not be under the influence of drugs or alcohol nor be using drugs or alcohol anytime when performing ESA Program work on the job. Smoking is prohibited within the residence being served at all times and on the customer's property.

3.3.9. Incident Report

Contractors must immediately contact the utility or its designee if during a home visit there is damage to a customer's home and/or property or if the contractor's employee has been accused of an illegal act. Within 24 hours, the contractor will inform the utility or its designee of the resolutions of all such incidents.

4 Procedures for Pre-Installation Contacts

4.1 Introduction

This section describes the procedures to be followed by outreach workers and contractors during pre-installation visit or visits to a participating home. These procedures cover the provision of general program information, the collection of data on the household and the home, the administration of home energy education, the completion of the home energy ~~audit assessment~~, and the installation of ~~measures as approved by each IOU. CFLs~~.

4.2 Description of Program Services

In the course of the ~~initial customer enrollment, home visit~~, the outreach worker shall provide a thorough description of the program services available to the ~~income qualified low income~~ household. At a minimum, this description must cover the following services:

- The ~~ESALLEE~~ Program, including program goals, eligibility requirements, eligible measures, and procedures. The procedures to be covered by this description must encompass energy education, available energy efficiency services and minor home repairs, general installation procedures, inspection procedures, and natural gas appliance testing procedures (if applicable).
- Other programs designed to repair/replace furnaces or install other energy efficiency measures (if these are offered as separate programs).
- The California Alternate Rates for Energy (CARE) Program. Outreach workers will also provide assistance in enrolling the customer in CARE if the customer chooses to participate in it.
- Other utility programs designed to provide services to low-income customers, including level-payment programs, medical baseline programs, and other energy efficiency programs for which the customer may be qualified.
- Similar programs offered by DCSD and other known energy related programs.

The outreach worker may also describe other utility and non-utility low income assistance and energy efficiency programs. At no time shall Program personnel promote or provide fee-based services to customers in lieu of free services offered under the ~~ESALLEE~~ Program.

4.3 Data Collection

During the initial interview, the outreach worker will also collect data needed to document eligibility and to meet tracking and reporting requirements. In general, information including, but not limited to the following must be collected:

- Name, address and phone number of applicant,
- Senior/disability status of applicant or other permanent household member, as observed by the assessor or voluntarily provided by the applicant,
- Residence type and owner/renter status,
- Gas and/or electric account information,
- Appliance/HVAC system information,
- Customer unwillingness/inability to participate, and
- Home square footage.

Demographic data may also be collected if offered by the customer.

4.4 In-Home Energy Education

In-home energy education will be provided to all income-eligible applicants whose dwellings require the minimum number of measures, using forms and checklists provided by the utilities. Energy education will cover the following general areas: heating and cooling usage, water heating system usage, major electric and gas appliance usage, small appliance usage, benefits of energy efficiency programs in reducing green house gas emissions, water conservation, and lighting usage. At a minimum, topics to be covered in the course of energy education must include:

- The general levels of usage associated with specific end uses and appliances,
- The impacts on usage of individual energy efficiency measures offered through the ~~ESALHEE~~ Program or other Programs offered to low-income customers by the utility,
- Practices that diminish the savings from individual energy efficiency measures, as well as the potential cost of such practices,
- Ways of decreasing usage through changes in practices,
- Information on CARE, the Medical Baseline Program, and other available programs,
- Appliance safety information,
- The way to read a utility bill,
- Green house gas emissions,
- Water conservation,

- CFL disposal and recycling, and
- The procedures used to conduct natural gas appliance testing (if applicable).

4.5 In-Home Energy Assessment/Audit

An assessment ~~or audit~~ of the structure will be completed on homes with income-qualifying applicants using ~~utility approved forms and/or tools, a form provided by the utility.~~ The assessment/~~audit~~ will identify measures which may be installed through the Program. ~~Assessment/audit forms will be provided by the utility or approved by the utility if the contractor has an acceptable in-house form.~~

4.6 Installation of Compact Fluorescent Light Bulbs

~~The electric or dual fuel utility outreach worker may install compact fluorescent light bulbs during the initial home visit. The number of compact fluorescent light bulbs installed will depend on unit type, feasibility and amount of time each lighting fixture is used (3.5 hours minimum). Contractors will remove old bulbs after installing CFLs, unless a customer asks to keep the old bulbs. Contractors shall provide information to the customer explaining how to dispose of CFLs safely. Leaving compact fluorescent light bulbs with customers for installation at a later time is not allowed.~~

5. Program Measures

5.1 Introduction

This section identifies the energy efficiency measures available through the ~~ESA~~ LEE Program and discusses the means by which changes in eligible measures are made over time. Subsection 5.2 focuses on measures offered under the program, while Subsection 5.3 outlines the process that will be used to evaluate measures for inclusion in the Program in future years. ~~The goal of the program is to remove all replaced measures from the home.~~

5.2 Program Measures

Table 5-1 indicates the specific Program measures that ~~may be provided to participants~~ are eligible for the ~~ESA~~ LEE Program ~~in accordance with the California Installation Standards Manual. Note that there are some restrictions on the eligibility of individual homes for some of these measures. See Section 7.~~

5.3 Consideration of Changes to Measure List

Utilities will jointly evaluate existing Program measures in the course of developing recommendations for programs in subsequent years. The utilities evaluate these measures using all available information on both costs and benefits (including energy benefits as well as non-energy benefits), and develop a set of recommendations for CPUC approval. If warranted by the evidence, these recommendations may vary across climate zones. The utilities will also implement a process for considering new measures to be added to the Program. This process will entail the issuance of a solicitation for recommendations for new measures and the assessment of the cost-effectiveness of these measures.

California Statewide *ESA Program* ~~LIEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

Table 5-1: Eligible Measures (REVISED 2/14/2013)

Measure ¹	PG&E				SDG&E				SCE				SCG			
	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters
Heating, Ventilation & Air Conditioning																
Gas Furnace ⁴ Repair/Replace CZ 1,2,3,4,5,6,11, 12, 13,14, 16	√		√	√												
Gas Furnace ⁴ Repair/Replace - CZ-7, 10, 14, 15					√		√	√								
Gas Furnace ⁴ Repair/Replace - CZ -4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,10,13,14,15,16													√		√	√
Forced Air Unit Standing Pilot Light Conversion - All - CZ					√		√	√	√				√		√	√
Furnace Clean & Tune CZ 4,5, 6,7, 8, 9,10,13,14,15,16													√		√	√
- CZ 7,10,14,15					√		√	√	√							
Room A/C Replacement																
-CZ 10					√		√	√	√							
- CZ 10,13,14, 15									√		√	√	√			
Central A/C Replacement																
- CZ 14 & 15									√		√	√	√			
Central A/C Tune-up																
- CZ 2, 4, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16	√		√	√	√											
- CZ 6,7, 8, 14, 15					√		√	√	√							
Central A/C Services – All CZ									√		√	√	√			
Heat Pump - CZ 14 & 15									√		√	√	√			
AC Time Delay - CZ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, (Except SF & MF CZ 1,5,6 and MF CZ 3)	√		√	√	√											
Duct Sealing CZ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 16	√			√	√											
- CZ 7,10					√		√	√								
- CZ 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,10,13,14,15,16														√		√
Evaporative Coolers																
-CZ 10,13,14,15,16									√		√	√				
- CZ 1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12,13, 14, 16 (Except MH CZ 1)	√			√	√											

Formatted: Font: 10 pt
Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

~~(August, 2010,)~~

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

Measure ¹	PG&E				SDG&E				SCE	SCG	Avail. to Renters	
	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters	S/F	M/F	M/H	Avail. to Renters				S/F
Enclosure												
Envelop/Air Sealing Measures²												
- CZ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16	√	√	√	√								
- CZ 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16										√	√	√
- CZ 6, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16 Electric Heated Home								√	√	√	√	
- CZ 6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15 Electric Heated Home					√	√	√	√				
- CZ 7, 10, 14, 15 Gas Heated Home					√		√	√				
Attic Insulation												
CZ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16	√	√		√								
- CZ 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16										√	√	√
- CZ 6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15 Electric					√	√		√				
- CZ 7, 10, 14, 15 Gas (Except MF CZ 7)					√	√		√				

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~LIHEAP~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

Measure ¹	PG&E			Avail. to Renters	SDG&E			Avail. to Renters	SCE			Avail. to Renters	SCG			Avail. to Renters
	S/F	M/F	M/H		S/F	M/F	M/H		S/F	M/F	M/H		S/F	M/F	M/H	
Domestic Hot Water																
Faucet Aerators All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Low Flow Showerhead All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Water Heater ⁴ Repair/ Replacement - Gas - All CZ	√	√	√		√	√	√						√	√	√	
Water Heater Blanket All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√ ⁵	√	√
Water Heater Pipe Insulation All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√ ⁵	√	√
Thermostatic Shower Valve - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√					√	√	√	√
Lighting Measures																
CFL Lighting - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
Interior Hard wired CFL fixtures - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√								
Exterior Hard wired CFL fixtures - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√	√	√				
Torchiere All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
Occupancy Sensors - All C	√	√	√	√												
LED Night Light - All CZ					√	√	√	√								
Appliances																
Refrigerators - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
High Efficiency Clothes Washer - All - CZ					√	√	√	√					√	√	√	√
LIHEAP Appliances All CZ	√	√	√	√												
Microwave Ovens - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√								
Miscellaneous																
Pool Pumps - All CZ									√			√				
Smart Power Strip All - CZ					√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√				
Minor Home ³ Repairs - All - CZ	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

Formatted Table

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

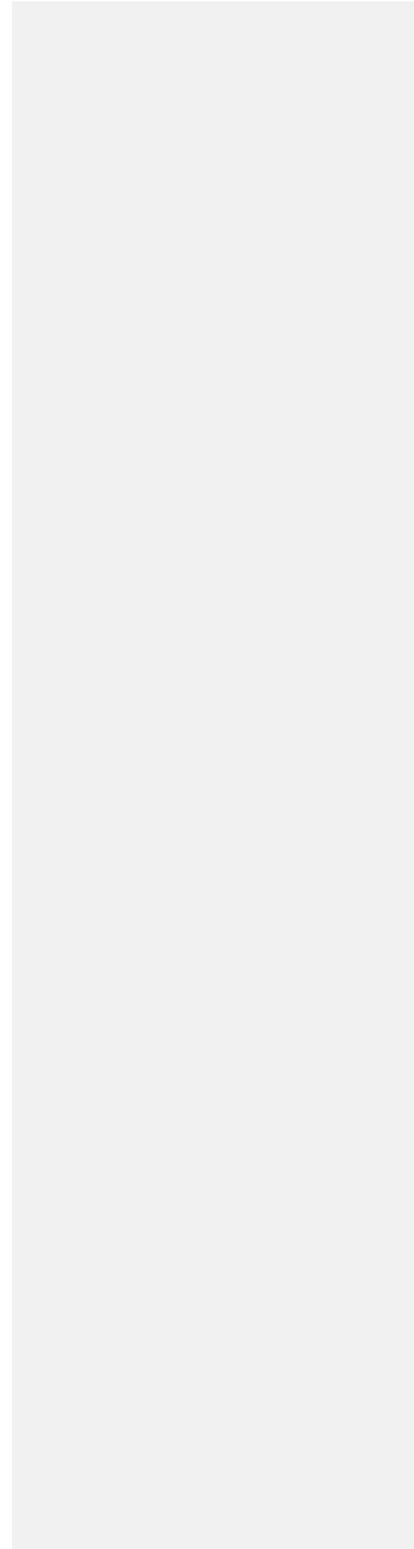
¹ Table 5-1 indicates the specific Program measures that may be provided to participants for the ESA Program in accordance with the California Installation Standards Manual. All measures are available to homeowners and renters except where shown in Table 5-1.

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt

Formatted: Font: 8 pt, Superscript

~~(August, 2010.)~~



California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~^{LIEE} Policy and Procedures Manual

² Includes Caulking, Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets, Evaporative Cooler Cover, Air Conditioner Cooler Cover, Attic Access Weather-Stripping Doors and Minor Home Repairs (which include repairs such as ceiling repair, cover plates, door jams, door patch/plate, door replacement, exhaust fan vents, exterior wall repair, foam wall patch, interior wall repair, glass replacements, glazing compounds, lock sets (exterior door) windowsill repair, thresholds, vent repair and alignment, and window repair). For the purposes of qualifying a home for the Program, these measures count as a single measure. If contractors are installing less than three measures in a home, they should refer to ~~Section 2.9 and Table 2.4, the "Needs for LIEE Services" section on page 23 and Table 9-1 on page 87.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

~~² Includes Low Flow Showerheads, Water Heater Blanket, Faucet Aerators, Water Heater Pipe Insulation. For the purposes of qualifying a home for the Program, these measures count as a single measure. If contractors are installing less than three measures in a home, they should refer to the "Needs for LIEE Services" section on page 23 and Table 9-1 on page 87.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

~~³ There are multiple sub-measures included under minor home repairs. Minor home repairs are constituted by services that either reduce infiltration (e.g., window repairs), mitigate a hazardous condition, or accommodate the installation of Program measures (e.g., attic venting). For the purposes of qualifying a home for the Program, all minor home repairs (combined) count as a single measure.~~

Formatted: Font: 10 pt, Superscript

~~⁴ For owner occupied, furnace repairs and replacements fall under the category of minor home repairs, and are provided only when necessary to mitigate NGAT fails and pursuant to the installation of infiltration-reduction measures. Water heater repairs and replacements are also considered minor home repairs, and are provided only to mitigate NGAT fails or to replace leaking water heater tanks. For the purposes of qualifying a home for the Program, all minor home repairs (combined) count as a single measure.~~

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt, Superscript

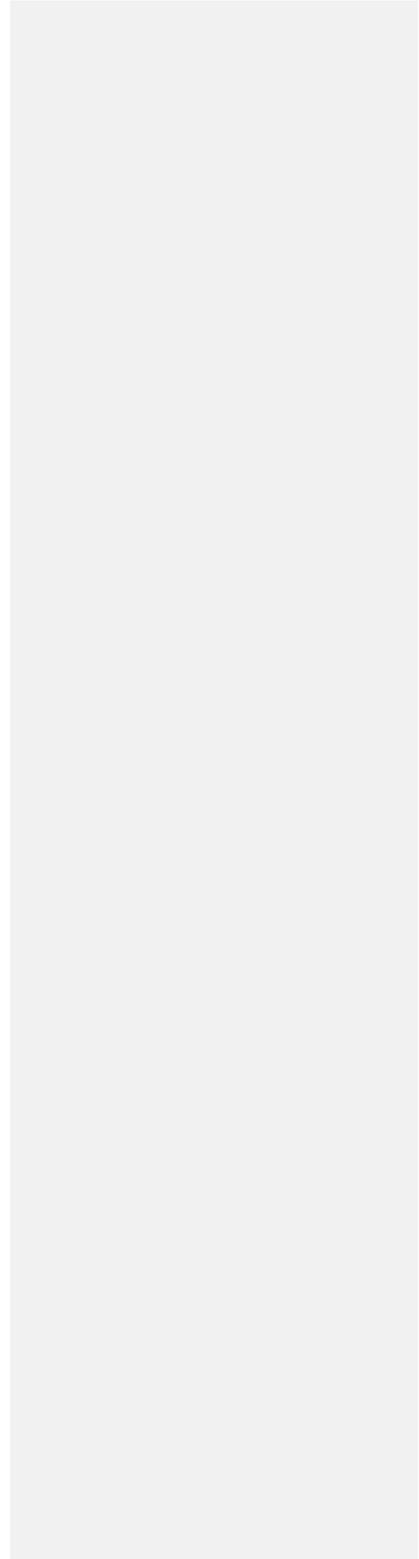
~~⁵ The water heater blanket and water heater pipe insulation measures are not currently approved for installation in owner-occupied multi-family dwellings for SoCalGas.~~

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt

~~In situations where there are questions regarding the interpretation of a certain measure, the Utilities shall use D.12-08-044 Attachment G in Commission D.08-11-031 as the overriding authority.~~

Formatted: Font: (Default) Arial, 8 pt

~~(August, 2010.)~~



6 Minor Home Repairs

6.1 Introduction

This section describes the ~~ESA Program~~LIEE policies and procedures relating to minor home repairs. Section 6.2 discusses the ~~specific~~ minor home repairs ~~that may be~~ provided through the ~~ESA~~LIEE Program. Section 6.3 describes Program limits on expenditures on general types of minor home repairs. Finally, Section 6.4 describes the prioritization criteria that will be used by Program Managers to prioritize repairs for a specific home when not all needed minor home repairs can be made within the constraints of the budget limits for that home.

6.2 Minor Home Repairs

Minor home repairs are repairs required to enable installation of weatherization measures, to reduce infiltration, or to mitigate a hazardous condition. Minor home repairs shall be done in a manner that maintains accessibility for customers with observed disabilities.

~~In owner-occupied homes receiving infiltration-reduction measures, minor home repairs may be include furnace repair or replacement and water heater repair or replacement, when~~ necessary to mitigate natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) fails that cannot be corrected with service by utility gas service personnel (or their designated representative). Such NGAT fails may include, but are not limited to, CO above the action level, inadequate draft, unsafe flue/vent pipe/system, unacceptable flame or flame change when air handler comes on, a non-operable appliance, or the absence of a furnace in cases where another gas appliance is used for space heating.

~~In all homes receiving infiltration-reduction measures, minor home repairs also include other corrections needed to pass the NGAT protocol, including but not limited to, adding combustion and ventilation air (CVA) venting, and other corrections, listed in Table 6-8. It is the general policy of the ~~ESA~~LIEE Program that these repairs must be made if they are needed and feasible, subject to budgetary limits. Table 6-1 through Table 6-8 present the minor home repairs that are provided under the LIEE Program. Table 6-1 lists general structural repairs. Table 6-2 enumerates repairs required to mitigate catastrophic envelope leaks. Table 6-3 lists repairs necessary to support the installation of attic insulation. Table 6-4 lists repairs required to support weather stripping and caulking. Table 6-5 indicates repairs required to install attic ventilation. Table 6-6 lists repairs required to support the installation of water heating measures. Finally, Table 6-7 enumerates repairs made to mitigate non-~~

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~^{LHEE} Policy and Procedures Manual

appliance hazards. Finally, Table 6-8 indicates repairs required to mitigate natural gas appliance fails.

Table 6-1: General Repairs

<p>Small holes in interior surface of wall between conditioned and unconditioned Space</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Repair holes 1” in diameter or smaller ☐ Repair holes between 1” and 6” 	<p>Windows</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Replace glazing compound ☐ Replace glass ☐ Replace sash ☐ Repair or replace mullions/muntins ☐ Install new window (not just glass) ☐ Install casing
<p>Exterior wall</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Patch stucco (up to 36 sq. in⁹) ☐ Replace missing siding 	

Table 6-2: Repairs Required to Mitigate Catastrophic Envelope Leaks

<p>Large holes in interior surface of wall between conditioned and unconditioned Space^{9,10}</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Repair large portion of drywall or plaster (up to 4 sq. ft.). ☐ Replace entire drywall or wood panels (up to 8 sq. ft.). 	<p>Windows and Doors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☐ Replace entire window ☐ Replace entire door
--	--

⁸ Replaced only with Program Manager’s approval on a case-by-case basis.

⁹ Structural/framing members not included.

¹⁰ Surface left in a prepared-for-paint condition.

Table 6-3: Repairs Required to Support Installation of Attic insulation

<p>Attic access</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install weather stripping <input type="checkbox"/> Repair access panel <input type="checkbox"/> Replace molding around access <input type="checkbox"/> Cut new access hole/opening (interior only and only between joists) 	<p>Retractable ladder</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install cover <input type="checkbox"/> Install frame and cover <input type="checkbox"/> Weather-strip opening
<p>Reconnect Duct</p>	<p>Repair holes in ceiling</p>
<p>Seal Return Plenum</p>	<p>Exhaust vent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Repair/replace bath vent pipe <input type="checkbox"/> Repair/replace kitchen vent pipe
<p>Closet vent/ceiling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Cover vent with flexible insulation <input type="checkbox"/> Install solid material to cover opening 	

Table 6-4: Repairs Required to Support Weather-stripping and Caulking

<p>Door Replacement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install door stops <input type="checkbox"/> Replace door <input type="checkbox"/> Replace door jamb <input type="checkbox"/> Plane bottom of door <input type="checkbox"/> Cut off bottom of door <input type="checkbox"/> Replace interior casing <input type="checkbox"/> Replace exterior casing <input type="checkbox"/> Replace complete pre-hung door unit <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust hinges <input type="checkbox"/> Replace hinges <input type="checkbox"/> Adjust loose screws <input type="checkbox"/> Replace lock <input type="checkbox"/> Replace existing night latch 	<p>Door Replacement (cont.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install/adjust striker plate <input type="checkbox"/> Repair/replace subseal^{††}
	<p>Threshold Repairs/Replacement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install new threshold <input type="checkbox"/> Seal threshold <input type="checkbox"/> Install riser
	<p>Caulking Preparation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install backer rod <input type="checkbox"/> Clean surface of dirt and oils

^{††}Subseal is directly under the riser which is directly under the threshold.

Table 6-5: Repairs Required to Install Attic Ventilation

<p>Gable vent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install new vent <input type="checkbox"/> Replace screen <input type="checkbox"/> Repair existing wooden vent 	<p>Eave/soffit vent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Clean screen <input type="checkbox"/> Replace screen <input type="checkbox"/> Install new vent
<p>Turbine/dormer vent</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install new vent <input type="checkbox"/> Repair existing vent 	

Table 6-6: Repairs Required to Install Water Heating Measures

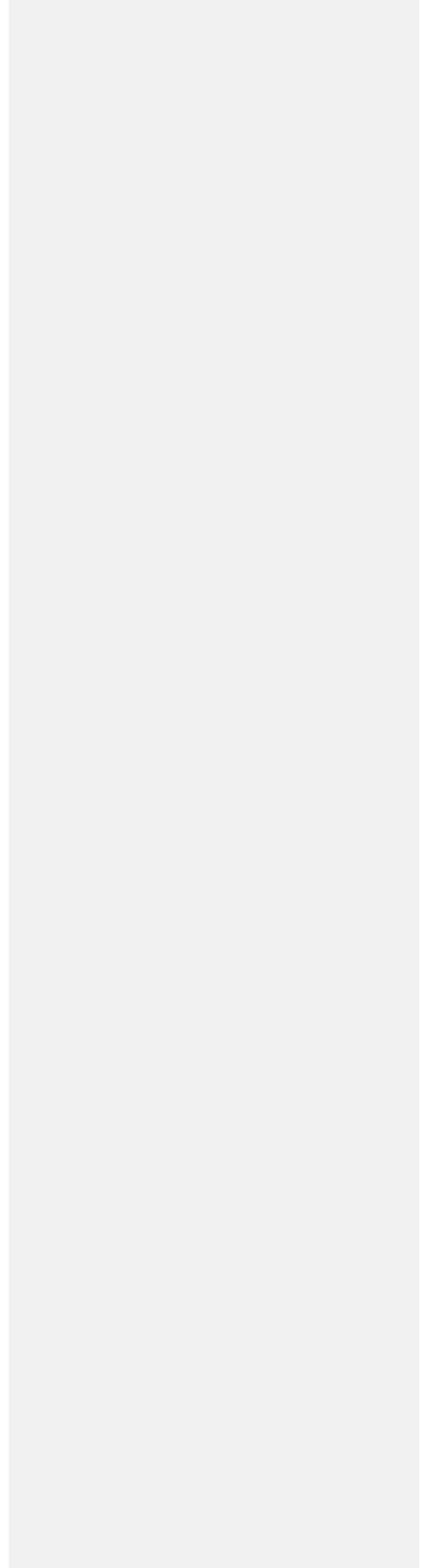
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Install combustion air vent <input type="checkbox"/> Install showerhead adapter

Table 6-7: Repairs Required to Mitigate Non-Appliance Hazards

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Replace broken/cracked switch/outlet covers <input type="checkbox"/> Remove combustible and flammable materials from combustion air vent proper clearance zone.

Table 6-8: Repairs Required to Mitigate Natural Gas Appliance Fails

<p>All Appliances</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Repair gas leaks <input type="checkbox"/> Replace soldered gas connector 	<p>Cooking Appliances</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Correct mobile home kitchen exhaust defect.
<p>Furnaces</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Correct CVA deficiency <input type="checkbox"/> Clear covered CVA vent opening/ screen <input type="checkbox"/> (Owner Occupied) Major Repair or Replacement for non-op or NGAT Fail not correctable by Service 	<p>Water Heaters</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Correct CVA deficiency <input type="checkbox"/> Extend vent pipe if termination is too close to evaporative cooler <input type="checkbox"/> Clear covered CVA vent opening/ screen <input type="checkbox"/> (Owner Occupied) Repair or Replacement for non-op or NGAT Fail not correctable by Service



6.3 Limits on Minor Home Repairs

There are two types of limits on costs incurred for minor home repairs, ~~including furnace repairs and replacements, water heater repairs and replacements, and other minor home repairs.~~

- **Average Cost Limits.** These are limits on the average cost of categories of service across all homes receiving the service in question. They are designed to provide overall cost control for the provision of these services.
- **Individual Home Limits.** These are defined as limits on the cost that can be incurred for an individual home without the specific approval of the utility Program Manager. Individual home limits are meant to provide for equity in the distribution of program funds across individual households but yet provide Program Managers enough flexibility to respond to individual customer needs and hardship situations.

These limits are presented in Table 6-9. It should be noted that the expenditure limits apply to all minor home repairs, including any actions taken to respond to gas leak/carbon monoxide emission problems identified during the utility's gas appliance testing procedures.

Table 6-9: Caps on Minor Home Repairs

Service	Average Cost per Home Receiving Service	Maximum Cost for Individual Home
Furnace Replacements Central Furnaces Wall/Floor/Direct Vent Furnaces	-	\$2,000¹ \$1,500
Water Heater Repairs and Replacements (Total Combined Cost for home receiving one or the other)	\$900	\$1,250
Other Minor Home Repairs	\$300	\$750
Furnace Repairs (restriction on repair expenditures relative to cost of replacement) Central Furnaces Wall/Floor/Direct Vent Furnaces	-	50%¹ 40%
Total of All Minor Home Repairs	-	\$2,500

¹ Does not include the costs of Title 24 compliance.

6.4 Prioritization of Minor Home Repairs

In the event that a contractor requests permission from the utility Program Manager to exceed the limit on minor home repairs, the Program Manager will base a decision on the status of the Contractor's minor home repair budget, the overall program budget, and the need for the repairs in question. If the Program Manager deems it necessary to limit expenditures on the home, measures will be prioritized using the following general priority list:

- Repairs needed to mitigate immediate hazards (e.g., repairs made to mitigate natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) fails, or door repairs where doors will not close or lock),
- Repairs needed to mitigate major infiltration sources (e.g., broken windows, holes in doors, etc.),
- Repairs required to permit the installation of a measure, and
- Other repairs.

7 Measure Installation Policies and Procedures

7.1 Introduction

This section presents ~~ESA Program~~LIEE policies for Program measures that are covered in the ~~ESA Program~~LIEE Installation Standards Manual. Subsection 7.2 specifies general policies that apply to all measures, including contractor installation, installation standards, safety, site clean up, and other policies. ~~Subsection 7.3 identifies non-feasibility criteria and other policies applicable to individual measures and minor home repairs. These measure-specific policies are also listed in the LIEE Installation Standards Manual.~~

7.2 General Installation Policies

7.2.1. Introduction

Several general policies relating to the installation of Program measures must be followed by installation personnel. These policies are presented below. ~~_~~

7.2.2. Installation by Contractor

Measures must be installed by the contractor. Dropping off materials for later installation by the customer is not permitted under this Program.

7.2.3. Installation Standards

All measures must be installed in conformance with the ~~ESA Program~~LIEE Installation Standards Manual. ~~s~~. These standards are intended to meet or exceed existing codes and regulations, and to conform to accepted building practices. When a conflict exists between these installation standards and local codes, the more stringent requirement shall take precedence. Copies of these ~~i~~Installation ~~S~~standards ~~M~~manuals may be obtained by using the contact information provided in Section 1.1.

7.2.4. Safety

Contractors must plan and conduct all work in a manner that is consistent with the safety of persons and property. All work shall be conducted in compliance with reasonable and safe working practices and with applicable federal, state, and local laws. For instance, the Contractor is responsible for complete compliance with California Occupational Safety and Health Standards.

California Statewide ~~ESA Program~~ ~~IEE~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

It is the responsibility of each program contractor to establish and maintain a safety program for all work undertaken for the ~~ESA/IEE~~ Program. It is also the responsibility of each contractor to ensure that all employees observe safety rules by complying with all required safety precautions and regulations. Contractors must ensure that their staff members receive appropriate training in the safe and proper use of the tools associated with the installation of each ~~ESA/IEE~~ Program measure.

7.2.5. Installation of Feasible Measures

It is the policy of the CPUC that ~~ESA/IEE~~ Program Contractors must install all feasible measures unless, after communicating the benefits of installing the new measure(s), the customer specifically refuses the measure(s). If the installer determines that a measure cannot be installed, the reason shall be recorded and made available to the utility or its designee.

7.2.6. Lead-Safe Practices

~~Contractors shall conduct lead-safe practices shall be employed when working with pre-1978/1979 painted materials in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and codes. Lead-safe practices for specific measures are listed in the California Installation Standards Manual, per Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 1532.1, and Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 36000, et seq.~~

7.2.7. Site Clean-Up Policies

The Contractor must maintain all work sites and related structures, equipment and facilities in a clean, orderly condition during all work conducted under the ~~ESA/IEE~~ Program. Any unused or leftover materials, garbage and debris must be promptly removed from the customer's premises by the Contractor and disposed of at the Contractor's expense. The customer's premises must be left in a clean and orderly condition at the end of each day and at the completion of work.

7.2.8. Recycling and Disposal Policy

The contractor shall properly dispose and recycle replaced measures in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and codes. Specific disposal and recycling policies and procedures of measures are listed in the California Installation Standards Manual.

7.2.98. Weatherization of Mobile Homes

Mobile homes with open combustion furnaces or water heaters drawing air from inside the conditioned space may not have infiltration reduction measures installed under the ~~ESA/IEE~~ Program. In addition, attic insulation (and therefore attic duct reconnection) is not a measure for mobile homes.

~~7.3 Measure-Specific Policies~~

~~7.3.1. Introduction~~

~~This section describes Statewide LIEE policies and procedures that are specific to the installation of specific measures and minor home repairs. Two kinds of policies and procedures are covered: 1) non-feasibility criteria and 2) other policies and procedures. Non-~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

feasibility criteria formalize conditions under which measures *may not* be installed in specific homes. In general, non-feasibility conditions refer to cases where a specific measure:

- ~~☐ Is present,~~
- ~~☐ Is refused by the customer,~~
- ~~☐ Cannot be physically installed,~~
- ~~☐ Cannot be installed without risk to the household or the contractor, or~~
- ~~☐ Is prohibited by code or Program policy.~~

Other policies and procedures are those policies which typically tell when, where, and under what circumstances a measure can be installed. Policies related to billing practices are excluded from this list, but may be covered by utility contracts with installation contractors.

Non-feasibility criteria and other policies and procedures are presented for the following LIEE-Program measures and specific minor home repairs (MHRs): Note—Not all measures listed are offered in all utility service territories or climate zones.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> = Weather Stripping Doors = Attic insulation = Water Heater Insulation = Water Heater Pipe Insulation = Central Air Conditioner Service/Tune-up = Cover Plate Gaskets = Energy Saver Showerheads = Faucet Aerators = Evaporative Cooler and Air Conditioner Vent Covers = High Efficiency Room Air Conditioners = High Efficiency Central Air Conditioners = HE Clothes Washers = FAU Standing Pilot Light Conversion = Microwaves = Occupancy Sensor | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> = Caulking = Minor Home Repair¹² = Thread-Based Compact Fluorescent Lamps = Exterior Hardwired CFL Fixtures = Energy Efficient Torchiere Lamps = Interior Hardwired CFL Fixtures = Evaporative Cooler Installation = Furnace Repair/Replacement (MHR) = Water Heater Repair/Replacement (MHR) = Refrigerator Replacement = Duct Testing and Sealing¹³ = Furnace Clean and Tune = Pool Pump Replacement = LED Night Lights = Thermostatic Shower Valve |
|---|---|

Formatted: Font: 12 pt, Superscript

Formatted: Superscript

¹² Minor Home Repairs are discussed in Section 6 of the P&P Manual.

¹³ Duct testing and sealing are offered as a distinct measures, as well as a means of complying with Title 24 when alterations are made to the existing appliance. Different policies apply to these two applications.

7.3.2. Caulking

Non-Feasibility Criteria. Caulking shall not be applied:

- ~~If the existing caulking is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~To cracks that do not penetrate the building envelope;~~
- ~~To cracks that are too wide to be caulked (wider than 5/8") and must be repaired/patched, or~~
- ~~If customer refuses caulking. **Other**~~

Policies. Three other policies relate to caulking:

- ~~For homes with lapped siding, caulk shall be applied in standard locations such as door thresholds, door stops, and gaps between different materials, etc. However, seams between lapped siding must not be caulked.~~
- ~~When exterior caulking is required above the first story, it shall be applied whenever the area requiring caulking is readily accessible.~~
- ~~For mobile homes, caulking should be applied to the interior only.~~

7.3.3. Weather Stripping Doors

Non-Feasibility Criteria. Weather stripping shall not be applied:

- ~~If the existing weather stripping is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~If the door is located between two conditioned or two unconditioned spaces;~~
- ~~To doors in multi-unit dwellings that separate the living space from heated hallway;~~
- ~~To doors and/or frames with a fire rating greater than 20 minutes;~~
- ~~When a functional storm door is present, or~~
- ~~If the customer refuses installation of weather stripping. Weather~~

~~stripping shall not be applied to appliance closet doors when:~~

- ~~The combustion appliance receives air from conditioned space (i.e. combustion air grills are present in the enclosure door or wall), or~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~☐ Inadequate combustion air (as defined in the installation standards) is being supplied to the appliance.^{14,15}~~

Other Policies. Additional weather stripping policies include the following.

- ~~☐ The contractor may adjust existing weather stripping in lieu of replacement only if existing weather stripping is functional and creates a proper seal.~~
- ~~☐ Door shoe and threshold combinations must be installed unless proven to be non-feasible.~~
- ~~☐ A threshold should not be installed which exceeds 1" in height from the finished floor (1/2" in height for handicapped).~~
- ~~☐ When the installation of a door shoe and threshold combination is not feasible for the following reasons, an automatic sweep may be used:
 - ~~— Medical reasons, such as wheelchairs or walkers, require that the floor be as flat as possible;~~
 - ~~— Metal doors cannot be cut to accommodate a shoe;~~
 - ~~— Doors open outward and do not overlap a floor surface when closed. "Bumper" type thresholds may be used in this circumstance if a tripping hazard will not be created;~~
 - ~~— Finished floor is ceramic tile (100% seal at grout lines is not required);~~
 - ~~— The installation of a proper threshold requires carpet cutting or repair to wooden or concrete sills, and~~
 - ~~— The door is unusually expensive and might be aesthetically damaged by cutting.~~~~
- ~~☐ A stationary sweep can be used in lieu of an automatic sweep if a door shoe and threshold combination is not feasible and an automatic sweep cannot be installed.~~
- ~~☐ The use of flip-up sweeps is not allowed.~~

¹⁴This restriction covers two situations: when existing vents are inadequate, and when adequate vents cannot be added as a minor home repair.

¹⁵See the NGAT section of the Installation Standards Manual.

7.3.4. Attic insulation

Non-Feasibility Criteria Directly Related to Attic insulation. Attic insulation shall not be installed if any of the following criteria is applicable:

- ~~☐ In accordance with Table 7-1, the existing insulation level precludes raising the R-value.~~
- ~~☐ The roof is leaky or shows signs of water damage from leaks that have not been repaired.~~
- ~~☐ Adequate venting is not present and cannot be installed per installation standard attic ventilation guidelines.¹⁶~~
- ~~☐ Hazardous electrical wiring or other hazardous conditions are present.~~
- ~~☐ An enclosed cavity as defined in the installation standards is present.~~
- ~~☐ Exhaust vents terminating in the attic cannot be vented to the outside.¹⁷~~
- ~~☐ Disconnected or damaged space heating / cooling ducts are present and cannot be repaired.~~
- ~~☐ Attics having limited accessibility, as indicated when:

 - ~~— An inspector cannot gain safe physical access to all treated areas of the attic,~~
 - ~~— Clearance between top of ceiling joist and bottom of ridge board is less than 24 inches,~~
 - ~~— Structural obstructions, such as cross members of truss systems, provide an opening of less than 18 inches, or~~
 - ~~— Access requires crawling over/under HVAC ducts, and clearance is less than 18 inches.~~~~
- ~~☐ The structure is unsound and will not support the weight of the insulation and installer.~~
- ~~☐ Knob and Tube (K&T) Wiring is present and:

 - ~~— Functioning knob and tube wiring cannot be certified safe by a C-10 contractor.~~
 - ~~— Abandoned K&T wiring is present that cannot be disconnected and certified as abandoned by a C-10 contractor.~~
 - ~~— Insulation over K&T wiring (live or abandoned) is prohibited by local codes.~~~~
- ~~☐ The customer refuses installation of attic insulation.~~

¹⁶An appendix to the Installation Standards Manual addresses all aspects of vent area determination.

¹⁷This covers two situations that are covered as minor home repairs: Reconnecting exhaust vents and/or addition of exterior venting as covered in the Installation Standards Manual.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

Attic insulation Levels. The level of insulation to be installed varies across CEC climate zones and existing insulation levels, as shown in Table 7-1.

Table 7-1: Attic insulation Additions

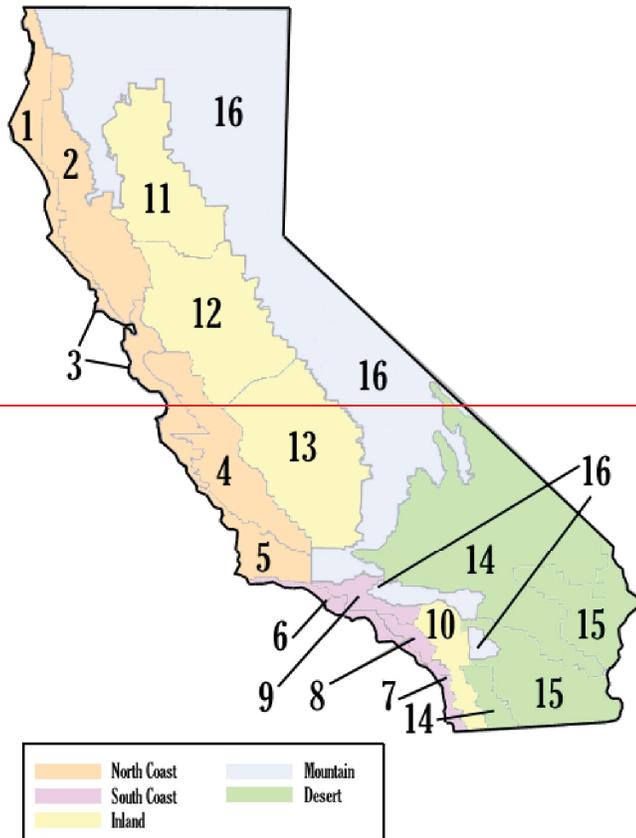
Climate Zone	Existing Insulation Level	Action
CEC Climate Zones 2–15	R-11 or less	Raise R Value to R-30
	More than R-11	Do not install additional insulation
CEC Climate Zones 1 and 16	R-19 or less	Raise R Value to R-38
	More than R-19	Do not install additional insulation

The actions listed in the third column of Table 7-1 refer to the final level of insulation, including any pre-existing values as well as insulation added under the program. These levels apply on a forward-looking basis; homes previously receiving lower levels of attic insulation under the LIEE program will not be revisited to bring insulation up to the new higher level.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

Figure 7-1 depicts the sixteen CEC Climate Zones. Climate Zones 1 and 16 have heating-degree days in excess of 5,000. Appendix A contains a list of the locations contained in each CEC Climate Zone.

Figure 7-1: CEC Climate Zones



Other Policies Directly Related to Attic Insulation. The other key policies that directly apply to attic insulation include the following:

- In cases where local jurisdiction mandates more insulation than required by the LIEE Program, contractors may install higher levels only after forwarding documentation of the more stringent requirements to and obtaining written authorization from the LIEE Program Manager.
- When no attic access exists, contractors will install one prior to installing attic insulation. Minimum dimensions of the new opening shall be 30" x 22" or as required by local code.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~If the gable vent is used for attic access, it must be hinged and large enough (18" x 18" minimum) to provide access for the inspector.~~
- ~~In the event holes are observed in attic firewalls while performing attic insulation, the prime contractor will document and notify the property owner of the existing condition.~~
- ~~There is no minimum attic square footage required for attic insulation.~~
- ~~Homes having (a) separate attics, or (b) contiguous attics consisting of different sections with various crawl clearances shall have insulation installed only in the sections which have the clearances specified above.~~
- ~~Before insulation is installed, duct leaks shall be sealed, disconnections shall be reconnected, and needed duct repairs shall be made in accordance with the Duct Sealing Standards section of the Installation Standards Manual.~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria Relating to Attic Ventilation.~~ ~~Attic Ventilation shall not be installed if:~~

- ~~The existing venting already meets installation standards,~~
- ~~Tiled hip roof without overhang, soffit, or accessible frieze blocks,~~
- ~~Attic insulation is non-feasible,~~
- ~~Roof mounted vents are the only option for adding venting, but the roof is tile, wood shingles, or in poor condition (e.g. more than three layers of roofing, roof unable to support additional vents),~~
- ~~The roof is a flat and/or built up roof as defined in the installation standards, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of additional vents.~~

~~Other Policies Relating to Attic Ventilation.~~ ~~There are no other policies that apply to attic ventilation.~~

~~7.3.5. Water Heater Blankets~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ ~~A water heater blanket shall not be installed on any water heater if:~~

- ~~The existing blanket is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards,~~
- ~~External insulation is specifically prohibited by the manufacturer,~~
- ~~A T&P relief valve, or gas shutoff valve, is not present, or is not located within 6' of the tank,~~
- ~~The T&P valve outlet is plugged or capped,~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The tank is exposed to the weather;~~
- ~~A leak in the tank or water pipes is present;~~
- ~~Plastic piping (e.g., CPVC) is present in the cold or hot water lines to/from the tank;~~
- ~~The tank is located within 12" of a stove, range, or cook top;~~
- ~~The water heater tank capacity is greater than 100 gallons; or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of a water heater blanket.~~

A water heater blanket shall not be installed on a gas water heater if any of the following criteria are applicable:

- ~~A gas leak is present.¹⁸~~
- ~~The vent pipe and/or draft hood is not properly installed including:¹⁸
 - ~~— No draft hood is present;~~
 - ~~— Two draft hoods are present; or~~
 - ~~— The vent pipe is defective or missing.~~~~
- ~~There is evidence of improper combustion and/or venting as characterized by:¹⁸
 - ~~— Large accumulation of soot near the draft hood or on the floor underneath; or~~
 - ~~— Scorching at the draft hood or combustion chamber.~~~~
- ~~There is no appliance line (gas shut off) valve present.~~
- ~~The combustion air supply is improper or inadequate according to installation standards¹⁹ as characterized by:¹⁸
 - ~~— The absence of both low and high vents (when required);~~
 - ~~— Vent size is too small;~~
 - ~~— Room volume is inadequate; or~~
 - ~~— The customer refuses modifications needed to create adequate combustion air supply.~~~~
- ~~Both burner access doors are missing.¹⁸~~
- ~~Internal insulation is R-12 or greater.~~
- ~~Perimeter clearance prior to blanket installation is less than 4" between tank and door, and less than 1" on sides and back.~~

A water heater blanket shall not be installed on an electric water heater if any of the following criteria are applicable:

- ~~Hazardous electrical wiring/conditions are present.~~

¹⁸ When these conditions exist, installers must contact the designated utility personnel.

¹⁹ See the NGAT section of the Installation Standards Manual.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The thermostat cover plate(s) not present.~~
- ~~Internal insulation is R-16 or greater.~~
- ~~Perimeter clearance prior to blanket installation is less than 1” on the front, sides, and back.~~

Other Policies. Only water heaters supplying hot water to residential units receiving other program measures are eligible to receive water heater blankets.

~~7.3.6. Water Heater Pipe Insulation~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ Water heater pipe insulation shall not be installed if:

- ~~The existing pipe insulation is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~Leak is present in tank or water pipes;~~
- ~~An unsafe condition is present that causes tank insulation to be nonfeasible.~~
- ~~The water heater pipes are exposed to the elements (especially sunlight, which can quickly degrade the insulation);~~
- ~~Less than 1 foot of continuous insulation can be installed;~~
- ~~Plastic piping (e.g., CPVC) is present in the cold or hot water lines to/from the tank;~~
- ~~Pipes are inaccessible or the configuration prevents proper installation, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of water heater pipe insulation.~~

Other Policies. There are no other policies relating to pipe insulation.

~~7.3.7. Cover Plate Gaskets~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ Cover plate gaskets shall not be installed if any of the following criteria are applicable:

- ~~There is evidence of electrical malfunction or hazard, such as:
 - ~~— Electrical box not permanently attached;~~
 - ~~— Loose electrical connection;~~
 - ~~— Signs of burning or charring or other evidence of hazardous wiring condition,~~
~~or~~
 - ~~— In a mobile home, aluminum wiring is present.~~~~
- ~~Gaskets are already present, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The cover plate is located on a wall between two conditioned or two unconditioned areas.~~
- ~~The cover plate is located behind furniture or major appliances that are too fragile or heavy to move.~~
- ~~Removal of the cover plate will damage the wall surface (paint, wallpaper, etc.).~~
- ~~The utility box is an odd size and standard gaskets will not work.~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of cover plate gaskets.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to cover plate gaskets:

- ~~All broken, cracked, or missing cover plates shall be replaced.~~
- ~~All gaskets must be contractor installed. No gaskets are to be left behind for customer installation.~~

~~7.3.8. Energy-Saver Showerheads~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ Energy saver (i.e. low flow) showerheads shall not be installed if the following criteria are applicable:

- ~~The existing showerhead(s):
 - ~~— Have a flow rate less than or equal to 2.5 gpm be functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current installation standards, or~~
 - ~~— Are required for medical reasons.~~~~
- ~~The existing shower arm:
 - ~~— Is made of plastic (including ball joint);~~
 - ~~— Is cracked, broken, or missing, or~~
 - ~~— Requires removal.~~~~
- ~~The shower is not mechanically functional.~~
- ~~Standard metal adapters will not work.~~
- ~~Piping is in such poor condition that showerhead installation could cause plumbing problems.~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of low flow showerheads.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to energy saver (low flow) showerheads:

- ~~All existing showerheads with a flow rate greater than 2.5 gpm flow and not required for medical reasons shall be replaced with low flow showerheads.~~
- ~~Replaced showerheads may be left with the customer or the property manager only if requested.~~

7.3.9. Faucet Aerators²⁰

Non-Feasibility Criteria. ~~Faucet aerators may not be installed if:~~

- ~~Aerators are already present and functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~The faucet has a special fitting for attaching an appliance (e.g., portable dishwasher);~~
- ~~The faucet does not provide hot water;~~
- ~~The faucet or faucet threads are found to be damaged and/or leaky;~~
- ~~Removal of the existing aerator is likely to cause damage to the aerator or the faucet;~~
- ~~Standard aerators will not fit, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of faucet aerators.~~

Other Policies. ~~There are no other policies with respect to faucet aerators.~~

7.3.10. Evaporative Cooler and Room Air Conditioner Vent Covers

Non-Feasibility Criteria for Evaporative Cooler Covers. ~~Evaporative cooler covers shall not be installed if:~~

- ~~An existing evaporative cooler vent cover is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~The vent(s) serving the evaporative cooler is (are) shared with a heating system;~~
- ~~The evaporative cooler is ducted with multiple supply vents/registers, and it is impossible to equip all of them with covers;~~
- ~~Water damage to the ceiling or wall area around the vent register is evident, prevents proper cover installation, and cannot be repaired;~~
- ~~The vent/register opening is so close to the wall or ceiling that proper installation of the cover is impossible;~~
- ~~Electrical wiring/plug/receptacle interferes with proper installation, and furring is not a feasible option;~~
- ~~An external cover is already present, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of evaporative cooler vent covers.~~

²⁰ ~~Faucet aerators are integrated into the energy saver showerheads section of the Installation Standards Manual.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Room Air Conditioner Unit Covers.~~ Air conditioner covers shall not be installed if:

- ~~An existing air conditioner vent cover is functioning properly, even if not installed in accordance with current Installation Standards;~~
- ~~Water damage to the window or wall area around the unit/vent is evident, prevents proper cover installation, and cannot be repaired;~~
- ~~The vent/unit is so close to the wall that proper installation of the cover is impossible, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of air conditioner vent covers.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to evaporative cooler and room air conditioner covers:

- ~~A shop built wooden vent cover can be used only when a commercially manufactured cover is not available.~~
- ~~Each cover must be checked for proper fit. Removal and reinstallation must be demonstrated to the customer.~~
- ~~In the cooling season when the cooler or room air conditioner is in use, the Contractor can leave the cover uninstalled after the initial installation and customer instruction.~~

~~7.3.11. Exterior Door Replacements~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ An exterior door shall not be replaced if:

- ~~The door can be repaired rather than replaced;~~
- ~~The door is structurally sound and provides an adequate barrier to infiltration;~~
- ~~Door jamb is not structurally sound and cannot be repaired or replaced within the Minor Home Repair cap, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses door replacement.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ There are no other policies relating to door replacement.

~~7.3.12. Window Replacements~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ An exterior window shall not be replaced if:

- ~~The window can be repaired rather than replaced;~~
- ~~The window is structurally sound and provides an adequate barrier to infiltration;~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The window is located above the first floor of a structure and installation will present unsafe working conditions;~~
- ~~In mobile homes, window replacement will require removal of siding, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses door/window replacement.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ All window replacements require written pre-approval from the LIEE Program Manager.

~~7.3.13. Glass Replacement~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ Window glass shall not be replaced if:

- ~~A small hole, 1/4" or less, is present and can be patched with clear silicone or clear glass repair tape;~~
- ~~There is only one crack less than 6" long, extending from edge to edge, that cannot come loose from the frame to pose a safety hazard;~~
- ~~The complete window will be replaced, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses glass replacement.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to glass replacement.

- ~~When only one pane in a dual pane window is cracked, the unit does not require repair/replacement. If one pane of a dual pane window is broken, all shards must be removed.~~
- ~~Polycarbonate glazing is allowed only with written pre-approval from the LIEE Program Manager.~~

~~7.3.14. Thread-Based Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs)~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ A thread-based CFL shall not be installed:

- ~~In a socket/fixture that is nonfunctional;~~
- ~~In a fixture that already has a functional CFL;~~
- ~~If hazardous conditions exist at the socket/fixture;~~
- ~~In a circuit that is controlled by a solid state timer;~~
- ~~In a circuit that is controlled by a dimmer that is not compatible with available CFLs;~~
- ~~In a fixture located in a storage room, closet, or multifamily common area;~~
- ~~In any fixture that is not operable by the customer (i.e., on their electric meter/bill), or~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~If the customer refuses installation of CFLs.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to Thread Based Compact Fluorescent Lamps (CFLs):

- ~~Incandescent light bulbs are to be removed after a CFL has been installed unless the customer asks to keep the old bulb(s).~~

~~7.3.15. Exterior Hard-Wired Compact Fluorescent Lamp Light Fixtures Non-Feasibility Criteria.~~ An exterior hard-wired CFL fixture shall not be installed:

- ~~If the existing location of the fixture is not suitable;~~
- ~~If a thread-based CFL will fit in the existing fixture;~~
- ~~In an electrical box that is substandard and/or cannot be properly secured;~~
- ~~Where wiring is substandard, in a deteriorated condition, and/or rewiring is necessary;~~
- ~~In a circuit that does not operate properly (e.g., defective switch);~~
- ~~In a circuit that is controlled by a solid-state timer;~~
- ~~In a circuit that is controlled by a dimmer that is not compatible with available hard-wired CFL fixtures;~~
- ~~Existing fixture is in a wet location, and a grounding conductor is not available;~~
- ~~If the existing fixture is not on the customer's electric meter/bill, or~~
- ~~If the customer refuses installation of CFL fixture(s).~~

~~Other Policies.~~ There are three other policies relating to hard-wired CFL exterior light fixtures:

- ~~Hard-wired CFL exterior light fixtures may be installed only in single family non-mobile homes;~~
- ~~No more than an average of three fixtures may be installed, and~~
- ~~Replaced exterior light fixtures may be left with the customer or the property manager only if requested.~~

~~7.3.16 Room Evaporative Cooler Installation~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Room Evaporative Coolers.~~ A room evaporative cooler shall not be installed if:

- ~~The customer has an operational evaporative cooler;~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~Proper electrical service is not present;~~
- ~~Substandard wiring exists (e.g., ungrounded outlets or decayed insulation and/or exposed wires);~~
- ~~Proper exhaust ventilation is not present;~~
- ~~No feasible window or wall location is available;~~
- ~~Exterior clearance requirements cannot be met;~~
- ~~Egress requirements cannot be met;~~
- ~~Wood windows are decayed or deteriorated;~~
- ~~Siding is decayed or damaged; or~~
- ~~The customer refuses installation of the evaporative cooler.~~

Other Policies. There are three other policies for this measure:

- ~~Customer must have an operational refrigerated air conditioning unit;~~
- ~~For single family homes and mobile homes, evaporative coolers are available only in those climate zones reflected in Table 5-1, and~~
- ~~Evaporative coolers may not be installed in multi-family homes.~~

7.3.17. Furnace Repair and Replacement

Non-Feasibility Criteria for All Furnaces. A furnace shall not be repaired or replaced if:

- ~~The property is renter occupied;~~
- ~~Fuel used by the existing unit is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE-Program services;~~
- ~~The existing furnace is inaccessible;~~
- ~~Ducts cannot be brought into compliance with the Duct Sealing Section of the Installation Standards Manual.~~
- ~~No furnace is present and no natural gas line or electric outlet is available to accommodate the installation of a furnace;~~
- ~~The customer refuses furnace repair or replacement;~~

Non-Feasibility Criteria for (Central/Ducted) Furnaces in Conventional Homes. A central furnace in a conventional home shall not be repaired or replaced if:

- ~~For roof mounted units, the roof is not structurally adequate to support the installation;~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- Adequate access and/or combustion air cannot be provided, or
- Disconnected or damaged space heating ducts are present and cannot be repaired.

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for (Central/Ducted) Furnaces in Mobile Homes.~~

~~A central furnace in a mobile home shall not be repaired or replaced if:~~

- Required furnace drawing combustion air from outdoors, and/or furnace components or flue system that are listed and labeled for manufactured home installation, cannot be obtained;
- Adequate access and/or combustion air cannot be provided;
- Depressurization by the forced air unit's non-ducted return system adversely affects an open combustion appliance, and correction is not feasible;
- Disconnected ducts or catastrophic leaks are present and cannot reasonably be repaired, or
- A leaky belly cavity or roof cavity return exists and a central return system will not be installed.

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Wall/Floor (Non-Ducted) Furnaces.~~ A wall or floor furnace shall not be repaired or replaced if:

- Adequate access and/or combustion air cannot be provided, or
- Existing open combustion appliance is in a location prohibited by the replacement unit instructions or local code, and relocation to an approved location is not feasible.

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Installation or Repairs Requiring Attic or Crawl Space Access.~~ In the event that attic or crawl space access is required for the installation or repair of wall/floor furnaces, the installation or repair of a furnace will be considered nonfeasible if:

- Attic clearance is less than 24" between the top of ceiling joists and the bottom of the ridge board, or
- Crawl space clearance is less than 18" from the ground to the bottom of the floor joist system, or
- Any of the following conditions is present in the crawl space area where access is required: hazardous insect infestation; excessive ground moisture (standing water or mud); or sewage waste on ground or other unsanitary conditions posing a health and safety hazard.

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Central Air Conditioner Replacement.~~ Central air conditioner replacement as part of furnace replacement is non-feasible if:

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The heating system can be repaired with the existing refrigeration equipment intact;~~
- ~~For roof mounted units, the roof is not structurally adequate to support the installation;~~
- ~~Electrical service requirements cannot be met;~~
- ~~Split system line set is inadequate, or~~
- ~~System airflow is inadequate.~~
- ~~In mobile homes, a leaky belly cavity or roof cavity return exists, and a central return system will not be installed.~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for the Installation of Programmable/Setback Thermostats.~~ Programmable/Setback Thermostats shall not be installed if:

- ~~The furnace is not being replaced or repaired;~~
- ~~The furnace is being repaired, and a properly functioning thermostat is present;~~
- ~~A programmable/setback thermostat is already present and operational.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for HVAC Air Filters.~~ HVAC unit air filters shall not be replaced if:

- ~~A serviceable filter is already present;~~
- ~~The furnace will not be repaired;~~
- ~~The types of filters provided by the program are specifically prohibited by the appliance manufacturer;~~
- ~~Filter replacement would require removal of a flue, duct, or pipe, or~~
- ~~The proper filter support or retaining device is not present and installation is not feasible.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ The following other policies apply to furnace repairs and replacements:

- ~~Furnace repair or replacement may be provided only when the appliance fails NGAT, and correction cannot be achieved with Service/Adjustment²¹ by utility gas service personnel (or their designated representative).²²~~

²¹Service/Adjustment of an appliance entails providing services that are within the scope of the gas service department for customers in general.

²²Note that NGAT fails include cases where a furnace is non-operable, or where no furnace is present in the case where another gas appliance is used for space heating.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~☐ Furnace replacements and major furnace repairs may be provided only if the residence is owner-occupied. Service/Adjustment may also be conducted in renter-occupied homes.~~
- ~~☐ A furnace will not be replaced if Title 24 provisions relating to alternations cannot be satisfied.~~
- ~~☐ A furnace that is not abandoned or inaccessible and that cannot be made operable through servicing, fails the NGAT.~~
- ~~☐ Furnace repairs and replacements will be provided only if the fuel used by the furnace is supplied by the utility providing LIEE Program services.~~
- ~~☐ Furnace replacement will not include hazardous material abatement, major structural alteration, concrete work, painting, or floor covering.~~
- ~~☐ A central furnace may be repaired only if the cost of repairing the unit would be less than 50% of the cost of replacement. A wall, floor or direct vent furnace may be repaired only if the cost of repairing the unit would be less than 40% of the cost of replacement.~~
- ~~☐ An air conditioning unit may be replaced in conjunction with a furnace replacement if:
 - ~~– the unit being replaced is a combined forced air heating and central AC package system, also referred to as a dual pack (i.e. the AC and furnace is manufactured as one unit and is housed in a single sheet metal housing); or~~
 - ~~– the furnace being replaced is part of a split forced air heating and AC system and the AC evaporative coil and/or the outside system cannot be matched with the new furnace. However, AC replacement must not require refrigerant line replacement.~~~~
- ~~☐ Replaced units must be de-manufactured in compliance with all laws and regulations.~~
- ~~☐ Installer must have a C-20 license.~~
- ~~☐ A programmable thermostat may be installed only if (a) a central furnace or central air conditioner is replaced (a programmable thermostat is required by Title 24 when a central heating system and/or a central air conditioner is replaced), or (b) a central furnace or central air conditioner is repaired and a properly functioning thermostat is not present.~~
- ~~☐ Prior to installation, contractors installing programmable thermostats shall explain the operation of these thermostats and provide the customer an opportunity to refuse the measure.~~
- ~~☐ Thermostats may be moved to resolve short cycling problems in mobile homes.~~
- ~~☐ HVAC filters may be replaced only as part of central furnace repair or central air conditioner replacement.~~
- ~~☐ Contractors who replace filters must show customers how to remove, clean and re-install the filters.~~

~~7.3.18. Natural Gas Water Heater Repair or Replacement~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Natural Gas Water Heater Replacement.~~ A natural gas water heater shall not be replaced if:

- ~~The property is renter occupied;~~
- ~~Fuel used by the existing unit is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE-Program services;~~
- ~~The existing water heater is inaccessible;~~
- ~~The drain line for the T&P valve or drain pan cannot be properly terminated outdoors or to an approved indoor drain if required by local code, or a gas shutoff valve and pressure relief valve cannot be installed in lieu of a T&P valve and drain line;~~
- ~~Required access, clearance or combustion air cannot be provided;~~
- ~~Structure/floor cannot properly and safely support the installation;~~
- ~~No suitable mounting locations for seismic bracing are available;~~
- ~~A safety hazard is present which cannot be repaired (e.g., vent system defect, nonconforming gas piping);~~
- ~~A watertight pan cannot be installed under the unit when required;~~
- ~~A plumbing condition exists which prevents achieving satisfactory water pipe connections;~~
- ~~A whole house fan is present, the existing water heater is in the attic, and a closed-combustion unit cannot be installed;~~
- ~~The unit is a central water heater serving more than one unit, or~~
- ~~The customer refuses water heater replacement.~~

~~Non-Feasibility Criteria for Natural Gas Water Heater Repair.~~ A natural gas water heater shall not be repaired if:

- ~~The property is renter occupied;~~
- ~~Fuel used by the existing unit is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE-Program services;~~
- ~~The existing water heater is inaccessible;~~
- ~~Proper combustion air cannot be provided;~~
- ~~A safety hazard is present which cannot be repaired;~~
- ~~The unit is a central water heater serving more than one unit, or~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~☐ The customer refuses water heater repair.~~

Other Policies. The following other policies apply to water heater repairs and replacements:

- ~~☐ Water heater repair or replacement may be provided only when (a) the appliance fails NGAT, and correction cannot be achieved with Service/Adjustment by utility gas service personnel (or their designated representative) or (b) the tank has a water leak.~~
- ~~☐ Water heater replacements and major repairs may be provided only if the residence is owner-occupied. Service/Adjustment may also be conducted in renter-occupied homes.~~
- ~~☐ Water heater repairs and replacements will be provided only if the fuel used by the appliance is supplied by the utility providing LIEE Program services.~~
- ~~☐ Water heater replacement will not include hazardous material abatement, major structural alteration, concrete work, painting, or floor covering.~~
- ~~☐ A water heater may be repaired only if the cost of repairing the unit would be less than 50% of the cost of replacement.~~

7.3.19. Refrigerator Replacement

Non-Feasibility Criteria. Refrigerators shall not be replaced if:

- ~~☐ Any refrigerator to be removed was manufactured after 1992.~~
- ~~☐ The electrical outlet used by the existing refrigerator is not properly grounded and cannot be properly grounded,~~
- ~~☐ Floor is not level and cannot safely support a new refrigerator,~~
- ~~☐ The refrigerator is not accessible for removal (e.g., doors from room are too small, refrigerator is encased in tile),~~
- ~~☐ Hazardous electrical conditions exist at the outlet used by the existing refrigerator, or~~
- ~~☐ The customer refuses refrigerator replacement.~~ **Other Policies.** Other policies

that apply to refrigerator replacement include the following:

- ~~☐ The minimum size for primary refrigerators replaced under the LIEE Program is 10 cubic feet.~~
- ~~☐ One of the refrigerators replaced under the Program must be a primary refrigerator. The primary refrigerator is the main refrigerator in the home, usually the kitchen refrigerator.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~☐ The size of the replacement refrigerator shall be approximately equal to the size of the existing unit. When two refrigerators and/or freezers are exchanged for a single unit, the replacement unit may not be larger than the combined size of the two existing units, and may not be larger than 23 cubic feet.~~
- ~~☐ Space must be physically large enough to accommodate the new refrigerator, with entrance and passageways sufficient to allow removal of the existing refrigerator.~~
- ~~☐ Contractor shall dispose and recycle (de-manufacture) replaced refrigerators in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations and codes. Contractor represents that it has knowledge of the Metal Discard Act, effective January 1, 1994, which prohibits disposal of refrigerators/freezers in landfills.~~

7.3.20. High Efficiency Room Air Conditioner

Non-feasibility Criteria. High efficiency room air conditioners shall not be installed:

- ~~☐ If the air conditioner to be replaced is operational and is less than 15 years old.~~
- ~~☐ If electric service requirements cannot be met.~~
- ~~☐ If a structurally sound mounting platform and/or suitable mounting location is not available.~~
- ~~☐ If the measure is refused by the customer. **Other**~~

Policies. The following other policies apply to this measure:

- ~~☐ High efficiency room air conditioners may be installed only in those climate zones reflected in Table 5-1.~~
- ~~☐ Replacement unit must have a minimum EER of 10.7.~~
- ~~☐ Replaced units must be de-manufactured in compliance with all laws and regulations.~~
- ~~☐ All units must be adequately supported and braced.~~

7.3.21. High Efficiency Central Air Conditioners

Non-feasibility Criteria. The replacement of high efficiency air conditioners will be considered non-feasible if:

- ~~☐ The existing air conditioner is not operational,~~
- ~~☐ For PG&E and SDG&E, the central AC has a SEER greater than 9.0,~~
- ~~☐ For SCE, the central air conditioner has a SEER greater than 10.0 or is less than 10 years old,~~
- ~~☐ The property is renter-occupied, except in SCE territory,~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- Existing system is a combined HVAC unit and the unit has not passed the pre-weatherization NGAT;
- For a roof-mounted unit, the roof is not structurally adequate to support the installation;
- Electrical service requirements cannot be met;
- Ducts cannot be brought into compliance with the Duct Sealing Section of the Installation Standards Manual;
- Existing HVAC unit is a combined fuel unit and the gas is not provided by one of the IOUs;
- Duct system is inadequate;
- Split system refrigerant line set is inadequate; or
- Customer refuses.

The unit is a mobile home, and either of the following conditions is present:

- Depressurization by the FAU non-ducted return system adversely affects an open-combustion appliance, and correction is not feasible; or
- Abandonment of a leaky-belly cavity or roof cavity return is required but not feasible.

In the event that the replacement of the central air conditioning system requires attic or crawl-space access, replacement will be considered non-feasible if:

- Attic crawl clearances do not meet required minimums:
 - Clearance between top of ceiling joist and bottom of ridge board is less than 24 inches; or
 - Access requires crawling over/under HVAC ducts, and clearance is less than 18 inches.
- Crawl space clearance is less than 18" from the ground to the bottom of the floor joist system;
- There is hazardous insect or pest infestation;
- There is excessive ground moisture (standing water or mud);
- There is sewage waste on the ground or other unsanitary conditions posing a health and safety hazard.

Non-feasibility Criteria for Programmable/Setback Thermostats. Programmable/Setback Thermostats shall not be installed:

- If a programmable/setback thermostat is already present and operational.
- If the measure is refused by the customer.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

Other Policies. The following other policies will apply to central air conditioner replacements:

- Central air conditioner replacements will be offered only in Title 24 climate zones 14 and 15 and other climate zones as reflected in Table 5-1.
- A programmable/setback thermostat may be installed only if a central air conditioner is replaced (a programmable thermostat is required by Title 24 when a central air conditioning system is replaced).
- Prior to installation, contractors installing programmable thermostats shall explain the operation of these thermostats and provide the customer an opportunity to refuse the measure.
- Thermostats may be moved to resolve short cycling problems in mobile homes.
- HVAC filters may be replaced only as part of central furnace repair or central air conditioner replacement.
- Contractors who replace filters must show customers how to remove, clean and re-install the filters.
- Replacement of refrigerant line sets is beyond the scope of this Program.

7.3.22. Duct Testing and Sealing as a Program Measure

Non-feasibility Criteria for Duct Testing as a Program Measure. Duct testing as a program measure will be considered non-feasible if:

- Ductwork contains excessive damage or deterioration that would preclude proper testing;
- If the replacement of 40 or more feet of duct in unconditioned space would be necessary;
- Ductwork contains or is made of asbestos;
- Ductwork is insulated or sealed with asbestos;
- Ductwork is inaccessible or an unsafe condition exists, causing duct testing to be unfeasible;
- A hazardous condition exists requiring repair or replacement per NGAT policy, and repair/replacement is not feasible;
- Forced air heating unit is inoperative and cannot be repaired;
- Forced air heating unit is abandoned or inaccessible, or
- The customer refuses.

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

~~Non-feasibility Criteria for Duct Sealing as a Program Measure.~~ ~~Duct sealing as a program measure will be considered non-feasible if:~~

- ~~Duct leakage is below the threshold leakage per the Duct Testing and Sealing Form;~~
- ~~Replacement of 40 or more feet of duct in unconditioned space would be necessary;~~
- ~~A natural gas appliance hazard exists, and repair is not feasible;~~
- ~~Duct system has been abandoned;~~
- ~~Duct system is damaged and deteriorated beyond repair;~~
- ~~A health or safety hazard is present, such as insect infestation, hazardous electrical wiring, or structural hazard, which prevents safe access to the duct system;~~
- ~~Ducts and/or components are made of or insulated with asbestos;~~
- ~~Access to the duct system does not meet minimum accessibility criteria specified in the Program Policy & Procedures Manual;~~
- ~~For ducts in the crawl space: sewage waste is on the ground, or excessive ground moisture (standing water or mud) is present;~~
- ~~Forced air heating unit is inoperative and cannot be repaired;~~
- ~~Forced air heating unit is abandoned or inaccessible, or~~
- ~~Customer refuses.~~

~~Other Policies.~~ ~~The following other policies will apply to duct testing and sealing when conducted as a free-standing measure:~~

- ~~Duct testing and sealing as a measure will be offered only in Single Family and Mobile Homes.~~
- ~~Duct testing and sealing as a measure will be offered in those climate zones reflected in Table 5-1.~~
- ~~For homes with electric space heat provided by the IOU, duct testing and sealing as a measure will be offered in those climate zones reflected in Table 5-1.~~
- ~~Duct sealing is not required unless initial leakage is at least 28% of airflow.~~
- ~~In order to be considered as a Program measure, potential duct leakage reduction must be at least 13% of total fan flow.~~
- ~~For a duct system to be considered sealed, (a) the duct leakage reduction must equal or exceed 13% of airflow; (b) the final duct leakage must be reduced to less than 15% of airflow, or, if this cannot be reached, all accessible duct leaks must be sealed as verified by smoke tests.~~

- ~~☐ The utility or its designee will verify initial and final duct leakage rates, in accordance with the procedures in the Duct Testing Standards of the Installation Standards Manual.~~

7.3.23. Duct Testing and Sealing as a Means of Title 24 Compliance

Non-feasibility Criteria. Since Title 24 is a state law, there are no Program non-feasibility criteria. When required by Title 24, duct testing and sealing must conform to all provisions of Title 24 (applicable to conventional homes but not mobile homes).

Other Policies. The provision of duct testing and sealing as a means of Title 24 compliance will be governed by the following other policies:

- ~~☐ Beginning October 1, 2005, when “alterations” are made to HVAC systems in conventional homes located in climate zones 2 & 9-16, the following requirements for duct testing and duct sealing apply:
 - 1) HVAC Contractors must:
 - a) Ensure that duct leakage is at an acceptable level—which involves duct testing and, as needed, duct sealing, or
 - b) Utilize a Title 24 High Efficiency Alternative in lieu of duct testing and sealing.
 - 2) When duct testing and sealing is performed:
 - a) All accessible ducts must be sealed by the HVAC Contractor, and
 - b) A minimum of 1 in 7 of each contractor’s completed installations must be verified by a HERS Rater to be in compliance with Title 24 Standards.
 - 3) Exceptions: Duct testing and sealing requirements do not apply when:
 - a) Total length of ducts located in unconditioned space is less than 40 linear feet.
 - b) Ducts are constructed, insulated, or sealed with asbestos.
 - c) Ducts have been previously verified by a HERS rate to be in compliance with Title 24.~~
- ~~☐ HERS verification of duct testing and sealing is tied to the building permit process. Under Title 24, a building permit for an HVAC alteration cannot be finalized until a form CF-6R has been completed and submitted to the HERS rater and a form CF-4R is completed by a HERS Rater and submitted to the Building Department.~~
- ~~☐ The Title 24 definition of an HVAC “alteration” is:
 - 1) Installation or replacement of an HVAC unit (central furnace and/or air conditioner or heat pump), or~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~2) Replacement of any of the following major HVAC components (the entire component, not a part within the component):~~
- ~~a) Air handler~~
 - ~~b) Condenser (outdoor unit)~~
 - ~~c) Indoor coil~~
 - ~~d) Furnace heat exchanger~~
 - ~~e) More than 40 feet of new ductwork in unconditioned space~~

~~By contrast, a “repair” is servicing an HVAC unit or fixing/replacing a defective part within a major component—such as the fan motor or blade within the air handler, or the compressor or cooling fan motor or blade within the condenser (outdoor unit)—“Repairs” are not within the scope of Title 24 standards and do not mandate duct testing and sealing.~~

- ~~When Title 24 duct testing and duct sealing is required, final duct leakage must be in conformance with the following criteria:~~

~~*Primary Duct Leakage Options*~~

- ~~1) Measured duct leakage shall be less than 15% of fan flow, or~~
- ~~2) Measured duct leakage shall be reduced by more than 60% compared to measured duct leakage prior to the alteration, with visual inspection and smoke test by a HERS Rater performed to verify that all accessible leaks have been sealed.~~

~~*Secondary Duct Leakage Option.* If it is not possible to meet the duct sealing options listed above:~~

- ~~1) All accessible duct leaks shall be sealed, and~~
- ~~2) A HERS Rater shall verify that all accessible leaks have been sealed by performing a visual inspection and a smoke test.~~

- ~~When a primary duct leakage option is selected, conformance with Title 24 duct leakage criteria must be verified by a HERS Rater for a minimum of 1 in 7 jobs completed by each HVAC contractor. However, Title 24 gives the homeowner the option to request HERS verification for his/her home, rather than being part of a 1 in 7 sample.~~
- ~~When the secondary duct leakage option is selected, 100% HERS verification is required.~~

7.3.24. Pool Pump Replacement

~~*Non-feasibility Criteria.* High efficiency pool pumps shall not be installed if: The existing pool pump and pool pump motor is not in working condition.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~The pool is abandoned.~~
- ~~Electric service requirements cannot be met.~~
- ~~The plumbing in the pool area is substandard, or will not accept the new pool pump and pool pump motor.~~
- ~~The filtration system is not in good working condition and operational.~~
- ~~The existing controller is not compatible with available replacement pumps, and installation of a new controller is not feasible.~~
- ~~A suitable installation location is not available.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies. The following policies also apply to pool pumps:

- ~~The existing pool pump motor must be single speed.~~
- ~~Pool pump and pool pump motors can only be installed in Single Family homes.~~
- ~~Pool must be a private, in-ground pool filled with water.~~

7.3.25. High Efficiency (HE) Clothes Washer

Non-feasibility Criteria. *High efficiency clothes washers shall not be provided if:*

- ~~Household consist of 3 or less members.~~
- ~~Water heating source energy is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE program services.~~
- ~~The existing clothes washer and/or dryer is not in working condition.~~
- ~~The existing clothes washer and/or dryer is not accessible.~~
- ~~A properly grounded electrical receptacle is not located within reach of the washer's power cord.~~
- ~~A suitable water supply and or drain system is not available.~~
- ~~A suitable location, with acceptable floor and proper clearances, is not available.~~
- ~~The existing clothes washer is a stacked unit.~~
- ~~The existing clothes washer was manufactured after 1/1/2004.~~
- ~~The dwelling is served by a central water heater.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies. The following policies also apply to HE Clothes washers:

- ~~HE Clothes Washers are available to both home owners and renters in all housing types and climate zones.~~
- ~~HE Clothes Washers will not be offered in cases where the home is renter occupied and the landlord owns the existing washing machine.~~

7.3.26. Energy Efficient Torchiere Lamps

Non-feasibility Criteria. *Energy Efficiency Torchiere Lamps shall not be installed if:*

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~An existing free-standing Torchiere floor lamp that qualifies for replacement is not present, i.e., none of the following is currently in use in the home:
 - ~~A halogen Torchiere floor lamp, or~~
 - ~~An incandescent Torchiere floor lamp with dimmer or 3-way switch, or~~
 - ~~A Torchiere with a screw base not compatible with standard CFLs.~~~~
- ~~Acceptable electrical service in compliance with this P&P document is not available, i.e., electrical equipment is not compatible or is substandard, such as the following:
 - ~~The only available electrical outlet is:
 - ~~Damaged or otherwise unsafe~~
 - ~~Non-polarized~~
 - ~~Controlled by a dimmer or solid-state timer~~~~
 - ~~Extension cord to be used is deteriorated or in poor condition.~~~~
- ~~Fluorescent Torchiere floor lamp is already existing.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies. ~~The following policies also apply to Energy Efficient Torchiere Lamps:~~

- ~~Existing free-standing Torchiere Floor lamp must be currently used in the Home and must be either a Halogen Torchiere floor lamp or other incandescent Torchiere floor lamp that cannot feasibly be retrofitted with CFLs.~~
- ~~Power source must be a properly installed 2 prong polarized receptacle or a 3 prong-grounded outlet.~~
- ~~Energy Efficient Torchiere Lamps may be performed in those climate zones and dwelling types reflected in Table 5-1.~~

7.3.27. LED Night Lights

Non-feasibility Criteria. ~~LED Night Lights shall not be installed if:~~

- ~~Socket is non-functional.~~
- ~~Socket already has a functional LED night light.~~
- ~~Hazardous conditions exist at the socket.~~
- ~~Socket is located in storage room, closet or multifamily common area.~~
- ~~Socket is not operable by the customer (i.e., on their electric meter bill).~~
- ~~Customer refuses.~~

7.3.28. Microwaves

Non-feasibility Criteria. ~~Microwaves shall not be provided if:~~

- ~~The residence is not equipped with at least one electric/natural gas cooktop, range or oven.~~
- ~~Functional microwave oven already present.~~
- ~~Appropriate location is not available.~~
- ~~Acceptable electrical outlet is not available.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~Customer refuses.~~

Other Policies.

- ~~One extension cord may be used when allowed by appliance manufacture's instructions:~~
- ~~Extension cord shall be:
 - ~~UL listed and in accordance with manufacturer's specifications.~~
 - ~~A 3 conductor cord with a 3 prong grounded plug.~~
 - ~~Rated appropriately for the appliance, minimum 14 AWG.~~
 - ~~The shortest feasible length, 6' maximum.~~~~
- ~~Appliance cord and extension cord shall **not** be draped over a countertop or furnishings in a manner which:
 - ~~Allows access to children (to reach and pull on them).~~
 - ~~Creates a walking hazard (where people can trip).~~~~

7.3.29. Furnace Clean and Tune

Non-feasibility Criteria. ~~Furnace Cleaning and Tune up shall not be provided if:~~

- ~~Space heating source energy is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE program services.~~
- ~~Major repairs are required which exceed the scope of this measure.~~
- ~~Furnace is a condensing type or other closed combustion unit.~~
- ~~Furnace is a ducted gravity type located in a basement.~~
- ~~Furnace is inaccessible.~~
- ~~Furnace is located on a roof.~~
- ~~Inadequate clearance in attic or crawlspace.~~
- ~~Unsafe/unsanitary conditions exist in crawlspace or attic.~~
- ~~Conditions are such that the furnace cannot be left operating safely and properly.~~
- ~~The duct system cannot be brought into compliance with the Duct Sealing section of the Installation Standards manual.~~
- ~~The condition or location of the furnace makes it unsafe to provide the service.~~
- ~~An NGAT issue exists that cannot be mitigated (e.g., inadequate CVA, vent system defect etc).~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

7.3.30. FAU Standing Pilot Light Conversion~~***Non-feasibility Criteria.***~~ ~~FAU Pilot Light Conversion shall not be installed if:~~

- ~~Space heating source energy is not supplied by the utility providing LIEE program services.~~
- ~~Furnace is not a 24 volt AC natural draft FAU with a standing pilot.~~
- ~~Furnace and/or pilot is not operational and cannot be made operational.~~

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~Furnace will be replaced.~~
- ~~Furnace will be repaired using a standing pilot retrofit kit.~~
- ~~An appropriate standing pilot retrofit kit is not available.~~
- ~~Furnace cleaning and tune-up has not been performed.~~
- ~~The duct system cannot be brought into compliance with the Duct Sealing section of the Installation Standards manual.~~
- ~~The condition or location of the unit makes it unsafe to perform the procedure.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies:

- ~~There are no other policies relating to FAU standing pilot light conversion.~~

7.3.31. Thermostatic Shower Valve

Non-feasibility Criteria. *Thermostatic Shower Valve shall not be installed if:*

- ~~Existing showerarm:
 - ~~Is made of plastic (including ball joint).~~
 - ~~Is cracked, broken or missing.~~
 - ~~Requires removal.~~~~
- ~~A showerarm adapter is needed, and standard metal adapters will not work.~~
- ~~Piping is in such poor condition that Thermostatic Shower Saver installation could cause plumbing problems.~~
- ~~Hot water is supplied by an on-demand or Tankless water heater.~~
- ~~Hot water is supplied by a continuously circulating system (i.e., water is always hot, with little or no wait at the shower).~~
- ~~Customer refuses.~~

Other Policies:

- ~~Thermostatic Shower Savers shall be installed only on functional showers—not on showers that are not functional due to plumbing or physical defects.~~

7.3.32. Occupancy Sensors

Non-feasibility Criteria, *Occupancy Sensors shall not be serviced if:*

- ~~Electrical box and/or wiring is not safe.~~
- ~~Occupancy sensor already exists.~~
- ~~Compact Florescent Light (CFL) are installed.~~
- ~~Location is not acceptable.~~
- ~~The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies:

California Statewide LEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~□ Occupancy Sensors may be performed in those climate zones and dwelling types reflected in Table 5-1.~~

7.3.33. Central Air Conditioner Service/Tune-up

Non-feasibility Criteria. Central air Conditioners shall not be serviced if:

- ~~□ The existing air conditioner is in need of repair or is non operational.~~
- ~~□ The duct system contains disconnections and/or excessive damage or deterioration and cannot be brought into compliance with the Installation Standards manuals Duct Sealing standards.~~
- ~~□ The supply air is not cool, and/or suction line is not cold.~~
- ~~□ The airflow is below manufacturer's minimum specifications and required corrections cannot feasibly be made.~~
- ~~□ The air conditioning system has a refrigerant leak.~~
- ~~□ The condition or location of the unit makes it unsafe to perform one or more of the procedures.~~
- ~~□ The measure is refused by the customer.~~

Other Policies.

- ~~□ Central air conditioner service/tune up may be performed in those climate zones and dwelling types reflected in Table 5-1.~~
- ~~□ Air conditioner service/tune up may be performed in intervals not to exceed the utility's maximum interval allowance.~~

7.3.34. Interior Hardwired CFL Fixtures

Non-feasibility Criteria. Interior Hardwired CFL Fixtures shall not be installed if:

- ~~● Existing location of the fixture is not suitable.~~
- ~~● A thread based CFL will fit in the existing fixture.~~
- ~~● Electrical box is substandard and/or cannot be properly secured.~~
- ~~● Wiring is substandard, in a deteriorated condition, and/or rewiring is necessary.~~
- ~~● Circuit does operate properly (e.g., defective switch).~~
- ~~● Circuit is controlled by a solid state timer.~~
- ~~● Circuit is controlled by a dimmer not compatible with available hard wired fixtures CFL fixtures.~~
- ~~● Existing fixture is in a wet location and a grounding conductor is not available.~~
- ~~● Existing fixture is not on the customer's electric/meter bill.~~
- ~~● Customer refuses.~~

8. Inspection Policies

8.1 Introduction

This section summarizes the inspection policies used in the LIEE-ESA Program to ensure safety and quality control in the installation of measures and minor home repairs. Subsection 8.2 discusses the designation of the responsibilities for inspections. Subsection 8.3 describes policies relating to pre-installation inspections. Subsection 8.4 presents policies on post-installation inspections.

8.2 Inspection Personnel

Utilities will use in-house personnel, contract employees, or contractors to conduct inspections. However, each utility will undertake in-house either the prime contractor (administration) function or the inspection function, but not both, with the very limited exceptions discussed in D. 00-07-020.

8.3 Pre-Installation Inspection

The IOUs may implement a pre-installation inspection process for their respective ESA Program. As part of this process, each IOU can select the percentage of homes to be evaluated for program eligibility prior to the installation of measures. four investor-owned utilities have different pre installation inspection policies, as follows:
~~PG&E may perform pre inspections on homes receiving program services. PG&E's Energy Specialist performs a minimum measure feasibility evaluation. This evaluation determines if the home requires enough work to be eligible for the program. If eligible, the Energy Specialist will then deliver an energy education to the customer. Then, while still on the customer's premises, the Energy Specialist will call PG&E's Central Inspection Program's toll free number and report the proposed minimum weatherization measures and quantities, report the type of all combustion appliances present, and if a pre inspection is selected, coordinate the pre inspection appointment with the customer and PG&E. At the time of the PG&E visit, the inspector will confirm that the measures identified by the Energy Specialist are feasible. PG&E will also verify that the home is eligible for infiltration reduction measures. Additionally, the inspectors will verify that a refrigerator application was filled out, if required and check the refrigerator outlet for proper grounding.~~

Formatted: Style 15, Indent: Left: 0", First line: 0", Right: 0.55", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

☐ — SDG&E’s outreach and assessment contractor performs an initial combustion air assessment and an initial feasibility assessment of the need for measures, prior to assigning a home for installation by the installation contractor. The installation contractor then does a more detailed audit and installs feasible measures. SDG&E may pre-inspect a percentage of homes prior to installation of measures.

☐ — In the SoCalGas weatherization program, the installation contractor (or a subcontractor) does the initial measure assessment. SoCalGas may pre-inspect a percentage of homes prior to installation of measures. Furnace and water heater replacements require pre-authorization. Every service provider performing outreach and assessment under the program contracts with or hires personnel to enroll qualified customers in the program. These outreach and assessment personnel are required to attend extensive training, which provides them with the tools for enrolling customers and assessing the measures that are feasible to install under program guidelines. The certified outreach and assessment personnel recruit customers for the service providers and are responsible for ensuring both the customer and the dwelling are eligible for program services. They also provide energy education to the customer and perform an assessment (pre-inspection) of the home for feasible measures to be installed. The customer is advised of the measures identified for installation but is told that the installation contractor will make final determination for feasibility of installation.

☐ — SCE contracts outreach and assessment agencies/personnel to conduct home assessments for SCE’s Energy Management Assistance (EMA) program. The outreach and assessment personnel must receive certification for home assessment services by attending an EMA Assessment Workshop. Upon passing the exam, the assessor is given a certificate that allows him/her to perform assessments. Assessors then examine low-income customers’ homes for all qualifying measures. This assessment process is a “check and balance” system that assures the right conditions are present for measure installation. Through this process, after verifying the customer’s eligibility, assessors pre-screen the home and existing appliances to determine the need for measures. The results of the pre-screening determine if the assessor should conduct a thorough measure feasibility audit to determine measure eligibility. The assessment form is then processed in SCE’s database and all eligible measures are assigned for installation. To ensure program integrity, SCE may pre-inspect a percentage of homes prior to installation of measures.

Formatted: Style 15, Left: 0.55", Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li

Formatted: Style 15, Right: 0.55", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li, No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Style 15, Right: 0.55", Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li, No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Style 15, Right: 0.55", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li, No bullets or numbering

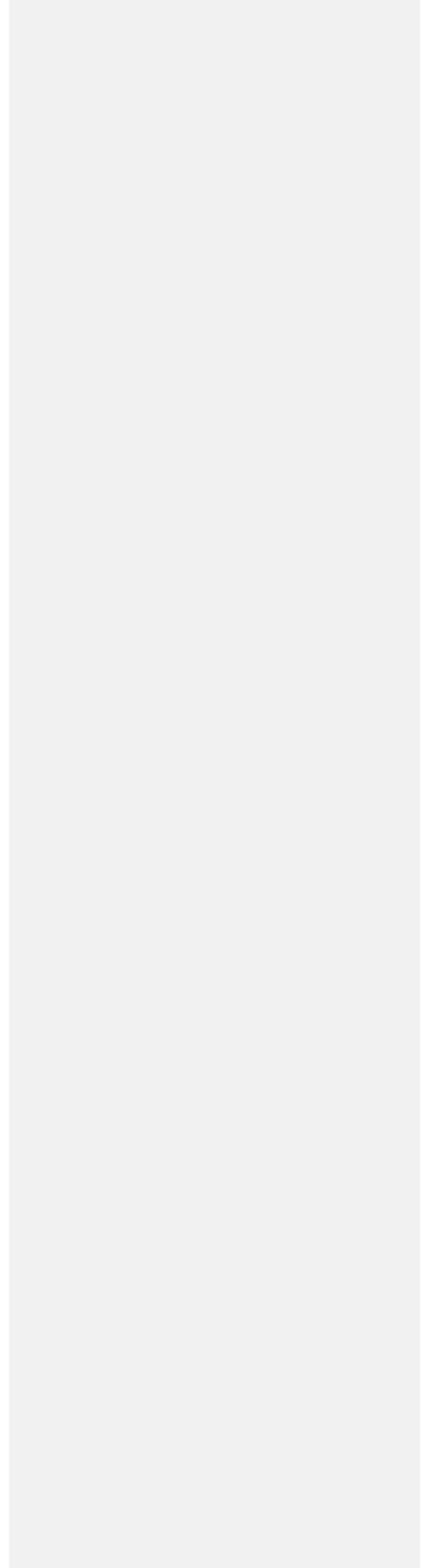
8.4 Post-Installation Inspection

8.4.1. General Polices on Post-Installation Inspection

Post-installation inspections are used to assure that Contractors install measures in accordance with the California Installation Standards of the LIEE-ESA Program. In this subsection, specific polices relating to post-installation inspections are presented. These policies encompass the types of pass rates used in program administration, the frequency of post-

(August, 2010,)

installation



inspections, the treatment of ~~failed inspections, hazardous fails,~~ resolution of disputes relating to inspections, ~~charges for reinspection,~~ inspection waivers, and minor job corrections.

8.4.2. Types of Pass Rates

Utilities or their designees will collect information on both per-home and per-measure pass rates. Per-home pass rates will be used for the purposes of determining minimum sample sizes for tracking performance. Per-measure pass rates will be used to tailor training and technical assistance for contractors, as well as to manage programs in a prudent manner.

8.4.3. Post-Installation Inspection Frequency

Utilities or their inspection contractors will select²³ for inspection all attic insulation and furnace replacement jobs. For all other jobs not involving attic insulation or furnace replacement, random inspections will be conducted for a sample of dwelling units.

~~Minimum sample sizes will be determined for each contractor, and will depend upon the contractor's previous pass rates and the total number of units completed by the contractor.~~

Suggested minimum sample sizes are shown in Table 8-1. These sample sizes are designed to provide 90% confidence that the true pass rate is within 5% of the estimated value.

Table 8-1: Minimum Sample Sizes for Inspections (90%/±5% precision)

Pass Rate	Number of Homes Completed By Contractor					
	200	500	1000	2000	5000	10000
0.70	140	241	317	377	425	444
0.75	129	210	265	306	337	348
0.80	115	176	213	239	257	264
0.85	98	139	161	175	184	188
0.90	76	97	108	114	118	119
0.95	45	51	54	56	57	57

Utilities or their inspection contractors may exceed these minimum sample sizes if, in the judgment of the administrator, larger sample sizes are necessary to preserve program quality control. Circumstances that may justify larger sample sizes include, but are not limited to, the following.

²³ It is understood that selecting 100% of jobs for inspection does not necessarily mean that 100% of inspections will be completed, since the utilities and their inspection contractors cannot compel program participants to be present for inspection appointments.

California Statewide ~~LIEE-ESA Program~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

1. If the utility's program or the amount of additional post-inspections undertaken is small enough to conduct additional post inspections without substantially increasing total program expenditures.
2. If a particular contractor exhibits a pattern of inspection failures that justifies inspection of a higher percentage of jobs.
3. If a contractor is on a quality improvement plan which requires improvement of its inspection pass rates.
4. If contractor crews are newly trained or new to the program, and require closer field supervision and on-the-job training.
5. If a contractor's installation crews are not sure of program **installation** standards, as shown by failed inspection results.
6. If a contractor's allocation of homes covers multiple counties.
7. If post-inspections are done in conjunction with post-installation natural gas appliance tests, since there are economies associated with conducting post-installation inspections and post-installation natural gas appliance testing **at the same time.**²⁴

8. If larger sample sizes are necessary to resolve disputes with contractors over estimated billing fail rates.

8-9. If a new measure has been added to the Program.

Utilities will keep records of actual inspection frequencies by contractor.

8.4.4. Hazardous Fails/Failed Inspections

~~If a feasible measure is installed incorrectly or is not installed at all, Contractor may be issued a correction fail which must be resolved as required by the IOU. Hazardous fails must be addressed within 24 hours of notification by the utility and/or its designee.~~

~~Contractors are required to correct hazardous fails within 24 hours of notification by the utility and/or its inspector.~~

8.4.5. Failed Inspection Dispute Resolution

~~Dispute resolution practices of the utilities require the use of a neutral third party arbitrator in instances where utility personnel are used to perform the inspections. Utilities who use utility personnel for the inspection function are required to either 1) have available at least two professional arbitration services to hear and determine appropriate action on any unresolved dispute between LIEE service providers and the utility or 2) provide language in their contracts with LIEE service providers that the selection of an arbitrator must be mutually acceptable to both parties. The costs of such service shall be paid by the party which "loses" the arbitration. Utility personnel may, however, attempt to mediate or facilitate resolution of issues between utility inspectors and contractors, as long as a third party arbitrator is available for the final resolution of any unresolved disputes, as described above.~~

Formatted: Font: (Default) Times New Roman, Not Italic

²⁴ The rationale here is that there are economies associated with conducting post-installation inspections and post-installation natural gas appliance testing.

| (~~August, 2010,~~)

California Statewide ~~LIEE-ESA~~ Program Policy and Procedures Manual

~~Utilities that do not use utility personnel for either the inspection function or LIEE contracting work may, but are not required to, employ the dispute resolution procedures described above. Instead, in those instances where a dispute arises between outside inspectors and contractors, the utility and service provider may agree to utilize in-house personnel to hear and determine appropriate action on any unresolved dispute between LIEE-service providers and inspectors. In the event that an agreement cannot be reached between the utility and service provider, a neutral third party may be utilized.~~ The costs of such service shall be paid by the party that “loses” the arbitration.

~~8.4.6. Failure to Install Feasible Measures~~

~~In the event that a contractor fails to correctly install a feasible measure, it will be accorded the following treatment:~~

- ~~If the measure is installed, but installed incorrectly, the measure will be given a correction fail;~~
- ~~If the measure is feasible but was not installed, and is not included on the invoice the measure will be issued a correction fail.~~
- ~~If the measure is included on a pre-approval list but not installed, and the measure is feasible, the measure will receive a correction fail.~~
- ~~If the measure is not installed at all, and is not feasible, but is included in the invoice for the dwelling, the measure will be given a fail.~~

~~8.4.7. Charge for Reinspection~~

~~The utility may levy a charge in the event that a job fail or a job correction is issued and the contractor contests this action. If the failure or correction is upheld, the utility will charge the contractor for the reinspection of the job by the utility arbitrator. If the utility uses an inspection contractor and the job fail or correction is reversed, the utility will charge the inspection contractor for the reinspection of the job by the utility arbitrator, and will reimburse the installation contractor for any direct costs associated with the reinspection of the job.~~

~~8.4.8. Inspection Waivers~~

~~Policies on inspection waivers vary between mandatory and non-mandatory inspections, as follows.~~

- ~~**Mandatory inspections** are those required for projects in which include attic insulation or furnace replacement is installed. For mandatory inspections, three attempts will be made to arrange for a post-installation inspection within 30 calendar days of the notification of job completion. After three such attempts, the inspection provider will send a certified letter to the participant asking for permission to inspect the home. If the~~

California Statewide LEE-ESA Program Policy and Procedures Manual

participant does not respond to this certified letter within two weeks, the inspection provider need not conduct the inspection but must notify the utility that the inspection could not be completed. ~~prior to making final approval of payment for the weatherization job.~~

- **Non-mandatory inspections** relate to projects not involving attic insulation or furnace replacement. They are non-mandatory in the sense that only a sample of projects must be inspected. For non-mandatory inspections, three attempts will be made to arrange for a post-installation inspection within 30 calendar days of the notification of job completion. A non-mandatory inspection of a sampled project may be waived by the utility after three attempts to contact the participant, provided that attempts are made in an effort to overcome barriers attributable to language preference or disability. The inspection provider shall replace a waived inspection with another inspection and shall complete a sufficient number of inspections as provided in the policy on post inspection frequency (see above).

(August, 2010.)

9 Contractor Eligibility

9.1 Introduction

This section outlines contractor eligibility conditions under the ~~LIEE-ESA~~ Program. Subsection 9.2 deals with insurance requirements. Subsection 9.3 relates to licensing requirements. Subsection 9.4 relates to workforce, education, and training. The purpose of this section is to provide general information on these requirements. It may not include all of the requirements specified in the contracts between contractors and Program Administrators.

Contractors interested in participating in the ~~LIEE-ESA pP~~ program can obtain information at each utilities respective website.

9.2 Insurance Requirements

Contractors shall maintain insurance in full force and effect during the life of the contract with ~~the utility LIEE~~, with responsible insurance carriers authorized to do business in California and having a Best Insurance Guide (or equivalent) rating ~~that meets the guidelines of each utility. of not less than A:VII. All policies shall be endorsed to require at least 30 days notice to the utility of any change or cancellation. Original certificates of insurance shall be provided to the Program Administrator prior to the commencement of any work for this program.~~

~~The following insurance shall be provided:~~

- ~~Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance;~~
- ~~Comprehensive General Liability Insurance; and~~
- ~~Comprehensive Automobile Liability Insurance.~~

~~Required insurance of coverage will be provided by the utility.~~

~~Workers' Compensation Insurance is required to maintain a contractor's license in good standing with the Contractors State License Board (CSLB). The CSLB will suspend the contractor's license of any contractor whose insurance lapses or is canceled. It is the responsibility of each LIEE contractor to provide documentation that all required insurance is in effect. This includes but is not limited to providing LIEE staff with new Certificates of Insurance, as necessary, at the renewal date of insurance.~~

Formatted: Style 1, Indent: Left: 0.05", Right: 0.3", Space Before: 0 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.15 li

California Statewide ~~LIEE-ESA Program~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

~~When records indicate a lapse of insurance coverage, contractors will be immediately suspended from working in LIEE.~~

9.3 Licensing Requirements

Any organization or company contracting ~~with a Program Administrator~~ under the ~~LIEE-ESA~~ Program must comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations, as well as with utility guidelines. Contractors and subcontractors must also comply with any applicable CSLB licensing requirements, including current requirements for electrical, plumbing and HVAC, and must remain in good standing with the CSLB.

9.4 Workforce Education and Training (WE&T)

Contractors should make every effort to hire and train from the local low income communities. Additionally the contractors are required to work with the utilities to better track the training and hiring of a low income energy efficiency workforce.

10 Natural Gas Appliance Testing

10.1 Introduction

This section summarizes the statewide policy on ~~LIHEAP~~ Program natural gas appliance testing (NGAT). Subsection 10.2 discusses the circumstances when such testing must be conducted. Subsection 10.3 presents the general protocols that are followed in the course of natural gas appliance testing. Subsection 10.4 addresses the timing of testing. Subsection 10.5 considers actions to be taken when one or more test is failed by appliances in a participating home. ~~Finally,~~ Subsection 10.6 discusses the types of personnel used for the assessments. ~~Finally, Subsection 10.7 provides NGAT nonfeasibility criteria.~~

Note that specific standards for these natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) protocols are described in the ~~LIHEAP~~ *ESA Program California Installation Standards Manual*.

10.2 Applicability of Natural Gas Appliance Testing

10.2.1. General Applicability

In general, natural gas appliance testing will be conducted for all homes that receive infiltration reduction measures and that have at least one natural gas appliance affecting the living space.²⁵ In addition, the repair and replacement of a natural gas furnace or water heater involves appliance testing. See the Natural Gas Appliance Testing section in the ~~California~~ *Installation Standards Manual for Conventional Homes or Mobile Homes*, as applicable.

10.2.2. Applicability to Combustion Fuels other than IOU Natural Gas

Homes with non-IOU (e.g., propane) space heating fuels are not eligible for infiltration reduction measures. As a consequence, they are not eligible for natural gas appliance testing. Homes with IOU space heating but which use a non-IOU combustion fuel for another appliance (~~i.e., say,~~ water heating) are also ineligible for NGAT due to the inability of the IOUs to service combustion appliances using non-IOU fuels. The IOUs will refer these latter homes to local LIHEAP agencies, ~~to conduct testing and do any repairs or replacement of non-IOU combustion fuel appliances and charge such services to the LIHEAP agencies' CSD-funded weatherization programs. Whether the LIHEAP agencies would also install infiltration reduction measures, or any other weatherization measures under their LIHEAP~~

²⁵ The NGAT section of the ~~LIHEAP~~ *ESA Program Installation Standards Manual* describes the conditions under which an appliance is determined to affect the living space.

California Statewide ~~LIEE-ESA Program~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

~~programs, would be subject to voluntary agreements freely entered into by the IOUs and the local LIHEAP agencies.~~

~~Any agreement between an IOU and a local LIHEAP agency which does not contract with that IOU to provide weatherization services under the IOU's LIEE program will be voluntarily negotiated on a case-by-case basis, given different geographic areas served, and different situations which might occur in different parts of each IOU's service area.~~

~~In any part of a given IOU service area where the local LIHEAP agency chooses NOT to enter into such an agreement, the IOU will continue to install all feasible non-infiltration weatherization measures under its LIEE program, then refer customers to the local LIHEAP agency if they want to have their non-IOU fuel combustion appliances tested, repaired or replaced, and/or want to have infiltration reduction measures installed by the LIHEAP agency.~~

10.3 Natural Gas Appliance Testing Protocols

10.3.1. General Protocols

General natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) protocols are presented below. Note again that detailed procedures are described in the NGAT section of the *California ~~LIEE~~ Installation Standards Manual*. The types of checks conducted as part of NGAT are described in this section.

10.3.2. Pre-Weatherization Evaluations of Gas Appliances

In order to avoid cases in which post-weatherization NGAT would discover nonconforming conditions that (a) preclude installation of infiltration reduction measures, and (b) cannot be corrected within the scope of the program, some pre-weatherization evaluations of gas appliances are performed as part of the initial-home assessment. ~~Pre-weatherization appliance evaluations include the following components:~~

- ~~☐ **Gas Leaks.** Each gas burning appliance is checked for the presence of gas leaks. When a natural gas leak is found, the utility is contacted for gas service repairs. Non-IOU gas leaks are treated in accordance with utility-specific policies. All gas leaks must be repaired before weatherization commences.~~
- ~~☐ **Combustion and Ventilation Air (CVA) Evaluations.** CVA is evaluated for furnaces and water heaters to determine if it is adequate and, if inadequate, whether correction is feasible/possible.~~
- ~~☐ **Flue and Vent Pipe Termination Evaluations.** Flue and vent pipe terminations are checked to determine if any violate NGAT criteria and, if nonconforming, whether correction is feasible.~~

Formatted: Space Before: 0.9 pt, Border: Top: (Single solid line, 1.6 pt Line width, From text: 18 pt Border spacing:), Between : (Single solid line, 1.6 pt Line width, From text: 18 pt Border spacing:)

Formatted: Style 15, Right: 0.15", Space Before: 5.4 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.16 li, No bullets or numbering

California Statewide ~~HEE-ESA~~ *Program Policy and Procedures Manual*

- ~~☐ **Appliance Operation and Accessibility.** All gas-burning appliances are checked to determine whether (a) they are accessible for testing, and (b) they are operable. Non-operable natural gas appliances are referred to the appropriate utility service department.~~
- ~~☐ **Unvented Space Heater.** The dwelling is checked for presence of an unvented combustion appliance used for heating the living space (which will preclude installation of infiltration reduction measures if not removed/eliminated).~~
- ~~☐ **Whole House Fan.** When a whole house fan exhausting into the attic is present, the attic is checked for the presence of a gas water heater or gas furnace with standing pilot (which will preclude installation of infiltration reduction measures).~~
- ~~☐ **Gas Clothes Dryer.** If located within the living space, the clothes dryer moisture exhaust is checked to determine if it is properly vented outdoors. If not properly vented outdoors, infiltration reduction measures will not be installed. This restriction does not apply to a gas clothes dryer located in an attached garage.~~
- ~~☐ **Gas Range with Heater/Incinerator.** When a gas range has a built-in space heater and/or incinerator, if the appliance is not properly vented outdoors, infiltration reduction measures will not be installed.~~
- ~~☐ **Water Heater in Bedroom.** If an open combustion water heater is present in a sleeping area, infiltration reduction measures will not be installed.~~
- ~~☐ **Mobile Homes.** Additional checks will be made in mobile homes to determine if (a) gas cooking is present and the kitchen exhaust to outdoors is noneonforming, (b) an exterior accessed appliance enclosure has unacceptable isolation of furnace return air, and (c) an open combustion space or water heater is present within the living space. Items (a) and (b) may be corrected as a Minor Home Repair only if infiltration reduction measures are feasible, AND the work does not involve extensive repairs. Item (c) precludes the installation of infiltration reduction measures.~~

Formatted: Style 1, Right: 0.4", Space Before: 25.2 pt, Bulleted + Level: 1 + Aligned at: 0.25" + Tab after: 0.35" + Indent at: 0.55", Tab stops: 0.6", List tab + Not at 0.35"

Required corrections will be performed before weatherization commences. The ~~owner~~customer will be informed of conditions that preclude installation of infiltration reduction measures and cannot be remedied by the ~~HEE-ESA~~ ppProgram (e.g., exhausting clothes dryers outdoors, and repair or replacement of appliances and gas vents for which repair or replacement is not available).

10.3.3. Post-Weatherization Natural Gas Appliance Testing (NGAT)

After completion of weatherization that includes infiltration reduction measures, NGAT is performed for all natural gas appliances affecting the living space. ~~Post~~
(August, 2010.)

~~weatherization NGAT includes the following components:~~

- ~~□ **Visual Examinations.** Visual examination steps include the following: flue and vent system checks; appliance component checks; re-check for gas leaks;~~

California Statewide ~~HEE-ESA Program~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

~~inoperable or inaccessible appliances, nonconforming appliances, and whole house fan vented into attic; and check for properly blocked fireplace damper if gas log is used as the primary heat source.~~

~~☐ **Combustion and Ventilation Air (CVA) Verification.** CVA adequacy is verified.~~

~~☐ **Carbon Monoxide (CO) Tests.** A variety of ambient carbon monoxide tests are conducted on natural gas appliances. The specific nature of these tests is considered in 10.3.4.~~

~~☐ **Draft Tests.** Smoke tests are used to check for proper drafting of appliances for which these tests are applicable (e.g., open combustion natural draft space and water heaters and gas logs).~~

~~10.3.4. Ambient CO Testing of Natural Gas Appliances~~

~~The assessment of non IOU gas appliances was considered above. For IOU fueled gas appliances (appliances using natural gas provided by SDG&E, PG&E or SoCalGas), ambient CO testing is conducted using the following protocols:~~

~~☐ **Space Heating Appliances.** Appliance Ambient CO Test is performed for all space heating appliances.~~

~~☐ **Water Heaters.** Appliance ambient CO Test is also performed for water heaters in a location defined in the Installation Standards as affecting the living space.~~

~~☐ **Cooking Appliances.** Room Ambient CO tests are performed in the kitchen separately during operation of each cooking appliance component (cook top, oven, and broiler).~~

~~☐ **Gas Logs.** Exhaust gas CO test is conducted inside the top edge of the fireplace opening on gas logs.~~

~~**Clothes Dryers.** No CO tests are conducted on gas clothes dryers.~~

~~☐ 10.3.5. Disposition of Appliance Fails/Problems~~

~~If a problem is identified through the application of the overall natural gas appliance testing protocol (i.e., elevated CO, inadequate draft, or defect causing an unsafe condition), the case will be referred for resolution to qualified utility-trained personnel or a contractor licensed to repair appliances. Such resolution may involve the use of flue CO testing as well as other~~

~~(August, 2010),~~ procedures.

Formatted: Style 1, Justified, Indent: Left: 0.55", Right: 0.3", Space Before: 18 pt, No bullets or numbering

10.4 Timing of Combustion Appliance Testing

10.4.1. Homes with Natural Gas Appliances

For homes with natural gas appliances, post-weatherization NGAT protocols are conducted after weatherization. Post-weatherization NGAT shall be conducted within five (5) working days from the date that infiltration reduction measures are installed.

~~10.4.2. Homes for which Infiltration Reduction is Simulated~~

~~Temporary sealing/blocking of defective windows and doors, in order to perform post-weatherization NGAT, is allowed when required materials (such as specialty glass or special-order windows or doors) are not available to be installed concurrently with the other weatherization measures. NGAT will be conducted with the defect sealed/blocked (e.g., with plastic sheeting) to simulate infiltration reduction achieved by the completed window/door repair/replacement. A repeat of NGAT following the completed repair/replacement is not required.~~

10.5 Actions to be Taken When Appliances Fail NGAT

The following actions will be taken when appliances fail NGAT:

- In owner-occupied homes, natural gas space heaters failing one or more of the tests covered by the NGAT protocol will be provided with Service/Adjustment and, if necessary, will be repaired or replaced subject to Program policies and procedures.²⁶
- In owner-occupied homes, natural gas water heaters failing one or more of the tests covered by the NGAT protocol will be provided with Service/Adjustment and, if necessary, will be repaired or replaced subject to Program policies and procedures.²⁷
- In owner-occupied homes, non-program appliances²⁸ failing one or more of the tests covered by the NGAT protocols will be provided with Service/Adjustment.²⁹ If Service/Adjustment does not correct the problem in question, the appliance will be tagged, shut off, and/or capped and reported to the ~~customer, owner.~~

²⁶ Note that the absence of a furnace in cases where another gas appliance is used for space heating will constitute an NGAT fail.

²⁷ Water heater repairs and replacements are ~~also considered minor home repairs, and are~~ provided only to mitigate NGAT fails or to replace leaking water heaters.

²⁸ Appliances for which ~~LHEE-ESA Program~~ repair or replacement is not available.

²⁹ In this context, Service/Adjustment of an appliance entails providing services that are within the scope of the gas service department for customers in general.

California Statewide ~~LHEE-ESA Program~~ Policy and Procedures Manual

□ In renter-occupied homes, appliances failing one or more of the tests covered by the NGAT protocol will be provided with Service/Adjustment. ³⁰ If Service/Adjustment does not correct the problem in question, the appliance ~~be~~ will be tagged, shut off, and/or capped and reported to the customer, tenant and the landlord.

□ In owner-occupied homes receiving infiltration-reduction measures, furnace repair or replacement and water heater repair or replacement may be necessary to mitigate natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) fails that cannot be corrected with service by utility gas service personnel (or their designated representative). Such NGAT fails may include, but are not limited to, CO above the action level, inadequate draft, unsafe flue/vent pipe/system, unacceptable flame or flame change when air handler comes on, a non-operable appliance, or the absence of a furnace in cases where another gas appliance is used for space heating.

There are cost restrictions to be considered when determining whether to repair the furnace measure. The cost to repair the measure should not be more than the cost to replace the measure as follows:

Central Furnaces - 50% (Does not include the costs of Title 24 compliance.)

□ Wall/Floor/Direct Vent Furnaces - 40% (Does not include the costs of Title 24 compliance.)

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 0.5", No bullets or numbering

10.6 Personnel Performing Natural Gas Appliance Assessments and Testing

The utilities have the option of conducting natural gas appliance assessments and testing using in-house staff or contracting with third parties to provide these services.

~~10.7 Nonfeasibility Criteria for Natural Gas Appliance Testing~~

~~**Nonfeasibility Criteria for Natural Gas Appliance Testing for the Entire Dwelling.**
Natural Gas Appliance Testing shall not be conducted in a dwelling when:~~

~~□ No infiltration reduction measures are installed,~~

Formatted: Right: 0", Space Before: 37.8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.33 li

Formatted: Style 1, Indent: Left: 0.05", Space Before: 37.8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.33 li, No bullets or numbering

~~(August, 2010,)~~

~~No natural gas appliance affecting the living space is present.~~

~~A non IOU combustion fuel is used for space heating.~~

~~**Nonfeasibility Criteria for Natural Gas Appliance Testing for Individual Appliances.** Natural Gas Appliance Testing shall not be conducted for an appliance if it:~~

~~Is abandoned.~~

~~Is inaccessible.~~

~~Uses non IOU combustion fuel.~~

³⁰In this context, Service/Adjustment of an appliance entails providing services that are within the scope of the gas service department for customers in general.

Formatted: Right: 0", Space Before: 37.8 pt, Line spacing: Multiple 1.33 li

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.2", No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.2", Space Before: 14.4 pt, No bullets or numbering

Formatted: Style 15, Indent: Left: 0.2", Space Before: 14.4 pt, After: 0 pt, Line spacing: single, No bullets or numbering

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

Furnaces Repair & Replacement	N/A	3.4
A/C Replacement – Room	93.3	12.1
A/C Replacement – Central	144.4	N/A
A/C Tune-up – Central	135.8	N/A
Evaporative Coolers	190.1	N/A
Duct Sealing	78.3	25.2
Attic Insulation	N/A	49.8
Water Heater Replacement – Gas	N/A	12.1
CFLs	16.0	N/A
Ext. Porchlights Fixture Replacement	16.0	N/A
Interior Hard-wired CFL Fixtures	56.9	N/A
Refrigerators	752.3	N/A
Torchieres	203.9	N/A
Occupancy Sensor	213.8	N/A
Clothes Washer	287.9	17.4
Microwave	87.6	28.6
Air Sealing/Envelope Repair²—All Measures		8.0
Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets	N/A	1.3
Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover	N/A	1.3
Attic Access Weatherization	N/A	1.3
Door Weatherstripping	N/A	1.3
Caulking	N/A	1.3
Minor Home Repairs	N/A	1.3
Water Heating Conservation²—All Measures		13.0
Water Heater Blanket	N/A	3.3
Low-Flow Showerhead	N/A	3.3
Water Heater Pipe Wrap	N/A	3.3
Faucet Aerators	N/A	3.3

Southern California Edison

Measures	kWh Savings	Therms
A/C Replacement – Room	117.0	N/A
A/C Replacement – Central	621.0	N/A
A/C Services – Central	1076.9	N/A
Heat Pump	793.9	N/A
Evaporative Coolers	215.5	N/A
Evaporative Cooler Maintenance	70.7	N/A
Duct Sealing	276.4	N/A
CFLs	16.0	N/A
Exterior Hard-wired CFL fixtures	254.0	N/A
Torchiere	191.0	N/A
Refrigerators – Primary	753.6	N/A
Refrigerators – secondary	753.6	N/A
Pool Pumps	1399.6	N/A

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair* – All Measures	63.0	N/A
Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets	8.8	N/A
Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover	8.8	N/A
Attic Access Weatherization	8.8	N/A
Door Weatherstripping	8.8	N/A
Caulking	8.8	N/A
Minor Home Repairs	8.8	N/A
Water Heating Conservation * – All Measures	299.0	N/A
Water Heater Blanket	75.0	N/A
Low-Flow Showerhead	75.0	N/A
Water Heater Pipe Wrap	75.0	N/A
Faucet Aerators	75.0	N/A

Southern California Gas Company

Measures	kW (Annual)	Therm Savings
Furnaces	N/A	28.2
Duct Sealing	N/A	24.4
Attic Insulation	N/A	41.0
Water Heater Replacement – Gas	N/A	42.4
Tankless Water Heater – Gas	N/A	28.0
High-Efficiency Clothes Washer	N/A	37.0
Forced Air Unit Furnace Standing Pilot Retrofit	N/A	44.0
Furnace Clean and Tune	NA	2.7
High Efficiency Forced Air Unit Furnace	N/A	88.0
Air Sealing/ Envelope Repair* – All Measures		6.0
Outlet Cover Plate Gaskets	N/A	1.0
Evaporative Cooler/AC Cover	N/A	1.0
Attic Access Weatherization	N/A	1.0
Door Weatherstripping	N/A	1.0
Caulking	N/A	1.0
Minor Home Repairs	N/A	1.0
Water Heating Conservation * – All Measures		13.0
Water Heater Blanket	N/A	3.3
Low-Flow Showerhead	N/A	3.3
Water Heater Pipe Wrap	N/A	3.3
Faucet Aerators	N/A	3.3

Footnotes

California Statewide LIEE Policy and Procedures Manual

- ~~□ All energy saving values are derived from the budget applications (PY 2009-2011 Planning Assumptions Table— Attachment A2) submitted by the Investor Owned Utilities. The 2009 annual planned energy savings were divided by the total number of installations in 2009, for each measure the IOUs provided, to arrive at an energy saving value for each household. While these numbers are not the exact values for the energy savings for each measure, they are reasonable approximations for determining if the measure/measures qualify for installation under the “three measure minimum” rule.~~
- ~~□ The revised Attachment G will serve as a reference for the IOUs, the Commission, and interested stakeholders, in understanding the measures available in qualifying a home for LIEE program service. This attachment will NOT be used to calculate actual IOU program energy savings—which currently uses a separate methodology not related to this table.~~
- ~~□ Attachment G will be updated after Impact Evaluation 2009.~~

.Value provided by SDGE

..Value provided by SoCalGas

*The measure group energy saving value is divided by the number of individual measures within the group, thereby assigning an ‘average’ savings value across all individual measures. The energy saving values for these sub-measures are expected to be updated after the 2009 Impact Evaluation.

Page 112: [22] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Left, Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

Page 112: [23] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Left, Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

Page 112: [24] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Left, Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

Page 112: [25] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Left, Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

Page 112: [26] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

Page 112: [27] Formatted **Wickware, Kathy Dee** **1/9/2013 11:18:00 AM**

Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 1", Right: 0.15", Space Before: 30.6 pt, After: 10.8 pt, Line spacing: 1.5 lines

APPENDIX B-2

APPENDIX B-2

DRAFT

PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE STATEWIDE ENERGY SAVINGS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM POLICY AND PROCEDURES MANUAL

1. Introduction

This document describes a set of changes to the Statewide Energy Savings Assistance Program Policy and Procedures (P&P) Manual proposed by Pacific Gas and Electric Company (PG&E), San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), and Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas), (collectively referred to as the Joint Utilities) for the Energy Savings Assistance (ESA) Program. The P&P Manual was last revised in August 2010.

This document reflects the proposed changes as of February 15, 2013 and is subject to modifications. There are four types of revisions covered in this summary: revisions that establish and revise existing policies and procedures to comply with ESA Program measures and services adopted for program budget cycle 2012 through 2014 pursuant to California Public Utilities Commission (Commission) Decision (D.) 12-08-044; revisions to delete language specific to the measure installation; revisions designed to update and refine current policies and procedures; and minor language revisions for clarification purposes. The background for these changes is briefly summarized below.

1.1. Establish and revise Existing Policies and Procedures to Comply with Measures adopted in D.12-08-044

The Commission in D.12-08-044 adopted the utilities ESA Program design and budgets for program years 2012 through 2014. The decision adopted policies and certain measures for the ESA Program, therefore the revisions proposed in the P&P Manual are summarized below and are in accordance with the Commission decision.

- Where appropriate, revised to refer to D-12-08-044.
- Revised the language under Section 2.2.3.2. to reflect that the Commission adopted categorical programs can be obtained at the CPUC website, provided the website address, and deleted the listing of those programs. This revision is proposed because the list of categorical programs can change on an annual basis and therefore the most current list may be obtained via the CPUC website.

- Updated Table 5-1 to reflect the 2012-2014 measures authorized by the Commission for each utility, by climate zone, dwelling type, and applicability to renters. Revised the footnote in Table 5-1 to reflect that gas furnaces and water heaters are repaired or replaced to mitigate natural gas appliance testing (NGAT) fails and the policy is located under Section 10 NGAT. Included footnote in Table 5-1 to reflect that water heater blanket and water heater pipe insulation measures are currently not approved for installation in owner-occupied multi-family dwellings in SoCalGas' service territory.
- Moved Table 9-1 to Section 2 and renamed it to Table 2-4. The table was moved because it is not appropriately placed in Section 10 which addresses NGAT. Instead the table will be appropriately placed in Section 2.9 where it addresses the Three-Measure Minimum Rule and the energy savings threshold adopted by the Commission for one or two measure installation.

1.2. Revisions to delete language specific to the measure

The P&P Manual has been revised to delete certain areas of the Manual which should be reflected in the California Installation Manual in lieu of the P&P Manual as summarized below:

- Deleted Section 4.6 which addresses installation of compact fluorescent bulbs (CFLs). The procedures for installation of CFLs are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Tables 6-1 through 6-8 under Section 6 Minor Home Repairs because the procedures for installation of measures are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Sections 7.3 measure specific policies because the procedures for installation of measures are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Section 8.4.6 because it is a contractual issue between the utility and the contractor and should be addressed in the contract instead of the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Section 8.4.7 because it is a contractual issue between the utility and the contractor and should be addressed in the contract instead of the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Section 10.4.2 homes for which infiltration reduction is simulated because procedures are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Deleted Section 10.7 the non-feasibility criteria for NGAT because criteria is appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.

1.3. Revisions designed to refine current policies and procedures

The P&P Manual has been revised to refine current policies and procedures to include the following summarized below:

- Revised Section 1.1 to clarify that the Program Manager has flexibility to deviate from established process due to customer hardship or unforeseen circumstances on a case-by-case basis.
- Revised language under Section 2.2.1. to reflect that the Commission income levels can be obtained at the CPUC website, provided the website address, and deleted Table 2-1 which reflected the income guidelines based on the number of people residing in household. This revision is proposed because the Commission provides income levels on an annual basis and therefore the most current income levels may be easily obtained via the CPUC website.
- Revised language under Section 2.2.3.1. to clarify the stipulations that should be observed in determining rental income.
- General revision of language to consolidate certain portions of the Manual.
- Moved language in Manual to appropriate subsection.
- Revised language under Section 2.2.3.3. to include that a current CARE self certification statement is allowed to enroll in the ESA Program.
- Deleted Section 2.4 Treatment of Master Metered Units and the language under Section 2.3.1 revised to include master meter accounts.
- Revised Section 2.5 to include the definition for the applicable program dwellings. The definition for single family and multi-family were existing in the Manual and therefore copied into this section. The definition for mobile homes has been included in the Manual as defined by the California Department of Housing and Community Development.
- Revised Section 2.6.3, 2.6.4 and 2.6.5 to eliminate the requirement to retain copies of legal documents in the customer file, specifically the “Life Estate”, “Living Trust”, “Power of Attorney”, or “Management Agreement”.
- Revised language in Section 6 Minor Home Repairs to remove the reference that furnace repair and replacement and water heater repair and replacement are measures under the minor home repair. The reference to furnace repair and replacement and water heater repair and replacement have been moved to NGAT Section because these two measures are only provided to mitigate NGAT fails. Therefore these measures will be appropriately addressed under Section 10.
- Deleted Tables 6-1 through 6-8 under Section 6 Minor Home Repairs because the procedures for installation of measures are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Revised Table 6-9 under the Section 6 Minor Home Repair to remove reference of furnace repair and replacement and water heater repair and replacement.
- Revised Section 7.2.6 to clarify lead safe practices.
- Revised Section 7.2.8 to include new language for recycling and disposal of measures.

- Revised language under Section 8.3 for the pre-installation inspection.
- Revised heading under Section 8.4.4 and included additional language to clarify failed inspection policy.
- Revised language under Section 8.4.5 to clarify failed inspection dispute resolution policy.
- Revised Section 9.2 to remove certain insurance requirements from the P&P Manual because each IOU may have specific insurance requirement based on their company requirements.
- Revised Section 10.2.2 to remove the specific requirements for LIHEAP.
- Revised Section 10.3.2 to remove the pre-weatherization appliance evaluation components for NGAT because they are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Revised Section 10.3.3 to remove the post-weatherization NGAT because they are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.
- Revised Section 10.3.4 to remove the Ambient CO Testing for NGAT because they are appropriately addressed in the California Installation Standards Manual. Therefore no need to duplicate in the P&P Manual.

1.4. Minor language revisions for clarification purposes

The P&P Manual has been revised to reflect minor language changes as summarized below:

- Revised to reflect program name change as directed by the Commission from the Low Income Energy Efficiency program or LIEE program to the Energy Savings Assistance Program.
- Revised the name from the “California Conventional Home Weatherization Installation Standards” Manuals to the “California Installation Standards” Manuals to reflect that the measures are not purely weatherization any longer and that the standards are applicable to the ESA Program as opposed to being statewide standards such as Title 24.
- Where appropriate, revised to remove the reference for “audit” as it pertains to assessment of the home for measure feasibility.
- Where appropriate, revised language from “landlord” to “property owner or authorized agent”.
- Where appropriate, language revised to reflect that program documentation should be “securely stored” especially as technology and cyberspace advances by protecting customer privacy.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I have this day served a copy of the foregoing **SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY'S (U902M) MID-CYCLE WORKING GROUP PROGRESS REPORT** on all parties of record in A.11-05-017, A.11-05-018, A.11-05-019, and A.11-05-020 by electronic mail and by U.S. mail to those parties who have not provided an electronic address to the Commission. A hard copy has been sent by overnight mail to the Commissioner in this proceeding.

Dated at Los Angeles, California, this 15th day of February, 2013.

/s/ Denise Noguera - Zagala

Denise Noguera – Zagala

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1



California Public
Utilities Commission

CPUC Home

CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION Service Lists

PROCEEDING: A1105020 - SDG&E - FOR APPROVAL
FILER: SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
LIST NAME: LIST
LAST CHANGED: FEBRUARY 13, 2013

[DOWNLOAD THE COMMA-DELIMITED FILE](#)
[ABOUT COMMA-DELIMITED FILES](#)

[Back to Service Lists Index](#)

Parties

ALEX JACKSON
 NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000
 FOR: NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL

ALLAN RAGO
 FOR THE ENERGY COUNCIL
 QUALITY CONSERVATION SERVICES, INC.
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000
 FOR: THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY COUNCIL

LYDIA L. FLORES
 PRESIDENT
 AMERICAN INSULATION, INC.
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000
 FOR: AMERICAN INSULATION, INC.

MEGAN KIRKEBY
 CALIFORNIA HOUSING PARTNERSHIP CORP.
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000
 FOR: CALIFORNIA HOUSING PARTNERSHIP
 CORP.

CHARLIE HARAK
 STAFF ATTORNEY
 NATIONAL CONSUMER LAW CENTER
 7 WINTHROP SQUARE, 4TH FLOOR
 BOSTON, MA 02110-1006
 FOR: NATIONAL CONSUMER LAW CENTER

KIM F. HASSAN
 ATTORNEY
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY
 555 WEST FIFTH STREET, GT14E7
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013-1011
 FOR: SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS
 COMPANY/SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY

JORGE CORRALEJO
 CHAIRMAN / PRESIDENT
 LAT. BUS. CHAMBER OF GREATER L.A.
 634 S. SPRING STREET, STE 600
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90014
 FOR: LATINO BUSINESS CHAMBER OF GREATER
 L.A.

MONICA GHATTAS
 ATTORNEY
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY
 2244 WALNUT GROVE AVE. / PO BOX 800
 ROSEMEAD, CA 91770
 FOR: SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

CARL WOOD
UTILITY WORKERS UNION OF AMERICA
10103 LIVE OAK AVE.
CHERRY VALLEY, CA 92223
FOR: UTILITY WORKERS UNION OF AMERICA,
LOCAL 132

C. WESLEY STRICKLAND
BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK, LLP
21 E. CARRILLO STREET
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101
FOR: NIAGARA CONSERVATION CORPORATION

BOB CASTANEDA
DIR. OF MARKET DEVELOPMENT
PROTEUS, INC.
1830 NORTH DINUBA BLVD.
VISALIA, CA 93290
FOR: PROTEUS

FAITH BAUTISTA
PRESIDENT & CEO
NATIONAL ASIAN AMERICAN COALITION
15 SOUTHGATE AVE., STE. 200
DALY CITY, CA 94015
FOR: NATIONAL ASIAN AMERICAN COALITION

MITCHELL SHAPSON
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
LEGAL DIVISION
ROOM 4107
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214
FOR: DRA

EDDIE AHN
BRIGHTLINE DEFENSE PROJECT
1028A HOWARD STREET
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103
FOR: BRIGHTLINE DEFENSE PROJECT

KENT QIAN
NATIONAL HOUSING LAW PROJECT
703 MARKET ST., STE. 2000
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103
FOR: NATIONAL HOUSING LAW PROJECT

HAYLEY GOODSON
STAFF ATTORNEY
THE UTILITY REFORM NETWORK
115 SANSOME STREET, SUITE 900
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104
FOR: TURN

DANIEL F. COOLEY
ATTORNEY AT LAW
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
77 BEALE STREET, B30A, PO BOX 7442
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105
FOR: PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

NORA SHERIFF
ALCANTAR & KAHL, LLP
33 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 1850
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105
FOR: CALIFORNIA LARGE ENERGY CONSUMERS
ASSOCIATION (CLECA)

JEFFREY LYNG
OPOWER, INC.
642 HARRISON ST., 2ND FLOOR
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107
FOR: OPOWER, INC.

STEVEN MOSS
M.CUBED
2145 18TH ST
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94107-2308
FOR: SAN FRANCISCO COMMUNITY POWER

STEVEN R. SHALLENBERGER
PRESIDENT
SYNERGY COMPANIES
28436 SATELLITE STREET
HAYWARD, CA 94545
FOR: SYNERGY COMPANIES

LEN CANTY
CHAIRMAN
BLACK ECONOMIC COUNCIL
484 LAKE PARK AVE., SUITE 338
OAKLAND, CA 94610
FOR: BLACK ECONOMIC COUNCIL

KAT DANIEL
PROGRAM MGR. - COMMUNITIES OF PRACTICE
GREEN FOR ALL
1611 TELEGRAPH AVENUE, SUITE 600
OAKLAND, CA 94612
FOR: GREEN FOR ALL

MELISSA W. KASNITZ
CENTER FOR ACCESSIBLE TECHNOLOGY
3075 ADELIN STREET, STE. 220
BERKELEY, CA 94703
FOR: CENTER FOR ACCESSIBLE TECHNOLOGY

ENRIQUE GALLARDO

ERIK S. EMBLEM

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

LEGAL COUNSEL
 THE GREENLINING INSTITUTE
 1918 UNIVERSITY AVE., 2ND FLOOR
 BERKELEY, CA 94704-1051
 FOR: THE GREENLINING INSTITUTE

EXECUTIVE ADMINISTRATOR
 JCEEP
 1809 S STREET, SUITE 101-207
 SACRAMENTO, CA 95811
 FOR: JOINT COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND
 ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

MARCO LIZZARAGA
 LA COOPERATIVA CAMPESINA DE CALIFORNIA
 1107 9TH STREET, STE.420
 SACRAMENTO, CA 95814
 FOR: LA COOPERATIVA CAMPESINA DE
 CALIFORNIA

JAMES L. HODGES
 1069 45TH STREET
 SACRAMENTO, CA 95819
 FOR: THE EAST LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY
 UNION (TELACU), THE MARAVILLA
 FOUNDATION, THE ASSOCIATION OF
 CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY AND ENERGY
 SERVICES (ACCES)

Information Only

ALLAN RAGO
 QUALITY CONSERVATION SERVICES, INC.
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

BARBARA R. BARKOVICH
 BARKOVICH & YAP, INC.
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

BRANDON RIDLEY
 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

CASE COORDINATION
 PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

CHRIS KING
 GLOBAL CHIEF REGULATORY OFFICER
 SIEMENS SMART GRID SOLUTIONS
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

DENNIS W. GUIDO
 EVP - CORPORATE RELATIONS
 STAPLES & ASSOCIATES
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

EILEEN COTRONEO
 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

GINA GOODHILL
 POLICY - LEGISLATIVE ASSOCIATE
 GLOBAL GREEN USA
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

HUGH YAO
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

JOEL GAMORAN
 C3 ENERGY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

LARA ETTENSON
 NATURAL RESOURCES DEFENSE COUNCIL
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

MAKINI HASSAN
 CITY OF MARIN
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

MARK MCNULTY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

MARY O'DRAIN
 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

PATRICIA LANDRY
 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

RAYMOND THOMPSON
 REMS, LLC
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

SUSAN NORRIS
 PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

TODD NEAL
 NEAL CO
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

TORY FRANCISCO
 CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000

JESSICA HALPERN-FINNERTY
 CENTER FOR LABOR RESEARCH & EDUCATION
 DONALD VIAL CENTER ON EMPLOYMENT
 EMAIL ONLY
 EMAIL ONLY, CA 00000-0000

TRACY GEZELIN-PANZARELLA
 NIAGARA CONSERVATION CORP.
 45 HORSEHILL ROAD
 CEDAR KNOLLS, NJ 07927

RACHEL GOLD
 OPOWER
 1515 N. COURTHOUSE RD., STE. 800
 ARLINGTON, VA 22201-7909

KRISTIEN TARY
 STATE REGULATORY AFFAIRS
 SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
 5241 SPRING MOUNTAIN ROAD
 LAS VEGAS, NV 89150

HOLLY LLOYD
 SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION
 5241 SPRING MOUNTAIN ROAD
 LAS VEGAS, NV 89150-0002

CYNTHIA K. MITCHELL
 ENERGY ECONOMICS INC.
 530 COLGATE COURT
 RENO, NV 89503

ANDREW STEINBERG
 CUSTOMER PROGRAMS & POLICY MANAGER
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY
 555 W. FIFTH STREET, GT19A7
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013

GILLIAN WRIGHT
 DIRECTOR-CUSTOMER PROGRAMS & ASSISTANCE
 SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
 555 W. FIFTH STREET, SUITE 1400
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013

STEVEN HRUBY
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY
 555 W. FIFTH ST., GT14D6
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013

JASON A. HOBSON
 HOBSON BERNARDINO + DAVIS, LLP
 725 S. FIGUEROA ST., STE. 3230
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90017

LARRY GROSS
 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
 COALITION FOR ECONOMIC SURVIVAL
 514 SHATTO PLACE, STE. 270
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90020

PETER WIERSMA
 PERI SOFTWARE
 355 S. GRAND AVE., STE. 2450
 LOS ANGELES, CA 90071

RON GARCIA
 RELIABLE ENERGY MANAGEMENT, INC.
 7201 ROSECRANS
 PARAMOUNT, CA 90723

PAT WATTS
 PRESIDENT / CEO
 FCI
 3850 E. GILMAN
 LONG BEACH, CA 90815

CASE ADMINISTRATION
 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY
 2244 WALNUT GROVE AVENUE, RM. 370
 ROSEMEAD, CA 91770

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

GENE RODRIGUES
ATTORNEY AT LAW
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY
2244 WALNUT GROVE AVENUE
ROSEMEAD, CA 91770

JOHN FASANA
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON
2244 WALNUT GROVE AVENUE
ROSEMEAD, CA 91770

LARRY R. COPE
ATTORNEY
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY
2244 WALNUT GROVE AVE. / PO BOX 800
ROSEMEAD, CA 91770

ANNLYN MA. FAUSTINO
SDG&E/SCGC
8330 CENTURY PARK COURT (CP31E)
SAN DIEGO, CA 92123

CENTRAL FILES
SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
8330 CENTURY PARK COURT, CP31-E
SAN DIEGO, CA 92123

JOY C. YAMAGATA
REGULATORY MGR.
SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC/SOCALGAS
8330 CENTURY PARK COURT, CP 32 D
SAN DIEGO, CA 92123-1550

YVETTE VAZQUEZ
SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC
8326 CENTURY PARK COURT, MC CP62E
SAN DIEGO, CA 92123-1569

RICHARD SHAW
ASSERT
PO BOX 469
FILLMORE, CA 93016

LES LO BAUGH
BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK, LLP
21 EAST CARRILLO STREET
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101

FLOYD E. WICKS
HZOPTIONS, INC.
1647 POSILIPO LANE, UNIT F
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93108

VANESSA ANDERSON
RHA, INC.
590 W. LOCUST AVE., STE. 103
FRESNO, CA 93650

SUSAN L. WYNNE
RESEARCH DIR. - NEW BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT
HIGHLANDS ENERGY SERVICES
5114 E. CLINTON WAY, SUITE 101
FRESNO, CA 93727

ORTENSIA LOPEZ
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
EL CONCILIO OF SAN MATEO COUNTY
BULINGAME AVE., STE. N
BURLINGAME, CA 94010

ROBERT GNAIZDA
OF COUNSEL
15 SOUTHGATE AVE., STE. 200
DALY CITY, CA 94015

SHALINI SWAROOP
SR. STAFF ATTORNEY
NATIONAL ASIAN AMERICAN COALITION
15 SOUTHGATE AVE., STE. 200
DALY CITY, CA 94015

JAMES R. GROW
NATIONAL HOUSING LAW PROJECT
703 MARKET STREET, STE. 2000
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94103

BRETT SEARLE
BUSINESS ANALYST - PRICING PRODUCTS
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
77 BEALE STREET, RM 559A, MCB5K
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

KAREN TERRANOVA
ALCANTAR & KAHL, LLP
33 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 1850
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

MARDI WALTON
SR. REGULATORY ANALYST
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
77 BEALE STREET, MC B9A, RM 923
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105

JANINE L. SCANCARELLI
CROWELL & MORING LLP
275 BATTERY ST., 23RD FLOOR
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

CALIFORNIA ENERGY MARKETS
425 DIVISADERO ST. STE 303
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94117-2242

KYLE JEFFERY
RHA, INC.
1151 HARBOR BAY PKWY., STE. 205
ALAMEDA, CA 94502

CHARLIE TOLEDO
DIRECTOR
SUSCOL INTERTRIBAL COUNCIL
PO BOX 5386
NAPA, CA 94581

FRANCES L. THOMPSON
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
3401 CROW CANYON ROAD, 170C
SAN RAMON, CA 94583

ANN GRESSANI
CONSULTANT
3428 JORDAN ROAD
OAKLAND, CA 94602

KORIN CRAWFORD
SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER
BUILD IT GREEN
160 FRANKLIN ST., STE. 310
OAKLAND, CA 94607
FOR: BUILD IT GREEN

MICHAEL RAWSON
THE PUBLIC INTEREST LAW PROJECT
449 - 15TH ST., STE. 301
OAKLAND, CA 94612

WENDY SOMMER
PRINCIPAL PROGRAM MANAGER
STOPWASTE.ORG
1537 WEBSTER STREET
OAKLAND, CA 94612

RYAN YOUNG
THE GREENLINING INSTITUTE
1918 UNIVERSITY AVE.
BERKELEY, CA 94704

VIEN TRUONG
THE GREENLINING INSTITUTE
1918 UNIVERSITY AVE., 2ND FLR.
BERKELEY, CA 94704

BECKIE MENTEN
EFFICIENCY COORDINATOR
MARIN ENERGY AUTHORITY
781 LINCOLN AVE., STE. 320
SAN RAFAEL, CA 94901

JEREMY WAEN
REGULATORY ANALYST
MARIN ENERGY AUTHORITY
781 LINCOLN AVENUE, STE. 320
SAN RAFAEL, CA 94901

PETER HOFMANN
BO ENTERPRISES
43-B EAST MAIN STREET
LOS GATOS, CA 95030
FOR: BO ENTERPRISES

STEPHANIE BORBA
WESTERN INSULATION, L.P.
2400 ROCKEFELLER DRI VE
CERES, CA 95307

STEVEN HEIM
WESTERN INSULATION, LP
2400 ROCKEFELLER DR.
CERES, CA 95307

WILLIAM JULIAN II
UTILITY WORKERS UNION OF AMERICA
43556 ALMOND LANE
DAVIS, CA 95618

ERICA ROOT
GONZALEZ QUINTANA & HUNTER LLC
915 L STREET, STE. 1480
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

MICHAEL MOYNAGH
WESTERN CENTER ON LAW & POVERTY
1107 - 9TH ST., STE. 700
SACRAMENTO, CA 95814

DAVE BARNES
EMPIRE INSULATION, INC.
845 NORTH MARKET BLVD.
SACRAMENTO, CA 95834

DAVE STEPHENSON
RATE REGULATION MANAGER - WESTERN REGIO
AMERICAN WATER WORKS SERVICE CO.
4701 BELOIT DRIVE

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1

FOR: EMPIRE INSULATION, INC.

SACRAMENTO, CA 95838

ROSS VAN NESS
ALCANTAR & KAHL
1300 SW FIFTH AVE., STE. 1750
PORTLAND, OR 97209

CAROL ZABIN
IN THE GREEN ECONOMY
THE DONALD VIAL CENTER ON EMPLOYMENT
2521 CHANNING WAY, STE. 5555
BERKELEY, CA 97720-5555

State Service

JOSE ATILIO HERNANDEZ
IDEATE CALIFORNIA
1901 LANDIS STREET
BURBANK, CA 91504

AUDREY LEE
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
EXECUTIVE DIVISION
ROOM 5307
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

AVA N. TRAN
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
DEMAND SIDE PROGRAMS BRANCH
AREA 4-A
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

BERNARD AYANRUOH
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
UTILITY AUDIT, FINANCE & COMPLIANCE BRAN
AREA 3-C
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

HAZLYN FORTUNE
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
DEMAND SIDE PROGRAMS BRANCH
AREA 4-A
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

KAREN CAMILLE WATTS-ZAGHA
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
ELECTRICITY PRICING AND CUSTOMER PROGRAM
ROOM 4104
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

KIMBERLY KIM
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGES
ROOM 5117
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

LOUIS M. IRWIN
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
ELECTRICITY PRICING AND CUSTOMER PROGRAM
ROOM 4209
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

RADU CIUPAGEA
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
ELECTRICITY PRICING AND CUSTOMER PROGRAM
ROOM 4104
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

RAHMON MOMOH
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
UTILITY & PAYPHONE ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
AREA 2-E
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

RASHID A. RASHID
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
LEGAL DIVISION
ROOM 4107
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

SYREETA GIBBS
CALIF PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
DEMAND SIDE PROGRAMS BRANCH
AREA 4-A
505 VAN NESS AVENUE
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-3214

JASON WIMBLEY
LIOB VICE CHAIR
DEPT. OF COMMUNITY SRVCS. & DEV.
2389 GATEWAY OAKS DRIVE

ZAIDA C. AMAYA
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
180 PROMENADE CIRCLE, STE. 115
SACRAMENTO, CA 95834

A.11-05-017, et al. KK2/jv1
SACRAMENTO, CA 95833

LOUISE A. PEREZ
COMMUNITY RESOURCE PROJECT, INC.
250 HARRIS AVENUE, SUITE 6
SACRAMENTO, CA 95838

[TOP OF PAGE](#)
[BACK TO INDEX OF SERVICE LISTS](#)

(END OF ATTACHMENT A)